

TR-114 VDSL2 Performance Test Plan

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Executive Summary

This Broadband Forum Technical Report, TR-114, as part of the Broadband Suite, provides a set of region specific performance requirements and test methods for VDSL2 modems implemented in accordance with ITU-T G.993.2 (Very high speed Digital Subscriber Line transceivers 2). Its key value is in the verification of performance such that network operators may deploy consistent and successful VDSL2 services in their networks.

TR-114 accompanies TR-115 "VDSL2 Functionality Test Plan" and TR-138 "Accuracy Tests for Test Parameters". TR-115 defines the tests for verification of functional requirements (physical layer and system level) defined in ITU-T G.993.2. TR-138 defines the tests for verification of the accuracy of the reported test (Physical Layer OAM configuration and performance monitoring) parameters defined in ITU-T G.993.2 and G.997.1.

Changes made from Issue 1 to Issue 2:

- (a) Integrated Issue 1 Corrigendum 1 and Corrigendum 2
- (b) The following section was removed:
 - (1) Section 8.5, Mixed loop impedance testing
- (c) The following issues were updated:
 - (1) Formula 7-1 and 7-2, Determining MAE and Calculating MAE
 - (2) Sub-section 7.1.1.3.3, 7.1.2, 7.1.2.2, 7.1.2.3 of Section 7.1, Accuracy of loop simulators and noise sources
 - (3) Section A.1.3, Annex A Noise and A.3, REIN testing for AA8d
 - (4) Subsection B.14.1, B.14.3, B.14.4 of Section B.14, *REIN testing for BA8c* (now Section B.15),
 - (5) Subsection B.15.1 of B.15, SHINE testing for BA8c (now Section B.16)
 - (6) Table 22, Test procedure for verification of CRC error reporting (now Table 21)
 - (7) Table 24, *Test procedure for margin verification* (now Table 23)
 - (8) Table 25, Erasure decoding test in FORCEINP=1 mode (now Table 24)
 - (9) Table 28, Erasure decoding test in FORCEINP=0 mode (now Table 26)
 - (10) Table 52, *Fluctuating noise test* (now Table 55)
 - (11) Table 81, Common line settings for BA8c_D&UPBO band profile (now Table 92)
 - (12) Table 87, VDSL2oPOTS test cases for CRC error reporting verification test (now Table 99)
 - (13) Table 88, VDSL2oISDN test cases for CRC error reporting verification test (now Table 100)
 - (14) Table 89, Downstream margin verification for VDSL2oPOTS (now Table 101)
 - (15) Table 91, Downstream margin verification for VDSL2oISDN (now Table 103)
 - (16) Table 92, Upstream margin verification for VDSL2oPOTS (now Table 104)
 - (17) Table 94, Upstream margin verification for VDSL2oISDN (now Table 106)

- (18) Table 98, *REIN test procedure rate adaptive mode* (now table 109)
- (19) Table 101, *REIN test procedure fixed rate mode* (now table 111)
- (20) Section 8.4, Verification of downstream fine gains (now Section A.1.6 and B.1.3)
- (21) Section B.16, Combined Noise Impairment test for BA8c (now Section B.17)
- (22) Annex D.3.3, D.3.4, D.3.5 of Annex D.3, *Noise sources for combined noise tests* (now Annex D.4)

(d) The following tests were added:

- (1) Performance tests for Annex A profile 8a, Section A.6
- (2) Performance tests for Annex A profile 12a, Section A.7
- (3) Performance tests for Annex A profile 17a, Section A.8
- (4) Performance tests for Annex B profiles 30a, Section B.18, B.19, B.20 and B.21
- (5) Virtual Noise test, Section 8.4
- (6) PTM throughput test for Annex B profiles 17a and 30a, Section 9.1
- (7) Long term stability testing for Annex B, Section B.2
- (8) REIN testing for Annex B profiles 17a and 30a, Section B.22
- (9) SHINE testing for Annex B profiles 17a and 30a, Section B.23
- (10) G.998.4 retransmission performance test in downstream for profile BA8c, Annex E
- (11) Definition of the PEIN test sequence, Appendix E
- (12) Definition of the Fluctuating crosstalk noise power test sequence, Appendix F

1 Purpose and Scope

1.1 Purpose

TR-114 provides a set of performance requirements for VDSL2 (ITU-T G.993.2) modems. The contents includes the region specific requirements for North American, European and Japanese deployments which have been identified by the Broadband Forum as being of special importance for service operators' deployment.

1.2 Scope

This test plan facilitates VDSL2 over POTS and over ISDN performance testing. This test plan embodies definitions of VDSL2 interoperability between one DSLAM and one CPE at a time and focuses on physical layer testing, as well as validation and verification of selected higher layer functionalities.

VDSL2 provides significant flexibility in transceiver functionality through configuration (e.g., band plans, PSDs, INP, delay) and therefore it is not practical to include tests for all possible combinations. Since network architectures and deployment practices vary greatly amongst service providers, the network conditions (loop models, noise models, loop lengths, etc.) were selected to represent nominal conditions under which dynamic (interoperability) performance is tested. This test plan is focused on ensuring laboratory repeatability such that equipment from different vendors can be easily validated and compared.

It is important to point out that this test plan does not replace operators' pre-deployment testing. Specific operator deployment and service requirements, as well as region specific regulatory requirements, could impose additional tests in addition to those described in this test plan.

The performance points in this test plan are based on DSLAM equipment, capable of providing the maximum allowable power. DSLAM equipment unable to provide this transmit power is considered to be out of the scope of this interoperability test plan.

NOTE: There is no requirement for VDSL2 modems to interoperate with G.993.1 (VDSL1) CPE.

2 References and Terminology

2.1 Conventions

In this Technical Report, several words are used to signify the requirements of the specification. These words are always capitalized. More information can be found be in RFC 2119 [13].

| SHALL | This word, or the term "REQUIRED", means that the definition is an absolute requirement of the specification. |
|------------|---|
| SHALL NOT | This phrase means that the definition is an absolute prohibition of the specification. |
| SHOULD | This word, or the term "RECOMMENDED", means that there could exist valid reasons in particular circumstances to ignore this item, but the full implications need to be understood and carefully weighed before choosing a different course. |
| SHOULD NOT | This phrase, or the phrase "NOT RECOMMENDED" means that there could exist valid reasons in particular circumstances when the particular behavior is acceptable or even useful, but the full implications need to be understood and the case carefully weighed before implementing any behavior described with this label. |
| MAY | This word, or the term "OPTIONAL", means that this item is one of an allowed set of alternatives. An implementation that does not include this option SHALL be prepared to inter-operate with another implementation that does include the option. |

2.2 References

The following references are of relevance to this Technical Report. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All references are subject to revision; users of this Technical Report are therefore encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the references listed below.

A list of currently valid Broadband Forum Technical Reports is published at www.broadband-forum.org.

| Doc | eument | Title | Source | Year |
|-----|-------------------|---|--------|------|
| [1] | TR-115 Issue 2 | VDSL2 Functionality Test Plan | BBF | 2012 |
| [2] | G.993.2 | Very high speed subscriber line transceivers 2 (VDSL2), including all in force amendments and corrigenda | ITU-T | 2011 |
| [3] | G.998.4 | Improved impulse noise protection for DSL transceivers, including all in force amendments and corrigenda | ITU-T | 2011 |
| [4] | G.997.1 | Physical Layer Management for Digital Subscriber Line (DSL) Transceivers, including all in force amendments | ITU-T | 2009 |

| | | and corrigenda | | |
|------|----------------------|--|-------|------|
| [5] | G.996.1 | Test procedures for digital subscriber line (DSL) transceivers | ITU-T | 2001 |
| [6] | G.227 | Conventional Telephone Signal | ITU-T | 1988 |
| [7] | TS 101 271 v1.1.1 | Access Terminals Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Access transmission system on metallic pairs; Very High Speed digital subscriber line system (VDSL2) | ETSI | 2009 |
| [8] | TS 101 388 v1.4.1 | Access Terminals Transmission and Multiplexing (ATTM); Access transmission systems on metallic access cables; Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line (ADSL) - European specific requirements | ETSI | 2007 |
| [9] | TS 101 952-2 | Access, Terminals, Transmission and Multiplexing (ATTM); Access network xDSL splitters for European deployment; Part 2: Generic specification of xDSL over ISDN splitters and xDSL universal splitters | ETSI | 2010 |
| [10] | 0600417 | Spectrum Management for Loop Transmission System | ATIS | 2003 |
| [11] | RFC 1242 | Benchmarking Terminology for Network Interconnection Devices | IETF | 1991 |
| [12] | RFC 2544 | Benchmarking Methodology for Network Interconnection Devices | IETF | 1999 |
| [13] | RFC 2119 | Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels | IETF | 1997 |

2.3 Definitions

The following terminology is used throughout this Technical Report.

| bit rate | term used interchangeably with net data rate |
|-----------------------|--|
| fdelta | The maximum frequency separation between two consecutive samples of loop attenuation or noise power during calibration |
| micro- interuption | Disconnection of the loop for a very short time period |
| net data rate | Sum of net data rates of all bearer channels |
| NULL loop | DSLAM/CPE wired "back to back" |
| Showtime | DSLAM and CPE trained up to the point of passing data |
| SOS | VDSL2 function defined to avoid retrains by rapid reduction of bandwidth |
| sync rate | term used interchangeably with net data rate |

2.4 Abbreviations

This Technical Report uses the following abbreviations:

ADSL2 Asymmetric digital subscriber line transceivers 2

ADSL2plus Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line (ADSL) transceivers – Extended

bandwidth ADSL2

ANSI American National Standards Institute

ATIS Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions

ATP Aggregate Transmit Power

AWG American Wire Gauge

AWGN Additive White Gaussian Noise

BER Bit Error RateBT Bridge Tap

CPE Customer Premises Equipment (modem)

CRC Cyclic Redundancy Check

CV Code ViolationCO Central Office

dB decibels

dBm decibels relative to milliwattsDPBO Downstream Power Backoff

DS Downstream

DSLAM Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer

EDC Erasure Decoding

EMI Electromagnetic Interference

E2E End-to-end

ES Errored Second

ETSI European Telecommunications Standards Institute

EU Extended Upstream

EUT Equipment Under Test

FEXT Far-End Crosstalk

FX Fixed rate mode

FPS Frames Per Second

HI High Impulse Noise Protection

High Z High Impedance

ID Identification

To item in the interest of the

INP Impulse Noise Protection

INPMIN Minimum impulse noise protection for a system using 4.3125 kHz

subcarrier spacing

INPMIN8 Minimum impulse noise protection for a system using 8.625 kHz

subcarrier spacing

ISDN Integrated Service Digital Network

ITU International Telecommunications Union

Lo Link state zero
Link state three

MAC Media Access Control
MAE Mean Absolute Error

MAXNOMATP Maximum Nominal Aggregate Transmit Power

MAXSNRM Maximum Signal to Noise ratio Margin
MINSNRM Minimum Signal to Noise ratio Margin

MD Medium Density

ME Mean Error

MIB Management Information Base

MODEM End user device or CPE. Concatenation of Modulator-Demodulator

NEXT Near-End Crosstalk

NOMATP Nominal Aggregate Transmit Power

OAM Operations, Administration and Maintenance

OLR On-line Reconfiguration

PE Polyethylene

PE04 Test loop for Annex B testing
POTS Plain Old Telephone Service

PSD Power Spectral Density
PTM Packet Transfer Mode
RA Rate Adaptive mode

RFI Radio Frequency IngressSES Severely Errored SecondSRA Seamless Rate Adaptation

STP Shielded Twisted Pair
SUT System Under Test

TARSNRM Target Signal to Noise ratio Margin

TR Technical Report

TP100 Test loop for Annex B testing

UPBO Upstream Power Backoff

US Upstream

UTP Unshielded Twisted Pair

VDSL2 Very high speed digital subscriber line transceivers 2

VLOOP-J1 Test loop for Annex C testing

VN Virtual Noise

VTU VDSL2 Transceiver Unit

3 Technical Report Impact

3.1 Energy Efficiency

TR-114 has no impact on energy efficiency.

3.2 IPv6

TR-114 has no impact on IPv6.

3.3 Security

TR-114 has no impact on security.

3.4 Privacy

TR-114 has no impact on privacy.

4 Common Test Information

4.1 Compliance Requirements

Any DSLAM/CPE combination claiming TR-114 interoperability for a specific profile SHALL comply to the testing requirements for that profile. Any DSLAM/CPE combination claiming interoperability for several distinct profiles SHALL comply with each of the distinct profile test requirements.

A modem SHALL achieve at least the minimum required performance in every mandatory test with each DSLAM for which compliance is claimed, for each VDSL2 profile supported by the DSLAM/CPE pair.

5 Equipment Features

Reports of results obtained as a result of testing performed in accordance with TR-114 SHALL contain, at minimum, the information described in 5.1, 5.2 and 5.3.

5.1 EUT Information

Table 1 and Table 2 are intended to provide test engineers and readers of test reports with sufficient information about the EUT in order to ensure repeatability of results and to allow for accurate comparisons of reported test results. The tables SHALL be populated prior to the start of any testing and SHALL be included as part of any written test report. All fields SHALL be populated; if an item is not applicable to the EUT, the item MAY be marked as "Not Applicable".

Table 1: DSLAM information

| Tuble 1. Do | LAM IIIOTIIIauon |
|--|------------------|
| DSLAM Manufacturer | |
| DSLAM Product Name/Model | |
| DSLAM system software release number | |
| Line Card Name/Model | |
| Line Card part number | |
| Line Card serial number | |
| Line Card software/firmware release number | |
| System Vendor ID | |
| Chipset HW version | |
| Chipset FW version | |
| VDSL2 Band-Profiles supported: | |
| - AA8d, AA8a, AA12a | |
| - BA8b,BA8c,BA12a,BA17a,BA30a | |
| - BB8b,BB12a,BB17a,BB30a | |
| - CG8d,CG12a,CG17a,CG30a | |
| VDSL2 Band-Profiles tested | |
| VDSL2 optional features supported: | |
| Virtual Noise | |
| VDSL2 optional features tested | |
| TPS-TC encapsulation supported: — PTM | |
| TPS-TC encapsulation tested | |

Table 2: CPE information

| CPE Manufacturer | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| CPE Product Name/Model | |
| CPE software release number | |
| CPE serial number | |
| System Vendor ID | |
| Chipset Manufacturer | |
| Chipset HW version | |
| Chipset FW version | |
| VDSL2 Band-Profiles supported: | |
| - AA8d, AA8a, AA12a | |
| - BA8b,BA8c,BA12a,BA17a,BA30a | |
| - BB8b,BB12a,BB17a,BB30a | |
| - CG8d,CG12a,CG17a,CG30a | |
| VDSL2 Band-Profiles tested | |
| VDSL2 optional features supported: | |
| Virtual Noise | |
| Erasure decoding | |
| VDSL2 optional features tested | |
| TPS-TC encapsulation supported: | |
| - PTM | |
| TPS-TC encapsulation tested | |

Table 3: CO Splitter Information

| Tuble 3. CO | phite information |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Manufacturer | |
| Product Name/Model | |
| Version number | |
| Serial number | |
| Type (ISDN 2B1Q, ISDN 4B3T, etc.) | |

Table 4: CPE Splitter Information

| Manufacturer | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Product Name/Model | |
| Version number | |
| Serial number | |
| Type (ISDN 2B1Q, ISDN 4B3T, etc.) | |

5.2 Temperature and Humidity

The ranges of temperature and humidity of the test facility, over the entire time tests are conducted, SHALL be recorded in a manner similar to that shown in Table 5 and SHALL be included as part of any written test report. The acceptable range of temperatures SHALL be between 15 $^{\circ}$ C (59 $^{\circ}$ F) and 35 $^{\circ}$ C (95 $^{\circ}$ F). The humidity SHALL be between 5% and 85%.

Table 5: Temperature and Humidity Range of Test Facility

| Parameter | High | Low |
|-------------|------|-----|
| Temperature | | |
| Humidity | | |

5.3 Test Equipment Calibration

A TR-114 report SHALL contain test equipment calibration data.

All initial and subsequent ME, MAE values and background noise measurements for all of the loops and noise used during tests conducted in accordance with TR-114, SHALL be included as part of any written test report.

6 Testing Environments

This section contains all the specifications and information required for building the basic testing environment (e.g. test configurations, setup of the simulated network environment, main settings of the equipment under test) for VDSL2 test cases defined in this test plan. Different configurations and settings needed for specific test cases are defined in the related section.

6.1 Test Configurations

Physical layer testing MAY use test setups without data layer present as in Figure 1. OPTIONALLY, these tests MAY be performed with data layer (i.e. the router and traffic generator/analyzer) present as in Figure 2. When using the test setup with traffic analyzer present, the modem SHALL be set to a bridged configuration and the router configuration is OPTIONAL.

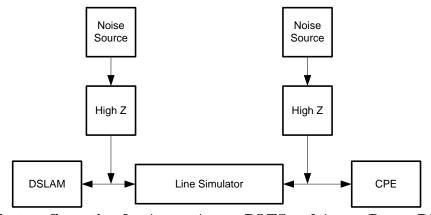


Figure 1: Test configuration for Annex A over POTS and Annex B over POTS testing

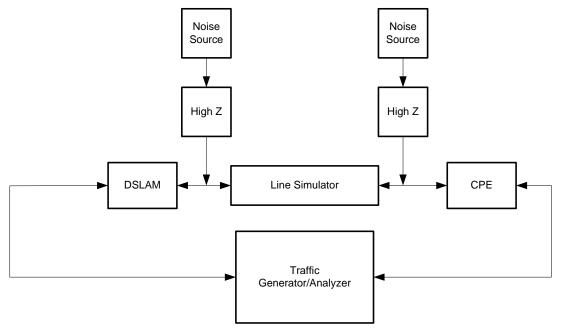


Figure 2: Test setup for configurations using data layer

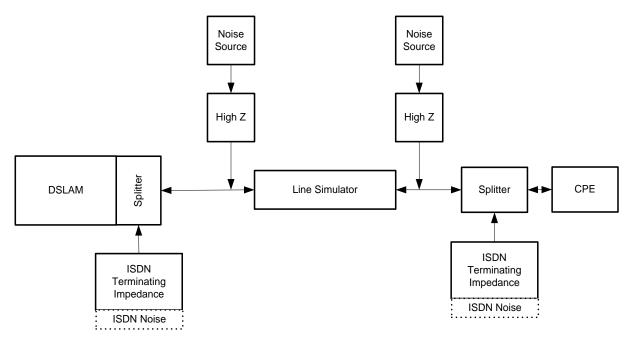


Figure 3: Test configuration for Annex B over ISDN (all BBxx profiles with the exception of BB30a related profiles) and Annex C over TCM-ISDN testing

NOTE: Test configuration for testing Annex B over ISDN profiles up to 17MHz contains the splitters (see Figure 3) while for testing 30 MHz profiles the test configuration is without splitters (see Figure 1).

6.2 System Under Test Settings

6.2.1 Band Profiles

Band Profiles are used to describe the VDSL2 profile under test. The structure of the abbreviation used throughout the document for Band Profiles is as follows.

The abbreviation begins with a letter designating the G.993.2 [2] Annex to which the profile refers. The next letter refers to the US0 type of the profile, hence indicating profiles for

- AA: G.993.2 Annex A with US0 corresponding to Annex A of G.992.5 (VDSL2 over POTS)
- BA: G.993.2 Annex B with US0 corresponding to Annex A of G.992.5 (VDSL2 over POTS). Note that the same abbreviation is used for profile 17a where US0 is not available
- BB: G.993.2 Annex B with US0 corresponding to Annex B of G.992.5 (VDSL2 over ISDN)
- CG: G.993.2 Annex C (VDSL2 over TCM-ISDN). Note that US0 is not available.

The next symbols are the numeric and letter description of the profile itself (8d, 8b, 8c, 12a, 17a and 30a). Common band profiles are provided in Table 6.

Table 6: Common Band Profiles

| | Table 6: Common Band Profiles | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Annex A | | | | | | | |
| VDSL2 Band - profile | AA8d | AA8a | AA12a | | | | |
| Profile | 8d | 8a | 12a | | | | |
| Annex | A | A | A | | | | |
| Limit PSD Mask | Table A.1/G.993.2 | Table A.1/G.993.2 | Table A.1/G.993.2 | | | | |
| | EU32 | EU32 | EU32 | | | | |
| US0 type | (see Table A.2/G.993.2) | (see Table A.2/G.993.2) | (see Table A.2/G.993.2) | | | | |
| MAXNOMATPds | +14.5 dBm | +17.5 dBm | +14.5 dBm | | | | |
| VDSL2 Band - profile | AA17a | | | | | | |
| Profile | 17a | | | | | | |
| Annex | A | | | | | | |
| Limit PSD Mask | Table A.1/G.993.2 | | | | | | |
| | EU32 | | | | | | |
| US0 type | (see Table A.2/G.993.2) | | | | | | |
| MAXNOMATPds | +14.5 dBm | | | | | | |
| | Aı | nnex B | | | | | |
| VDSL2 Band-profile | BA8b | BA8c | BA12a | BA17a | | | |
| Profile | 8b | 8c | 12a | 17a | | | |
| Annex | В | В | В | В | | | |
| Limit PSD Mask | 998-M2x-A | 997-M1c-A-7 | 998-M2x-A | 998E17-M2x- NUS0 | | | |
| (short name) | (B8-4) | (B7-1) | (B8-4) | (B8-8) | | | |
| US0 type | A | A | A | N/A | | | |
| MAXNOMATPds | +20.5 dBm | +11.5 dBm | +14.5 dBm | +14.5 dBm | | | |
| VDSL2 Band - profile | BA30a | | l | 1 | | | |
| Profile | 30a | | | | | | |
| Annex | В | | | | | | |
| Limit PSD Mask (short name) | 998E30-M2x- NUS0 | | | | | | |
| (SHOLL HAIRE) | (B8-13) | | | | | | |
| US0 type | N/A | | | | | | |
| MAXNOMATPds | MAXNOMATPds +14.5 dBm | | | | | | |
| | Annex B | | | | | | |
| VDSL2 Band-profile | BB8b | BB12a | BB17a | BB30a | | | |
| Profile | 8b | 12a | 17a | 30a | | | |
| Annex | В | В | В | В | | | |
| | • | | | • | | | |

| Limit PSD Mask (short name) | 998-M2x-B (B8-6) | 998-M2x-B (B8-6) | 998ADE17- M2x-B (B8-12) | 998ADE30- M2x-NUS0-M (B8-15) |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| US0 type | В | В | В | N/A |
| MAXNOMATPds | +20.5 dBm | +14.5 dBm | +14.5 dBm | +14.5 dBm |
| | An | nnex C | | |
| VDSL2 Band-profile | CG8d | CG12a | CG17a | CG30a |
| Profile | 8d | 12a | 17a | 30a |
| Annex | С | С | С | С |
| Limit PSD Mask (short name) | Tables C-9 and C-10/ G.993.2 (VDSL2 above TCM_ISDN band) |
| US0 type | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| MAXNOMATPds | +14.5dBm | +14.5dBm | +14.5dBm | +14.5dBm |

6.2.2 Line Settings

6.2.2.1 Common Line Settings

This section defines the modem settings of parameters that are common to the configurations of the SUT in this test plan. Common line settings are provided in Table 7.

Table 7: List of common line settings for VDSL2 performance tests

| Table 7: List of common line settings for VDSL2 performance tests | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Parameter | Setting | Description | | | |
| All parameters but those specified below | Default value | | | | |
| Power management state forced (PMSF) | 0 | | | | |
| Power management state enabling (PMMode) | 0 | | | | |
| Loop diagnostic mode forced (LDMF) | 0 | | | | |
| Automode cold start forced | 0 | | | | |
| DPBO | off | | | | |
| UPBO | off | Activated for Annex A and Annex C tests. For Annex A tests, UPBO settings vary based on the profile under test. | | | |
| RFI notches | off | | | | |
| MAXSNRMds | FFFF ₁₆ | | | | |
| MAXSNRMus | FFFF ₁₆ | | | | |
| TARSNRMds | 6 dB | | | | |
| TARSNRMus | 6 dB | | | | |
| MINSNRMds | 0 dB | | | | |
| MINSNRMus | 0 dB | | | | |
| MSGMINds | 16 kbps | | | | |
| MSGMINus | 16 kpbs | | | | |
| Preemption option flag, ds | 0016 | | | | |
| Preemption option flag, us | 0016 | | | | |
| Short packet option flag, ds | 0016 | | | | |
| Short packet option flag, us | 0016 | | | | |
| FORCEINP | 1 | | | | |

6.2.2.2 General Line Settings

This section defines the profile, latency and INP settings of the SUT. Deviations from these modem settings are indicated in the description of each test or test section. General line settings are provided in Table 8.

Table 8: General line settings

| Table 8: General line settings | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| General line-setting | Parameter | Setting | Description | | |
| F-1/0 | delay_max _n ds | S1 | Special value S1 as defined in Section 7.3.2.2/G.997.1 [4] indicating that S and D in the downstream SHALL be selected such that $S \le 1$ and D=1 | | |
| | delay_max _n us | S1 | Special value S1 as defined in Section 7.3.2.2/G.997.1 indicating that S and D in the upstream SHALL be selected such that $S \le 1$ and $D=1$ | | |
| | INP_min _n ds | 0 symbols | | | |
| | INP_min _n us | 0 symbols | | | |
| I-8/2 | delay_max _n ds | 8 ms | | | |
| | delay_max _n us | 8 ms | | | |
| | INP_min _n ds | 2 symbols | | | |
| | INP_min _n us | 2 symbols | | | |
| I-1/0 | delay_max _n ds | S2 | Special value S2 as defined in Section 7.3.2.2/G.997.1 indicating a delay bound of 1 ms in the downstream. | | |
| | delay_max _n us | S2 | Special value S2 as defined in Section 7.3.2.2/G.997.1 indicating a delay bound of 1 ms in the upstream. | | |
| | INP_min _n ds | 0 symbols | | | |
| | INP_min _n us | 0 symbols | | | |
| I-32/16 | delay_max _n ds | 32 ms | | | |
| (not applicable for | delay_max _n us | 32 ms | | | |
| 30MHz profiles) | INP_min _n ds | 16 symbols | | | |
| | INP_min _n us | 16 symbols | | | |

NOTE: For profiles up to 17MHz, INPMIN SHALL be set to INP_min. For 30MHz profiles, INPMIN8 SHALL be set to $2\times$ INP_min.

6.2.2.3 Specific Line Settings

Nomenclature adopted for the specific line settings is as follows:

• The first two letters describe whether the SUT operates in rate adaptive (RA) or fixed rate (FX) mode

- The next one or two letters describe the profile latency and INP settings according to Table 8 (Fast or Interleaved).
- The following two numbers are the upper limits of the downstream and upstream rates rounded and expressed in Mbps.

Table 9: Specific line settings

| Table 9: Specific line settings | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Specific line-setting | General line-setting | RA-Mode | DS net data rate (kbit/s) | US net data rate (kbit/s) | | | |
| ime-setting | mie-setting | | (max- min) | (max-min) | | | |
| RA_F_150_150 | F-1/0 | AT_INIT | 150000-128 | 150000-64 | | | |
| RA_I_150_150 | I-8/2 | AT_INIT | 150000-128 | 150000-64 | | | |
| FX_I_027_002 | I-8/2 | Manual | 27000-27000 | 2000-2000 | | | |
| FX_I_014_001 | I-8/2 | Manual | 14000-14000 | 1000-1000 | | | |
| FX_I_040_006 | I-8/2 | Manual | 40400-40400 | 5700-5700 | | | |
| RA_I_096_056 | I-8/2 | AT_INIT | 96000-256 | 56000-128 | | | |
| RA_I_105_105 | I-1/0 | AT_INIT | 104960-64 | 104960-64 | | | |
| RA_HI_150_150 | I-32/16 | AT_INIT | 150000-128 | 150000-64 | | | |
| FX_HI_0082_0032 | I-32/16 | Manual | 8200-8200 | 3200-3200 | | | |
| FX_HI_0080_0032 | I-32/16 | Manual | 8000-8000 | 3200-3200 | | | |
| FX_I_023_008 | I-8/2 | Manual | 23000-23000 | 8000-8000 | | | |
| FX_I_021_008 | I-8/2 | Manual | 21000-21000 | 8000-8000 | | | |
| FX_I_014_005 | I-8/2 | Manual | 14000-14000 | 5000-5000 | | | |
| FX_I_010_0026 | I-8/2 | Manual | 10000-10000 | 2600-2600 | | | |
| FX_I_007_0007 | I-8/2 | Manual | 7000-7000 | 700-700 | | | |
| RA_I_098_058 | I-8/2 | AT_INIT | 98000-32 | 58000-32 | | | |
| RA_I_150_096 | I-8/2 | AT_INIT | 150000-256 | 96000-128 | | | |
| FX_I_050_020 | I-8/2 | Manual | 50000-50000 | 20000-20000 | | | |
| FX_I_050_015 | I-8/2 | Manual | 50000-50000 | 15000-15000 | | | |
| FX_I_075_025 | I-8/2 | Manual | 75000-75000 | 25000-25000 | | | |
| FX_I_080_015 | I-8/2 | Manual | 80000-80000 | 15000-15000 | | | |

6.2.3 Profile Line Combinations

Common band-profiles as described in section 6.2.1 above are combined with line settings described in section 6.2.2 to specify the common settings for a system under test. Without enumerating each combination a new nomenclature is formed using the concatenation of the two common setting nomenclatures. Table 10 provides a few examples of these combinations without a complete listing of all of the expected combinations. Actual combinations to be used in Annex A, Annex B and Annex C testing SHALL be specified in the test setup description as listed in appendix C.

Band-profile Specific line-setting Profile-line combination AA8d RA I 096 056 AA8d UPBO RA I 096 056 AA12a RA_I_098_058 AA12a_UPBO_RA_I_098_058 AA17a RA_I_150_096 AA17a_UPBO_RA_I_150_096 BA12a RA I 150 150 BA12a RA I 150 150 BB17a RA_F_150_150 BB17a_RA_F_150_150 BA8c D&UPBO BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_HI_0082_0032 FX HI 0082 0032 etc. etc. etc.

Table 10: Concatenated common settings, testing combination description

6.2.4 Test Plan Passing Criteria

For an SUT to pass this Test Plan for one of the VDSL2 band-profiles defined in Table 6, it is required that the SUT pass the set of physical layer performance test cases, common and region specific applicable to that band-profile as well as higher layer test cases if applicable to that band-profile and supported type of the TPS-TC layer.

6.3 Test Setup

6.3.1 Splitter Requirements

6.3.1.1 Splitter Requirements for Annex B Testing

Splitter requirements for Annex B are as defined in TS 101 952-2 [9].

6.3.1.2 Splitter Requirements for Annex C Testing

Splitter requirements for Annex C are as defined in G.993.2 Annex C §C.5 (Service Splitter), [2]. ISDN ports of ISDN splitters SHALL be terminated by 110 ohms.

6.3.2 Loop Models

6.3.2.1 Loop Models for Annex A Testing

The common loop models for Annex A performance testing consist of both straight loops and loops with bridged taps (BT). The 26 AWG loops are defined in Table 11. The 26 AWG bridged tapped loops have the topology shown in Figure 4.

| Tuble 11: 20 11 11 6 Straight test hoops for filmer it testing | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|----------------|------------|--|--|
| | Initial Length (ft) | Final Length (ft) | Increment (ft) | # of Loops | | |
| Very Short | 300 | 900 | 300 | 3 | | |
| Short | 1200 | 4000 | 400 | 8 | | |
| Medium | 4500 | 4500 | 500 | 1 | | |
| Long | 5500 | 8500 | 1000 | 4 | | |

Table 11: 26 AWG straight test loops for Annex A testing

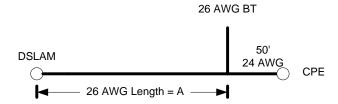


Figure 4: North American bridged tap topology

6.3.2.2 Loop Models for Annex B testing

For test cases applicable to systems using G.993.2 Annex B (Europe), the loop types are straight homogeneous loops PE04 and TP100 defined in TS 101 271 [7] Annex ZA.3. Loop type PE04 SHALL be used for all Annex B band profiles (Table 6), except the BA8c, for which the loop TP100 SHALL apply.

6.3.2.3 Loop Models for Annex C testing

For test cases applicable to systems using G.993.2 Annex C (Japan), the loop type is VLOOP-J1 (0.4mm PE cables with straight homogeneous loop topologies) as defined in G.993.2 section C.6.1, [2].

6.3.3 Noise Models

This section specifies noise models relevant for the execution of the test cases defined within this test plan. Given the broad set of VDSL2 configuration options and of relevant legacy broadband deployments (ADSL1/2/2plus, SDSL, ISDN, ...), the number of possible reference noise scenarios MAY become quite high. The reference noise models specified for this Test Plan have been chosen as a reasonable compromise between covering a challenging set of noise conditions while keeping a manageable overall number of tests.

6.3.3.1 Noise Models for Annex A testing

The noise used for testing of AA8d band-profile is derived using a piece-wise continuous downstream transmit level having total power equal to the maximum nominal power of the SUT. The VDSL2 transmit spectrum used to calculate the crosstalk noise is defined in Table 12. The ADSL2plus transmit spectrum used to calculate the crosstalk noise are defined in

Table 16 and Table 17. These transmit spectra are then used with the FEXT and NEXT coupling functions described in ATIS 0600417 [10] Annex A to produce the crosstalk noise for each loop length. Tables with the AA8d crosstalk noise are provided for information only in Appendix D, Table 191 and Table 192.

Table 12: VDSL2 transmit level for noise calculations for AA8d

| Loops ≤ 3600ft | | Loops ≤ 4000ft | | Loops > 3600ft | | Loops > 4000ft | |
|----------------|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|----------|
| Downstream | | Upstream | | Downstream | | Upstream | |
| Freq | PSD | Freq | PSD | Freq | PSD | Freq | PSD |
| (kHz) | (dBm/Hz) | (kHz) | (dBm/Hz) | (kHz) | (dBm/Hz) | (kHz) | (dBm/Hz) |
| 0 | -101 | 0 | -101 | 0 | -101 | 0 | -101 |
| 3 | -101 | 3 | -101 | 3 | -101 | 3 | -101 |
| 4 | -93.0 | 4 | -96.0 | 4 | -93.0 | 4 | -96.0 |
| 80.0 | -76.0 | 25.875 | -37.3 | 80.0 | -76.0 | 25.87 | -36.0 |
| | | | | | | 5 | |
| 138.0 | -53.1 | 138 | -37.3 | 138.0 | -50.4 | 138 | -36.0 |
| 1447 | -53.1 | 242.9 | -93.2 | 1622 | -50.4 | 242.9 | -93.2 |
| 3488 | -53.1 | 686 | -103 | 1840 | -50.4 | 686 | -103 |
| 3749 | -53.5 | 1200 | -110 | 3749 | -53.5 | 1200 | -110 |
| 3750 | -80.0 | 2200 | -115 | 3750 | -80.0 | 2200 | -115 |
| 3925 | -100 | 3450 | -110 | 3925 | -100 | 30000 | -115 |
| 4500 | -112 | 3575 | -103 | 4500 | -112 | | |
| 5025 | -103 | 3750 | -80.0 | 12000 | -112 | | |
| 5200 | -80.0 | 3751 | -53.0 | 30000 | -112 | | |
| 5201 | -55.0 | 5199 | -53.0 | | | | |
| 8499 | -55.0 | 5200 | -80.0 | | | | |
| 8500 | -80.0 | 5375 | -100 | | | | |
| 8675 | -107 | 5500 | -115 | | | | |
| 12000 | -112 | 8200 | -115 | | | | |
| 30000 | -112 | 30000 | -115 | | | | |

The VDSL2 transmit spectrum used to calculate the crosstalk noise for AA8a is defined in Table 13.

Table 13: VDSL2 transmit level for noise calculations for AA8a

| Loops ≤ 3600ft | | Loops ≤ 4000ft | | Loops > 3600ft | | Loops > 4000ft | |
|----------------|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|----------|
| Downstream | | Upstream | | Downstream | | Upstream | |
| Freq | PSD | Freq | PSD | Freq | PSD | Freq | PSD |
| (kHz) | (dBm/Hz) | (kHz) | (dBm/Hz) | (kHz) | (dBm/Hz) | (kHz) | (dBm/Hz) |
| 0 | -101 | 0 | -101 | 0 | -101 | 0 | -101 |
| 3 | -101 | 3 | -101 | 3 | -101 | 3 | -101 |
| 4.1 | -93 | 4 | -96 | 4.1 | -93 | 4 | -96 |
| 80 | -76 | 25.875 | -37.3 | 80.0 | -76 | 25.875 | -36 |
| 138 | -46.6 | 138 | -37.3 | 138.0 | -45.3 | 138 | -36 |
| 1447 | -46.6 | 242.9 | -93.2 | 1375 | -45.3 | 242.9 | -93.2 |
| 1622 | -50 | 686 | -103 | 1622 | -50 | 686 | -103 |
| 3749 | -53.5 | 1200 | -110 | 3749 | -53.5 | 1200 | -110 |
| 3750 | -80 | 2200 | -115 | 3750 | -80 | 2200 | -115 |
| 3925 | -100 | 3450 | -110 | 3925 | -100 | 5500 | -115 |
| 4500 | -112 | 3575 | -103 | 4500 | -112 | 8200 | -115 |
| 5025 | -103 | 3750 | -80 | 12000 | -112 | 30000 | -115 |
| 5200 | -80 | 3751 | -53 | 30000 | -112 | | |
| 5201 | -55 | 5199 | -53 | | | | |
| 8499 | -55 | 5200 | -80 | | | | |
| 8500 | -80 | 5375 | -100 | | | | |
| 8675 | -107 | 5500 | -115 | | | | |
| 12000 | -112 | 8200 | -115 | | | | |
| 30000 | -112 | 30000 | -115 | | | | |

The VDSL2 transmit spectrum used to calculate the crosstalk noise for AA12a is defined in Table 14.

Table 14: VDSL2 transmit level for noise calculations for AA12a

| Loops ≤ | | Loops ≤ | | | <loops< th=""><th>Loo</th><th></th><th>Loo</th><th>nc ></th></loops<> | Loo | | Loo | nc > | |
|----------|--------|---------|------------|----------------------|--|---------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|--|
| Loops 2 | 20001t | | 200011 | ≤ 4000ft | | 3600ft | | 4000ft | | |
| Upstream | | Downe | Downstream | | | | | | | |
| Freq | PSD | Freq | PSD | Upstream Freq PSD | | Downstream Freq PSD | | Upstream Freq PSD | | |
| (kHz) | (dBm/ | (kHz) | (dBm/ | Freq (kHz) | (dBm/ | (kHz) | (dBm/ | (kHz) | (dBm/ | |
| (KIIZ) | Hz) | (KIIZ) | Hz) | (KIIZ) | Hz) | (KIIZ) | Hz) | (KIIZ) | Hz) | |
| 0 | -101 | 0 | -101 | 0 | -101 | 0 | -101 | 0 | -101 | |
| 3 | -101 | 3 | -101 | 3 | -101 | 4 | -101 | 3 | -101 | |
| 4 | -96 | 4.1 | -93 | 4 | -96 | 4.1 | -93 | 4 | -96 | |
| 25.875 | -37.3 | 80 | -76 | 25.875 | -37.3 | 80 | -76 | 25.875 | -36 | |
| 138 | -37.3 | 138 | -53.1 | 138 | -37.3 | 138 | -50.4 | 138 | -36 | |
| 242.9 | -93.2 | 3448 | -53.1 | 242.9 | -93.2 | 3488 | -50.4 | 242.9 | -93.2 | |
| 686 | -103 | 3749 | -53.5 | 686 | -103 | 3749 | -53.5 | 686 | -103 | |
| 1200 | -110 | 3750 | -80 | 1200 | -110 | 3750 | -80 | 1200 | -110 | |
| 2200 | -115 | 3925 | -100 | 2200 | -115 | 3925 | -103 | 2200 | -115 | |
| 3450 | -110 | 4500 | -112 | 3450 | -110 | 4500 | -112 | 8501 | -115 | |
| 3575 | -103 | 5025 | -103 | 3575 | -103 | 5025 | -112 | 30000 | -115 | |
| 3750 | -80 | 5200 | -80 | 3750 | -80 | 5200 | -112 | | | |
| 3751 | -53 | 5201 | -55 | 3751 | -53 | 5201 | -112 | | | |
| 5199 | -53 | 8499 | -55 | 5199 | -53 | 8499 | -112 | | | |
| 5200 | -80 | 8500 | -80 | 5200 | -80 | 8500 | -112 | | | |
| 5375 | -100 | 8675 | -107 | 5375 | -100 | 8675 | -112 | | | |
| 5500 | -115 | 12000 | -112 | 5500 | -115 | 12000 | -112 | | | |
| 8200 | -115 | 30000 | -112 | 30000 | -115 | 30000 | -112 | | | |
| 8325 | -100 | | | | | | | | | |
| 8500 | -80 | | | | | | | | | |
| 8501 | -54 | | | | | | | | | |
| 11999 | -54 | | | | | · | | | | |
| 12000 | -80 | | | | | | | | | |
| 12175 | -107 | | | | | | | | | |
| 12300 | -112 | | | | | | | | | |
| 30000 | -115 | | | | | | | | | |

The VDSL2 transmit spectrum used to calculate the crosstalk noise for AA17a is defined in Table 15.

Table 15: VDSL2 transmit level for noise calculations for AA17a

| Loops ≤ 2200ft | | Loops ≤ 2800ft | | 2200ft <loops ≤ 3600ft</loops | | 2800ft <loops ≤ 4000ft</loops | |
|----------------|------------|----------------|-------|--------------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|-------|
| D | | Upstream | | _ | | | |
| | stream | | | Downstream | | Upstream | |
| Freq | PSD | Freq | PSD | Freq | PSD | Freq | PSD |
| (kHz) | (dBm/H | (kHz) | (dBm/ | (kHz) | (dBm/ | (kHz) | (dBm/ |
| | z) | 0 | Hz) | 0 | Hz) | 0 | Hz) |
| 0 | -101 | 0 | -101 | 0 | -101 | 0 | -101 |
| 3 | -101 | 3 | -101 | 3 | -101 | 3 | -101 |
| 4.1 | -93.0 | 4 | -96 | 4.0 | -93.0 | 4 | -96 |
| 80 | -76.0 | 25.875 | -60 | 80 | -76.0 | 25.875 | -54 |
| 138 | -54.8 | 138 | -60 | 138 | -53.1 | 138 | -54 |
| 3488 | -54.8 | 242.9 | -93.2 | 3488 | -53.1 | 242.9 | -93.2 |
| 3749 | -54.5 | 686 | -103 | 3749 | -53.5 | 686 | -103 |
| 3750 | -80 | 1200 | -110 | 3750 | -80 | 1200 | -110 |
| 3925 | -100 | 2200 | -115 | 3925 | -103 | 2200 | -115 |
| 4500 | -112 | 3450 | -110 | 4500 | -112 | 3450 | -110 |
| 5025 | -103 | 3575 | -103 | 5025 | -112 | 3575 | -103 |
| 5200 | -80 | 3750 | -80 | 5200 | -80 | 3750 | -80 |
| 5201 | -55 | 3751 | -53 | 5201 | -55 | 3751 | -53 |
| 8499 | -55 | 5199 | -53 | 8499 | -55 | 5199 | -53 |
| 8500 | -80 | 5200 | -80 | 8500 | -80 | 5200 | -80 |
| 8675 | -107 | 5375 | -100 | 8675 | -107 | 5375 | -100 |
| 10500 | -115 | 5500 | -115 | 12000 | -112 | 5500 | -115 |
| 11825 | -115 | 8200 | -115 | 30000 | -112 | 30000 | -115 |
| 12000 | -80.0 | 8325 | -100 | | | | |
| 12001 | -60.0 | 8500 | -80 | | | | |
| 17664 | -60.0 | 8501 | -54 | | | | |
| 21000 | -80.0 | 11999 | -54 | | | | |
| 21450 | -107 | 12000 | -80 | | | | |
| 30000 | -112 | 12175 | -107 | | | | |
| | | 12300 | -112 | | | | |
| | | 30000 | -115 | | | | |

NOTE: the testing of AA17a band-profile is limited to 1600ft so PSDs described beyond that are for information only.

Table 16: ADSL2plus downstream transmit level for noise calculations

| Frequency Range (kHz) | PSD (dBm/Hz) |
|---------------------------------|--|
| $0 < \text{freq} \le 4$ | -101.0 |
| 4 < freq ≤ 80 | $-96.0 + 4.63 \times \log_2(\text{freq/4})$ |
| 80 < freq ≤ 138 | $-76.0 + 36.98 \times \log_2(\text{freq/80})$ |
| $138 < \text{freq} \le 1104$ | -40.0 |
| 1104 < freq ≤ 1622 | $-40 - 18.02 \times \log_2(\text{freq}/1104)$ |
| $1622 < \text{freq} \le 2208$ | $-50 - 2.92 \times \log_2(\text{freq/1622})$ |
| $2208 < \text{freq} \le 2500$ | $-51.3 - 64.74 \times \log_2(\text{freq/}2208)$ |
| $2500 < \text{freq} \le 3001.5$ | $-62.9 - 78.10 \times \log_2(\text{freq/}2500)$ |
| $3001.5 < \text{freq} \le 3175$ | $-83.5 - 246.69 \times \log_2(\text{freq/}3001.5)$ |
| $3175 < \text{freq} \le 3750$ | -103.5 |
| 3750< freq ≤ 4545 | $-103.5 - 36.05 \times \log_2(\text{freq/3750})$ |
| 4545 < freq | -113.5 |

Table 17: ADSL2plus upstream transmit level for noise calculations

| Frequency Range (kHz) | PSD (dBm/Hz) |
|--------------------------------|---|
| $0 < \text{freq} \le 4$ | -101.0 |
| 4 < freq ≤ 25.875 | $-96.0 + 21.5 \times \log_2(\text{freq/4})$ |
| $25.875 < \text{freq} \le 138$ | -38.0 |
| $138 < freq \le 243$ | $-38 - 72.0 \times \log_2(\text{freq/138})$ |
| 243< freq ≤ 686 | -97.0 – 15.0* log ₁₀ (freq/243) |
| 686 < freq ≤ 1411 | -110 |
| $1411 < \text{freq} \le 30000$ | -112 |

6.3.3.2 Noise Models for Annex B testing

Noise models for Annex B testing of the 8b, 12a, 17a and 30a VDSL2 over POTS and VDSL2 over ISDN systems consist of two components, self crosstalk and alien crosstalk. This excludes the noise model for profile 8c that is purely self crosstalk. The noise models represent medium density scenarios MD_EX, MD_CAB27 and MD_CAB72 where the SUT is deployed:

- from the local exchange (MD_EX);
- from a street cabinet located at 27 dB attenuation(at 1 MHz) from the local exchange MD_Cab27);
- from a street cabinet located at 72 dB attenuation(at 1 MHz) from the local exchange MD_Cab72);

For each of the noise models the number of self disturbers and a link to the equivalent alien noise PSD profiles is provided together with the associated VDSL2 band-profile in Table 18.

Noise models for the band-profiles with the activated DPBO and UPBO are defined in appropriate performance sections. In general, the self-disturber PSD SHALL always be associated to the band-profile.

Table 18: Noise models for Annex B testing

| Noise model | Band- profile | ETSI noise scenario | Number of self disturbers | Alien noise disturber frequency profiles |
|----------------|------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--|
| n_BA8b | BA8b | MD_EX | 13 | see Annex D.1 |
| n_BB8b | BB8b | MD_EX | 13 | see Allilex D.1 |
| n_BA12a | BA12a | MD_CAB27 | | |
| n_BB12a | BB12a | MD_CAB27 | 15 | See Annex D.2 |
| n_BA17a | BA17a | MD_CAB27 |] 13 | See Alliex D.2 |
| n_BB17a | BB17a | MD_CAB27 | | |
| n_BA30a | BA30a | MD_CAB72 | 15 | See Annex D.3 |
| n_BB30a | BB30a | MD_CAB72 | 13 | See Alinex D.5 |

6.3.3.3 Noise Models for Annex C testing

The noise models for Annex C are defined in Section 6.2/G.993.2. The noise is injected at either the DSLAM or CPE per Figure 3.

- AWGN = -140dBm/Hz AWGN; impairment to VDSL2 downstream and upstream signals.
- XTr = 9 VDSL2 self NEXT and FEXT (99% cumulative case); impairment to the received signal at CPE (VDSL2 downstream signal).
- XTc = 9 VDSL2 self NEXT and FEXT (99% cumulative case); impairment to the received signal at DSLAM (VDSL2 upstream signal).

Where, XTr and XTc are simulated from the disturber PSD of CG30a band-profile, and are applied to all band-profile test cases.

Four kinds of the noise sources are used for testing.

- 1. AWGNr SHALL be injected at the CPE input port side.
- 2. AWGNc SHALL be injected at the DSLAM input port side.
- 3. (XTr+AWGNr) SHALL be injected at the CPE input port side.
- 4. (XTc+AWGNc) SHALL be injected at the DSLAM input port side.

Where, "+" expresses power sum.

6.3.4 Noise Injection

The Thevenin impedance of all differential noise-coupling circuits connected to the test loop SHALL be greater than 4000 Ohms referred to a 100 Ohm impedance point (Section 5.1.2.1/G.996.1 [5]) for a frequency range from 20kHz to 30 MHz.

7 Test Equipment Requirements and Calibration

The following list of test equipment are used in VDSL2 performance testing:

- Loop simulator
- Protocol traffic simulator/analyzer with matching network interfaces
- Ethernet switch/router
- PC with USB/Ethernet interface
- Noise sources for both ends of the line (loop simulator integral noise sources or arbitrary waveform generators)

All these tools are part of configurations identified in Figure 1 – Figure 3. The Ethernet switch/router and PC used for throughput testing SHALL have adequate performance such that they do not affect the measured throughput over the VDSL2 link. The Ethernet switch or simulator MAY be removed if traffic simulator/analyzer in use is capable of terminating the IP traffic directly from the DSLAM.

7.1 Accuracy of loop simulators and noise sources

7.1.1 Loop Simulators

7.1.1.1 Attenuation

For the loop simulator used in testing, the simulated loop attenuation SHALL be measured over the frequency band (f1, f2) given by Table 19 for the different annexes. At least one measurement SHALL be made per fdelta interval. The Mean Error (ME) and Mean Absolute Error (MAE) of the measured simulated loop attenuation values (in dB), relative to the theoretical loop attenuation values (in dB), SHALL be calculated.

7.1.1.1.1 North American Annex A testing

Loop Attenuation, which corresponds to the insertion loss, is expressed in dB and SHALL be calculated from RLCG parameters using two-port ABCD modeling methodology as specified in Section B.3.1/ATIS 0600417 [10] (for both straight loops and loops with bridge taps).

The RLCG cable parameters SHALL be as specified in Table C-2 "Cable model parameters for 26 AWG twisted pair cable" and Table C-6 "Cable model parameters for 24 AWG twisted pair cable" of ATIS 0600417.

7.1.1.1.2 European Annex B testing

Loop Attenuation, which corresponds to the insertion loss, is expressed in dB and SHALL be calculated from RLCG parameters using two-port ABCD modeling methodology as specified in Section B.3.1/ATIS 0600417. The line constants for PE04 and TP100 cables are specified in Table ZA.13/Annex ZA.2 of TS 101 271 [7].

7.1.1.3 Japanese Annex C testing

Loop Attenuation which corresponds to the insertion loss expressed in dB SHALL be calculated from RLCG parameters as specified in Section C.6.1.2 and C.6.1.3 of G.993.2 [2].

7.1.1.1.4 Calibration Related Information

Frequency boundaries used for defining test calibration are provided in Table 19.

Table 19: Loop calibration frequency boundaries for VDSL2

| Profile | Band Plan | f1 (kHz) over POTS | f1 (kHz) over ISDN | f1 (kHz) over TCM-ISDN | f2 (MHz) | fdelta (kHz) |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 8a, b, c, d | 998 | 24 | 120 | 640 | 8.520 | 12 |
| | 997 | 24 | 120 | N/A | 8.844 | 12 |
| 12a | 998 | 20 | 120 | 640 | 12.000 | 20 |
| | 997 | 20 | 120 | N/A | 12.000 | 20 |
| 12b | 998 | 120 | 120 | N/A | 12.000 | 20 |
| | 997 | 120 | 120 | N/A | 12.000 | 20 |
| 17a | 998 | 120 | 120 | 640 | 17.670 | 30 |
| | 997 | 120 | 120 | N/A | 17.670 | 30 |
| 30a | 998 | 150 | 250 | 640 | 30.000 | 50 |
| | 997 | 150 | 250 | N/A | 30.000 | 50 |

NOTE: Other loop calibration frequency boundaries MAY be required for testing band profiles beyond those specified in this document.

The maximum attenuation A_{max} for use in estimating MAE and ME for the loop simulator SHALL be used from the frequency dependent Table 20.

Table 20: Maximum attenuation for loop simulator calibration

| Frequency (MHz) | A_{max} (dB) (NOTE) |
|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 0.025 | 90 |
| 1.104 | 90 |
| 1.622 | 85 |
| 3.750 | 82 |
| 5.200 | 82 |
| 7.500 | 80 |
| 15.00 | 80 |
| 15.05 | 70 |
| 30.00 | 70 |

NOTE: Values of Amax in between the frequency points SHALL be interpolated using a log frequency scale.

Mean Absolute Error (MAE) and Mean Error (ME) for loop X are given by:

Formula 7-1: Determining MAE

$$MAE_{LoopX} = \frac{1}{N_{i} + N_{j}} \cdot \left[\sum_{i \in \{A_{Ti} \leq A_{\max j}\}} |A_{Ri} - A_{Ti}| + \sum_{j \in \{A_{Tj} > A_{MAXj} \\ A_{Rj} - A_{MAXj} < -0.5\}} |A_{Rj} - A_{MAX_{j}}| \right]$$

Formula 7-2: Calculating ME

$$ME_{LoopX} = \frac{1}{N_{i} + N_{j}} \cdot \left[\sum_{i \in \{A_{Ti} \leq A_{\max j}\}} (A_{Ri} - A_{Ti}) + \sum_{j \in \{A_{Tj} > A_{MAXj} \\ A_{Rj} - A_{MAXj} < -0.5\}} (A_{Rj} - A_{MAX_{j}}) \right]$$

[positive error = too much attenuation]

 A_{Ri} = Attenuation sample, in dB, of the measured loop X A_{Ti} = Attenuation sample, in dB, of the theoretical loop X

The index "i" belongs to a set defined by the points necessary to measure the attenuation in steps of fdelta or less and taking into account only those points between f1 and f2 for which $A_T \leq A_{Max} \, dB$.

N_i is the number of elements in the above set.

The index "j" belongs to a set defined by the points necessary to measure the attenuation in steps of fdelta or less and taking into account only those points between f1 and f2 for which $A_T > A_{Max} \, dB$ and $A_R - A_{Max} < -0.5 \, dB$

N_i is the number of elements in the above set.

The loop simulator SHALL be compensated by adjusting the loop length such that the absolute value of ME is minimized while maintaining an MAE less than 0.5 dB. This accuracy requirement SHALL apply for all test loops.

7.1.1.2 Average noise floor

The average noise floor in the wireline simulator SHALL be lower than -150 dBm/Hz within the VDSL2 band.

7.1.1.3 Impedance

7.1.1.3.1 Input impedance for North American Annex A testing

Input Impedance SHALL be calculated from RLCG parameters using two-port ABCD modeling methodology as specified in Section B.3.1/ATIS 0600417(for both straight loops and loops with bridge taps).

The RLCG cable parameters SHALL be as specified Table C-2 "Cable model parameters for 26 AWG twisted pair cable" and Table C-6 "Cable model parameters for 24 AWG twisted pair cable" of ATIS 0600417.

7.1.1.3.2 Input impedance for European Annex B testing

Input impedances SHALL be calculated from RLCG parameters using two-port ABCD modeling methodology as specified in Section B.3.1/ATIS 0600417. The line constants for PE04 and TP100 cables are specified in Table ZA.13/Annex ZA.2 (normative) of TS101271.

7.1.1.3.3 Impedance compensation method

The impedance compensation SHALL be based on a difference in injected noise power (for capturing the impact on the data rate).

The difference in injected noise power due to the variance of the input impedance of the wireline simulator SHALL have a mean absolute error (MAE) of less than 0.5 dB from the injected noise power using the theoretical input impedance, measured with the 100 Ohm termination impedance.

The difference in injected noise power is calculated in dB according to Formula 7-3.

Formula 7-3: Noise injection power difference calculation

$$\begin{split} \Delta p_i &= 10 \cdot \log_{10}(p_{out}^{sim}) - 10 \cdot \log_{10}(p_{out}^{loop}) \\ &= 10 \cdot \log_{10}(\left| \frac{Z_{in,sim}^R(f_i) \cdot Z_L(f_i)}{Z_{in,sim}^R(f_i) + Z_L(f_i)} \right|^2) - 10 \cdot \log_{10}(\left| \frac{Z_{in,loop}^R(f_i) \cdot Z_L(f_i)}{Z_{in,loop}^R(f_i) + Z_L(f_i)} \right|^2) \end{split} \right. \label{eq:deltapsi}$$

where:

 f_i = frequency at sample i

 p_{out}^{sim} = simulated noise power at frequency i

 p_{out}^{loop} = measured noise power at frequency i

 $Z_{in \ sim}^{R}$ = theoretical input impedance

 $Z_{in,loop}^{R}$ = actual input impedance

The mean absolute error is defined in Formula 7-4.

Formula 7- 4: Input impedance MAE

$$MAE(\Delta p) = \frac{1}{N_{bins}} \sum_{i} |\Delta p_{i}|$$

where:

 $MAE(\Delta p) = Mean Absolute Error$

 N_{bins} = number of noise power samples

 $\Delta p_i = i^{\text{th}}$ power difference defined in formula 7-3

and the sum is over those bins in the passband where the insertion loss is less than 90 dB.

7.1.1.3.4 Input impedance for Japanese Annex C testing

Input Impedance SHALL be calculated from RLCG parameters as specified in Section C.6.1.2 and C.6.1.3 of G.993.2.

7.1.1.4 Phase

7.1.1.4.1 North American Region

Phase SHALL be calculated from RLCG parameters using two-port ABCD modeling methodology as specified in Section B.3.1/ATIS 0600417 (for both straight loops and loops with bridge taps). The RLCG cable parameters SHALL be as specified in Table C-2 "Cable model parameters for 26 AWG twisted pair cable" and Table C-6 "Cable model parameters for 24 AWG twisted pair cable" of ATIS-0600417.

7.1.1.4.2 European Region

Phase SHALL be calculated from RLCG parameters using two-port ABCD modeling methodology as specified in Section B.3.1/ATIS 0600417. The line constants for PE04 and TP100 cables are specified in Table ZA.13/Annex ZA.2 of TS101271.

Mean Average Percentage Error for Phase delay SHALL be defined as in Formula 7-5.

Formula 7- 5:Mean average percent error

$$MAPE(PD) = 100 \times \frac{1}{N} \times \sum_{N} \left| \frac{PD_{cable} - PD_{sim}}{PD_{cable}} \right|$$

where:

- Phase Delay(f) = unwrapped(phase(f))/($2\pi f$)
- •f is the frequency
- •PD_{cable} is the Phase Delay for a theoretical loop, and
- •PD_{sim} is the measured Phase Delay for the simulator,
- •N is the number of frequencies used in the averaging.

Mean Average Percentage Error for Group Delay SHALL be defined as in Formula 7-6.

Formula 7-6: Group delay mean average percentage error

$$MAPE(GD) = 100 \times \frac{1}{N} \times \sum_{N} \left| \frac{GD_{cable} - GD_{sim}}{GD_{cable}} \right|$$

where:

- •GD_{cable} is the Group delay for a theoretical loop
- •GD_{sim} is the measured Group delay for the simulator,
- •N is the number of frequencies used in the averaging.

Points where $|GD_{cable}|$ is ≤ 0.1 microseconds SHALL NOT be included in the sum and N SHALL be adjusted accordingly.

The maximum MAPE(PD) SHALL be 7%.

The maximum MAPE(GD) SHALL be 7%.

The measurement of PD and GD, as defined above, SHALL be made over the frequency range appropriate to the profile, as defined in Table 19. The lowest frequency measured SHALL be as defined in Table 19, the highest frequency measured SHALL be the lower frequency of EITHER of the following:

- 1. The lowest frequency where the insertion loss begins to exceed Amax.
- 2. The highest frequency defined for the profile, as in Table 19.

At least one PD and GD measurement SHALL be made within each fdelta interval, as defined in Table 19.

The Group delay is defined using the Formula 7-7.

Formula 7-7: Group delay formula

$$\text{GD}_i = \frac{\text{phase}_{i = 1} - \text{phase}_{i = 1}}{2\pi \times (f_{i + 1} - f_{i = 1})}$$

where:

- phase is the unwrapped phase in radians
- the difference in frequency between f_{i+1} and f_i SHALL be fdelta as per Table 19 GD is not calculated or used at the two end frequency points.

7.1.2 Noise sources

Each noise SHALL be measured independently at the VTU terminal. This SHALL be done for one noise source at a time, using a NULL loop. For North American cases, both VTUs are replaced by an 100 Ohm ($\pm 1\%$) resistor. For European cases the methodology in Section ZA.1.1.1/TS 101 271 SHALL be used, with both VTUs each replaced by an 100 Ohm ($\pm 1\%$) resistor. The measured noise will be impacted by the noise generator tolerance, the coupling circuit tolerance, cabling tolerance and noise pickup.

At least one measurement SHALL be made per 10 kHz interval. The Mean Error (ME) and Mean Absolute Error (MAE) of the measured simulated noise level values (in dBm/Hz), relative to the theoretical noise level values (in dBm/Hz), SHALL be calculated. The noise calibration frequency ranges f1 and f2 for testing of the various VDSL2 profiles SHALL be identical to the frequencies specified for loop calibration for the same tests (see Table 19).

Mean Absolute Error (MAE) and Mean Error (ME) for noise X are given by:

Formula 7-8: Noise MAE calculation

$$\mathbf{MAE}_{\text{noise } X} = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{i \in \left\{ P_{Ti} \geq -140 dBm/Hz \right\}} \left| P_{Ri} - P_{Ti} \right|$$

Formula 7-9: Noise ME calculation

$$\mathbf{ME}_{\text{noise X}} = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{i \in \left\{ P_{T_i} \geq -140dBm/Hz \right\}} \left(P_{R_i} - P_{T_i} \right)$$

NOTE: Positive error indicates excessive noise power.

where:

 P_{Ri} = power sample, in dBm/Hz, of the generated noise X

 P_{Ti} = power sample, in dBm/Hz, of the theoretical noise X

The index "i" belongs to a set defined by the points necessary to measure the noise power in steps of fdelta or less and taking into account only those points between f1 and f2 for which $P_{Ti} \ge -140 \text{ dBm/Hz}$.

N is the number of elements in the above set. Noise measurement resolution bandwidth SHALL be 10 kHz.

The noise generator SHALL be compensated such that the absolute value of ME is minimized while maintaining an MAE less than 0.5 dB.

NOTE: For noise calibration, there is measurement uncertainty that can not be compensated, consisting of the following contributions:

- 1. absolute amplitude accuracy
- 2. vertical linearity
- 3. frequency response of the measurement equipment used
- 4. tolerance of the calibration impedance.

7.1.2.1 Noise Impairment Cumulative Amplitude Distribution

7.1.2.1.1 North American Region

Noise impairments used in this specification for Annex A (North America) SHALL comply with the following specifications. The theoretical noise level SHALL have a Gaussian amplitude distribution to 5 sigma. For a normalized Gaussian distribution with mean μ and sigma σ we write:

Formula 7-10

$$p(a_i) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{a_i^2}{2}} \qquad a_i = \frac{x_i - \mu}{\sigma}$$

and define the following limits

Formula 7- 11
$$\Delta \sigma = 0.5 \qquad \beta = 10^{\frac{\Delta \sigma}{20}} \qquad \varepsilon = 0.1$$

$$\text{ULimit}_{i} = (1 + \varepsilon) \left\{ 1 - erf\left(\frac{a_{i}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right\} \qquad a_{i} \leq 4$$

$$\text{ULimit}_{i} = 10^{(0.802 - 1.24a_{i})} \qquad 4 \leq a_{i} \leq 4.68$$

$$\text{ULimit}_{i} = \left\{ 1 - erf\left(\frac{a_{i}}{\beta\sqrt{2}}\right) \right\} \qquad a_{i} > 4.68$$

$$\text{LLimit}_{i} = (1 - \varepsilon) \left\{ 1 - erf\left(\frac{a_{i}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right\} \qquad a_{i} \leq 5$$

$$= 0 \qquad a_{i} > 5$$

7.1.2.1.2 European Region:

Noise impairments used in this specification for Annex B (Europe) SHALL comply with Section ZA1.3.4.3/ TS 101 271.

7.1.3 Cabling

Cabling, switches and other equipment are needed to connect the DSLAM, the loop simulator, the noise generator and the CPE. Care SHALL be taken in order that the minimum noise is coupled into this cabling, so the wiring SHOULD be kept as short as practically possible. Recommended cables are Cat 5 UTP and STP or better. For all loops with bridged taps at modem side, the modem interconnect cable SHALL be included in the calculations. Unless required differently in the relevant test setup the modem cable used for these tests SHALL have an attenuation of 6ft 26 AWG.

For straight loops the length of this cable section is not important, as it is taken into account during the compensation procedure. STP is only required when there is high EMI in the vicinity (typically from engines, air conditioning units) or for longer cables coming from the DSLAM. If the test is performed in a large operational lab (where also other work is done), then consider this lab as a high-noise environment.

One SHOULD take care that the shielding is connected in an appropriate way. Connect the shield to the loop simulator ground only (one-sided grounding). A badly connected shield can even make the performance worse. In case of doubt, use the unshielded twisted pair.

Computer screens and power supplies radiate in the frequency bands used by VDSL2. It is recommended that these devices be placed at a distance from the setup or even be switched off. This noise MAY be generated by either internal or external power supplies. When the pickup noise levels are greater than -150 dBm/Hz, they will limit the VDSL2 performance and influence the test results. The background noise measurement reported in section 7.1.4 provides the data necessary to evaluate whether this recommendation is satisfied. The background noise is measured at both ends of the loop as per 7.1.2 with the noise generator powered on but with no noise being generated.

The CPE and DSLAM and their wiring SHOULD be physically separated, since when testing on long loops, crosstalk can occur between the cabling. Independent of attenuation

conditions special care SHOULD be taken with the wiring to avoid crosstalk. Variations of noise external to the test setup and coupled in will have a greater chance of influencing the test result for tests of long duration (e.g., upstream margin verification tests). Special attention SHOULD be made to make sure the influence of such variations is minimized. To obtain the maximum accuracy, the cables, switches and any other equipment used in the link between the DSLAM and the CPE SHALL be included in the compensation process described above in section 7.1.1.

7.1.4 Calibration

A test set-up background noise measurement SHALL be taken and recorded at the time ME and MAE measurement tests are conducted. If there is a change in test set-up, the ME and MAE and background noise measurements SHALL be redone.

8 Physical Layer Test Cases

This section provides some information about general procedure for performance testing.

The CO splitter used SHALL be the splitter integral to the DSLAM, if that option exists. Otherwise, an external CO splitter as specified in section 6.3.1 SHALL be used.

Tests will be performed at consecutive loop lengths identified in tables of the region-specific annexes.

The tests are initiated by placing the VDSL2 port of the DSLAM out of service. Then the loop simulator is set with the appropriate noise impairments and loop length, after which the VDSL2 port of the DSLAM is placed in service.

- At each test point, the line SHALL reach Showtime within a total of 90 seconds, starting from the time that the DSLAM port / line was placed in service.
- If the line fails to reach Showtime within this 90-second period, a result of "no connect" SHALL be recorded as the result for that test point.

No retrain is allowed after the expiry of the 90-second timer.

• If the line retrains after the 90-second period, then a result of "no connect" SHALL be recorded as the result for that test point.

When Showtime is reached, a 60 second waiting time SHALL be started, to settle bitswaps, etc. At the end of the 60-second waiting time the data rate and noise margins for the test point SHALL be recorded.

The DSLAM port / line SHALL then be placed out of service, the loop simulator and noise generator are then configured for the next test point. The DSLAM line / port is placed back in service, modem trained, and the 90 second timer is restarted.

This sequence SHALL continue until all loop lengths defined in the table are complete.

The CPE SHALL NOT be power cycled, rebooted or otherwise reinitialized between test points.

Any section containing a result of "no connect" SHALL result in the failure of that section.

To obtain a result for each individual test, each test SHALL be performed once. In rate-adaptive testing, any test point that fails to meet the requirement in downstream direction by 128 kbps or less or in the upstream direction by 64 kbps SHALL be re-tested, but no more than 3 times. If a re-test is performed, then the first passing value achieved, SHALL be recorded. If none of the retests provides a passing value then the highest non-passing value SHALL be recorded.

NOTE: Listed are two known sources of variability that need to be taken into account when verifying the interoperability of a CPE and DSLAM combination.

CPE Variability

For a modem type to be considered compliant, unit(s) submitted for compliance testing SHALL pass the performance requirements in this section. Taking into account the statistical

variability in the manufacturing process, it is expected that the large majority of randomlyselected units will pass these requirements.

Bridged Tap Noise Injection Variability

The noise injection method of the present version of the document for loops with bridge tap sections MAY lead to:

- results differing from those on real loops,
- lower repeatability of results (due to, for example, varying noise floor and impedance) from test environment to test environment even if they are compliant to this document.

8.1 Verification of CRC error reporting

The purpose of this test described in Table 21 is to verify that the CPE or the DSLAM correctly reports CRC errors. CRC error counts are the basis of margin verification tests.

Table 21: Test procedure for verification of CRC error reporting

| Test | (1) Configure the SUT according to the settings of the profile-line |
|---------------|--|
| Configuration | combination under test defined in regional annexes (A and B) |
| | (2) Test configuration (test loops, noise impairment) SHALL be |
| | according to regional annexes (A.1.5 and B.12). Annex B testing |
| | consists of two test conditions randomly selected from the 3 |
| | described in the table for any given profile-line combination. |
| Method of | (1) Connect CPE and DSLAM to selected loop and noise condition |
| Procedure | among those applicable to the band-profile under test. |
| | (2) Force a new initialization and wait for modems to sync. Wait for 1 |
| | minute after initialization for bitswaps to settle. |
| | (3) For CPE CRC error reporting test force a "micro-interruption" of |
| | the loop at the CPE side with duration of 10 ms. For DSLAM CRC |
| | error reporting test force a "micro-interruption" of the loop at the |
| | DSLAM side with duration of 10 ms. |
| | (4) Record the number of reported CRC errors. |
| | (5) Repeat step 3 every 10 seconds, for a total test time of 120 seconds |
| | (i.e. a total of 12 micro-interruptions are issued). |
| Expected | (1) For CPE test: If each micro-interruption does not result in at least |
| Result | one reported downstream CRC error, then the CPE has failed the |
| | CRC error reporting test. |
| | (2) For DSLAM test: If each micro-interruption does not result in at |
| | least one reported upstream CRC error, then the DSLAM has failed |
| | the CRC error reporting test. |

8.2 Margin Verification Test

The measurement time is based on the occurrence of 10 error events and a confidence interval of 0.9. With this confidence interval the required BER limit for a 1e-7 target estimated bit error rate is 1.5e-7. Also due to this confidence interval, one out of 10 margin verification tests can result in a false FAIL. Therefore when the first margin verification test fails, the test SHALL be redone once, so that the confidence interval becomes 0.99.

Because of the significant dependency of achievable data rates on the noise margin, margin verification tests are performed across several loop and noise scenarios of TR-114 to ensure that there is no optimization of margin or modem performance for some specific test loops.

Table 22 shows how the estimated BER SHALL be derived from the CRC count. Table 23 contains the test procedure on margin verification.

Table 22: The equations for estimating BER

| | Tuble 22. The equations for estimating DER |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Modem configuration | Equations for estimating BER |
| Fast path | BER = $\frac{\text{Number of bit errors}}{\text{Number of transmitted bits}} \cong \frac{15 \text{*CRC_error_count}}{\text{data_rate*}1000\text{*test_time*}60}$ |
| Interleaved path, high latency | BER = $\frac{\text{Number of bit errors}}{\text{Number of transmitted bits}} \cong \frac{40 \text{ * CRC_error_count}}{\text{data_rate*1000*test_time*60}}$ |

Since CRC error counts are the basis of margin verification tests, it is necessary to verify if the DSLAM or CPE accurately counts and reports CRC errors. A mandatory test procedure to verify CRC error reporting is required and defined in section 8.1.

Table 23: Test procedure for margin verification

| | <u>.</u> | | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Test | (1)Configure the SUT according to the settings of the profile-line | | | |
| Configuration | combination under test defined in regional annexes (A and B). | | | |
| | (2) Test configuration (test loops, noise conditions) SHALL be according | | | |
| | to regional annexes (A.1.6, B.13 and B.14). Annex B testing consists | | | |
| | of two test conditions randomly selected from the 3 described in the | | | |
| | table for any given profile-line combination. | | | |
| Method of | (1)Connect CPE and DSLAM to first test loop option, with the noise | | | |
| Procedure | injected at the specified reference power level. This power level is | | | |
| | considered the 0 dB noise power level for that type of noise. | | | |
| | (2)Force a new initialization and wait for modems to sync. | | | |
| | (3)Wait for 1 minute for bitswaps to settle. | | | |
| | (4)Check reported margin and document as initial_reported_margin. | | | |
| | (5)For CPE margin verification tests increase the noise power level by 1 | | | |
| | dB at CPE side only. | | | |
| | (6)For DSLAM margin verification tests increase the noise power level | | | |
| | by 1 dB at DSLAM side only. | | | |
| | (7)Wait for 1 minute. | | | |
| | (8)Repeat steps 6 and 7 until the noise power is increased by | | | |
| | min(initial_reported_margin – 1, target margin) dB. At this point the | | | |

| | power level of the noise is at the min(initial_reported_margin – 1, target margin) dB level. (9)Execute a BER test for the duration as specified in each testcase. Record the CRC and SES counts at the start and the end of the BER test. Actual number of CRCs and SESs is the difference between these two counts. Document the estimated BER. (10) If the estimated BER > the limit value or the link re-initializes during steps 4-10 then the test for that loop option SHALL be repeated once. |
|--------------------|---|
| | (11) Repeat steps 2 to 10 for every test loop. |
| Expected Result | (1)The SUT passes the margin verification test, if for every test loop: Estimated BER is less than the limit value in the margin verification table of that loop option (2)If the estimated BER > the limit value or the link re-initializes during the second attempt, the test fails. (3)No SES has been reported |

An explanation of the regional margin verification tables (Table 101 – Table 106) is given below.

Column 1 of each table specifies the profile-line combination (e.g. BA8b_RA_F_150_150)

Column 2 specifies the loop length (e.g. 150m).

Column 3 specifies the crosstalk impairment (e.g. n_BA8b).

Column 4 specifies the anticipated data rate (kbps).

In Column 5 it is required that the achieved DS(US) net data rate SHALL be recorded twice: first at the start of the margin verification test and also at the end of the margin verification test. This captures a potential modem retrain and connection at lower DS net data rates due to the increase in injected noise level.

It is expected that the actual data rate is close to the anticipated data rate. If the actual data rate is $\leq 75\%$ of the anticipated rate, the test duration SHALL be increased by the scale value.

$$scale value = \frac{anticipate d \ rate}{actual \ rate}$$

The actual net data rate is not a pass/fail criteria of this test.

Column 6 specifies the required test time in order to observe approximately 10 CRC error events at a target BER of 1e-7. These test times are calculated based on the data rates in the corresponding performance requirements section. To allow for modem connections with slightly lower than the anticipated data rates, the test durations are rounded up in increments of 5 minutes.

Column 7 asks for the insertion of the measured DS(US) CRC count after the injected noise level has been increased by min(initial_reported_margin – 1, target margin) dB. Measurement of initial_reported_margin SHALL be done from the DSLAM.

Column 8 asks for the computation of the estimated BER from the number of observed CRC error events according to Table 22. If the estimated BER is smaller than the BER limit in this column, then the test PASSES, else it FAILS.

Column 9 asks for the insertion of "PASS" or "FAIL".

8.3 Erasure decoding tests (optional)

This test applies only to CPE modems that claims support of the erasure decoding. For a CPE that does not claim EDC support, the expected result SHALL be not applicable ("N/A").

FORCEINP is the G.997.1 [4] parameter that:

- when set to ONE, indicates that the CPE receiver SHALL set the impulse noise
 protection according to the formula specified in Section 9.6/G.993.2. The receiver
 SHALL ensure that the impulse noise protection is greater than or equal to the
 minimal impulse noise protection requirement. FORCEINP=1 is sometimes referred
 to as the "I don't trust you" mode.
- when set to ZERO, indicates that the CPE receiver is not required to set the impulse noise protection according to the formula specified in section 9.6/G.993.2. The receiver SHALL ensure that the impulse noise protection is greater than or equal to the minimal impulse noise protection requirement. FORCEINP=0 is sometimes referred to as the "I do trust you" mode.

8.3.1 Erasure decoding testing in FORCEINP=1 mode

Table 24: Erasure decoding test in FORCEINP=1 mode

| 1 | able 24: Erasure decoding test in FORCEINP=1 mode | | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Test | (1)Configure the SUT according to the settings of the interleaved band- | | | |
| Configuration | profile under test defined in regional annexes (A and B) from Table | | | |
| | 190. Additionally, the following parameters configured: | | | |
| | • INP_min_ds= 2 and 4 symbols | | | |
| | • INP_min_us = 2 × INP_min_ds (4 and 8, respectively) | | | |
| | • delay_max = 8ms | | | |
| | • FORCEINP=1 | | | |
| | (2)Configure the loop simulator according to the band-profiles under | | | |
| | test: | | | |
| | 8d profile 1.2 kft 26 AWG loop (Region A) | | | |
| | • 17a and 12a profiles 450 m PE04 (Region B) | | | |
| | • 8b profiles - 1200 m PE04 (Region B) | | | |
| | • 8c profile - 600 m TP100 loop (Region B) | | | |
| | (3)Inject -120dBm/Hz AWGN at both ends of the loop | | | |
| | (4)The REIN noise consists of pulses whose differential signal power | | | |
| | spectral density is -90 dBm/Hz. Each pulse SHALL be a burst of | | | |
| | pseudo random AWGN. The REIN noise is injected at the CPE side | | | |
| | with a repetition frequency of 120 Hz (Region A) or 100 Hz (Region | | | |
| | B). (5) Additional test conditions: | | | |
| | (5)Additional test conditions: | | | |
| | • Ts = 250μs | | | |
| | • $\delta = 15 \mu s$ is correction factor for pulse spreading in AFE | | | |
| | The OPTIONAL OLR functionality (SRA, SOS) SHALL NOT be used | | | |
| Method of | (1)Inject the background noise at both sides and let the system train | | | |
| Procedure | (2)Wait for 1 minute after initialization and report the actual INP, delay and data rate | | | |
| | (3)At CPE side apply for 3 minutes the REIN noise with a variable pulse | | | |
| | width $\{-\delta + [(INP_min - 1)(2 \times INP_min - 3)] \times T_s\}$ in steps of one | | | |
| | T _s . Wait 3 minutes between the two measurements | | | |
| | (4)For each pulse width report the actual INP, actual interleaving delay | | | |
| | and actual data rate and measure number of code violations in the 3 | | | |
| | minute measurement interval | | | |
| | (5)Repeat step 1 to 4 for each INP_min setting. | | | |
| Expected | For a CPE claiming support of Erasure Decoding, | | | |
| Result | (1)Reported number of downstream code violations ≤ 1 per minute | | | |
| | (2)Actual INP ≥ INP_min and actual delay ≤ delay_max | | | |

Table 25: Erasure Decoding Testing FORCEINP=1 mode

| Pulse width (in steps of one T _s) | Actual downstream net data rate | Actual INP | Actual delay | Reported CVs | Pass/fail |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| | INI | $P_{min} = 2$ | | | |
| 1 | | | | | |
| | INI | $P_{min} = 4$ | | | |
| 3 | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | |

8.3.2 Erasure decoding test procedure in FORCEINP=0 mode

Table 26: Erasure decoding test in FORCEINP=0 mode

| 1 a | Table 26: Erasure decoding test in FORCEINP=0 mode | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Test | (1)Configure the SUT according to the settings of the interleaved band- | | | | | | |
| Configuration | profile under test defined in regional annexes (A and B) from Table | | | | | | |
| | 190. Additionally, the following parameters SHALL be configured: | | | | | | |
| | • INP_min_ds= 2 and 4 symbols | | | | | | |
| | • INP_min_us = 2 × INP_min_ds (4 and 8, respectively) | | | | | | |
| | • delay_max = 8ms | | | | | | |
| | • FORCEINP=0 | | | | | | |
| | (2)Configure the loop simulator according to the band-profiles under | | | | | | |
| | test: | | | | | | |
| | • 8d profile 1.2 kft 26 AWG loop (Region A) | | | | | | |
| | • 17a and 12a profiles 450 m PE04 (Region B) | | | | | | |
| | • 8b profiles - 1200 m PE04 (Region B) | | | | | | |
| | 8c profile - 600 m TP100 loop (Region B) (2) I i i i 120 lB (H. ANGN) i la | | | | | | |
| | (3)Inject -120dBm/Hz AWGN at both ends of the loop | | | | | | |
| | (4) The REIN noise consists of pulses at whose differential signal | | | | | | |
| | power spectral density is -90 dBm/Hz. Each pulse SHALL be a | | | | | | |
| | burst of pseudo random AWGN. The REIN noise is injected at the | | | | | | |
| | CPE side with a repetition frequency of 120 Hz (Region A) or 100 | | | | | | |
| | Hz (Region B). | | | | | | |
| | (5)Additional test conditions: | | | | | | |
| | • $Ts = 250\mu s$ | | | | | | |
| | • $\delta = 15 \mu s$ is correction factor for pulse spreading in AFE | | | | | | |
| | The OPTIONAL OLR functionality (SRA, SOS) SHALL NOT | | | | | | |
| | be used | | | | | | |

| Method of | (1)Inject the background noise at both sides and let the system train | | | | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Procedure | (2) Wait for 1 minute after initialization and report the actual INP, | | | | | |
| | delay and data rate | | | | | |
| | (3)At CPE side apply for 3 minutes the REIN noise with a pulse width | | | | | |
| | $(INP_min - 1) \times Ts - \delta$ | | | | | |
| | (4)Report the actual INP, actual interleaving delay and actual data rate | | | | | |
| | and measure number of code violations in the 3 minute | | | | | |
| | measurement interval | | | | | |
| | (5)Repeat step 1 to 4 for each INP_min setting. | | | | | |
| Expected | For a CPE claiming support of Erasure Decoding, | | | | | |
| Result | (1)Reported number of code violations ≤ 1 per minute | | | | | |
| | (2)Actual INP ≥ INP_min and actual delay ≤ delay_max | | | | | |
| | (3) The data rate SHALL be higher than the achieved data rate for the | | | | | |
| | same band-profile condition in FORCEINP=1 mode. | | | | | |

Table 27: Erasure Decoding Testing in FORCEINP=0 mode

| Data rate | Actual downstream net data rate | Actual INP | Actual delay | Reported CVs | Pass/fail | | |
|-----------|---------------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|--|--|
| INP_min=2 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| INP_min=4 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

8.4 Virtual Noise test (optional)

The purpose of this test defined in Table 29 is to verify that the virtual noise mechanism in the DSLAM/CPE is implemented correctly according to the directions of Section 11.4.1.1.6.1.2/G.993.2. The way this test is specified makes it applicable to BA8c profile only. The noise profile corresponds to a crosstalk from a group of VDSL2 systems operating in band profile BA8c.

A transmitter referred virtual noise profile will be programmed in the DSLAM. The modem SHALL be trained on a quiet line and then simulated crosstalk noise SHALL be added to the line at transmitter side, with PSD equal to the transmitter referred virtual noise profile The modem SHALL not lose synchronization and the recorded margin SHALL not drop by more than 2 dB when the external noise injection is enabled. The crosstalk noise SHALL only be injected at one end of the loop at once, in order to avoid noise from both ends of the system combining, causing deviation from the desired noise PSD. The test setup SHALL support the actual noise injection over the entire transmission band.

NOTE: When configuring the Transmitter Referred Virtual Noise PSD's using a G.997.1 interface, the frequency SHOULD be converted into the nearest sub carrier index, and the VN PSD power SHOULD be rounded to the nearest 0.5 dBm/Hz resolutions. The same correction SHALL also be applied to the generated crosstalk noise.

The transmitter referred virtual noise at DSLAM side is defined in Table 28.

Table 28: Transmitter Referred Virtual Noise at DSLAM side

| Freq (MHz) | VN PSD (dBm/Hz) |
|------------|-----------------|
| 0.0 | -140 |
| 0.137 | -140 |
| 0.138 | -127.2 |
| 2.999 | -100.5 |
| 3.0 | -140 |
| 5.1 | -140 |
| 5.101 | -95.8 |
| 7.05 | -93.0 |
| 7.051 | -133 |
| 30.0 | -120.5 |

Table 29: Transmitter Referred Virtual Noise Test

| | Table 29: Transmitter Referred Virtual Noise Test | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Test | (1) The modems SHALL be connected as shown in Figure 1 and | | | | | | |
| Configuration | configured in the profile-line combination | | | | | | |
| | BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 defined in Table 94. | | | | | | |
| | (2) Downstream transmitter referred virtual noise (TXREFVNds) | | | | | | |
| | SHALL be configured according to Table 28. The SNRMODE de SHALL be get to 2, which implies | | | | | | |
| | The SNRMODEds SHALL be set to 2, which implies | | | | | | |
| | SNRM_MODE (as defined in G.993.2) is set to 2. | | | | | | |
| | (4) Line simulator SHALL be set up for the straight homogeneous loop | | | | | | |
| | specified for the regional annex in Section 6.3.2. Its length SHALL | | | | | | |
| | be varied in 3 steps from the NULL loop to the length at which the | | | | | | |
| | loop is the equivalent of 20dB @ 1MHz. | | | | | | |
| | (5) Inject –140dBm/Hz AWGN noise at both the DSLAM and CPE. | | | | | | |
| Method of | (1) Force initialization and wait for modems to synchronize. | | | | | | |
| Procedure | (2) Wait 1 minute following synchronization | | | | | | |
| | (3) Record the downstream SNR margin. | | | | | | |
| | (4) Noise injection SHALL be configured to generate simulated | | | | | | |
| | crosstalk noise with PSD equal to the transmitter referred virtual | | | | | | |
| | noise forDSLAM. This noise SHALL be injected on the loop at the | | | | | | |
| | DSLAMside. | | | | | | |
| | (5) After 1 minute, record the downstream SNR margin. | | | | | | |
| | (6) Repeat the test steps 1 through 5 for the 3 loop lengths. | | | | | | |
| Expected | (1) Link SHALL not retrain when simulated crosstalk is turned on. | | | | | | |
| Result | (2) For each loop the SNR Margin drop SHALL be ≤ 2 dB when | | | | | | |
| | simulated crosstalk noise is turned on. | | | | | | |

9 Higher Layer Test Cases

9.1 PTM Throughput Test

This test applies only to VDSL2 modems that support the PTM-TC functionality (Annex K.3/G.993.2 [2]). Table 31 describes the test procedure for the PTM packet throughput test. Test setup is shown in Figure 2.

The throughput tests specified satisfy the terminology criteria of IETF RFC 1242 [11] and the test methodology specified in IETFRFC 2544 [12].

According to RFC 1242, throughput is "the maximum rate at which none of the offered frames are dropped by the device."

According to RFC 2544, the methodology to measure throughput is to "Send a specific number of frames at a specific rate through the DUT and then count the frames that are transmitted by the DUT."

If the count of offered frames is equal to the count of received frames, the rate of the offered stream is raised and the test is rerun. If fewer frames are received than were transmitted, the rate of the offered stream is reduced and the test is rerun.

In this test specification, the number of frames transmitted from one end of the VDSL2 link is compared with the number of frames received at the far end of the VDSL2 link.

Table 30: Packet throughput test bitrates

| Profile-line combination | DS bitrate (Mbps) | US bitrate (Mbps) | Loop Length | Crosstalk |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| AA8d_UPBO_FX_I_040_006 | 40.4 | 5.7 | 600ft | 24 AA8d self |
| AA8d_UPBO_FX_I_027_002 | 27.0 | 2.0 | 2400ft | 24 AA8d self |
| BA17a_D&UPBO_FX_I_050_020 | 50.0 | 20.0 | 150m | n_BA17a_D&UPBO |
| BB17a_D&UPBO_FX_I_050_015 | 50.0 | 15.0 | 150m | n_BB17a_D&UPBO |
| BA30a_D&UPBO_FX_I_075_025 | 75.0 | 25.0 | 50m | n_BA30a_D&UPBO |
| BB30a_D&UPBO_FX_I_080_015 | 80.0 | 15.0 | 50m | n_BB30a_D&UPBO |

Table 31: Packet Throughput Test

| Test | (1)The configuration SHALL be as shown in Figure 2, depending on the | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Configuration | customer interface of the modem. | | | | | | |
| 8 | (2)Set up the loop simulators at the specified loop lengths 26 AWG | | | | | | |
| | cable, or PE04 cable, with the respective noise as defined in Table 30 | | | | | | |
| | injected at the VTUmodem under test (DSLAM or CPE). | | | | | | |
| | (3)Setup the traffic generator/analyzer to send Ethernet frames in both | | | | | | |
| | directions. | | | | | | |
| | (4)Configure both modems for PTM transport. | | | | | | |

| Method of | (1) Configure the SUT in the profile line configuration forcing |
|-----------|--|
| Procedure | maximum and minimum rates to those in Table 30. |
| | (2) Let the CPE train. |
| | (3) Setup traffic generator/analyzer to perform throughput test for |
| | selected Ethernet frame length and connect rate. |
| | (4) Set the throughput rate of the upstream direction to 50% of the |
| | maximum FPS sustainable by the VDSL2 net data rate. |
| | (5) Test for the throughput in the downstream direction. Record the |
| | downstream throughput rate as frames per second. The test SHALL |
| | be run for 120 seconds. |
| | (6) Set the throughput rate of the downstream direction to 50% of the maximum Ethernet frames sustainable by the VDSL2 downstream net data rate. |
| | |
| | (7) Repeat the test for throughput in the upstream direction. Record the upstream throughput rate as frames per second. The test SHALL be |
| | run for 120 seconds. |
| | (8) Divide the analyzer frames per second by the maximum FPS for the connect rate and frame size. |
| | (9) Record as percentage of maximum connect rate. |
| Expected | Based on the throughput tables: The percentage of FPS achievable for |
| Result | all DSL modems SHALL be $\geq 95\%$. |

Table 32: Throughput Test Results for profile AA8d_FX_I_040_006

| Analyzer Recorded Ethernet FPS | | Max FPS | | % of Max | | Pass/Fail | | |
|-----------------------------------|----|---------|-------|----------|----|-----------|----|----|
| Packet Size | DS | US | DS | US | DS | US | DS | US |
| 64 | | | 73122 | 10316 | | | | |
| 256 | | | 19124 | 2698 | | | | |
| 1024 | | | 4836 | 682 | | | | |
| 1514 | | | 3275 | 462 | | | | |

Table 33: Throughput Test Results for profile AA8d_FX_I_027_002

| Analyzer Recorded Ethernet FPS | | Max FPS | | % of Max | | Pass/Fail | | |
|-----------------------------------|----|---------|-------|----------|----|-----------|----|----|
| Packet Size | DS | US | DS | US | DS | US | DS | US |
| 64 | | | 48868 | 3619 | | | | |
| 256 | | | 12781 | 946 | | | | |
| 1024 | | | 3232 | 239 | | | | |
| 1514 | | | 2189 | 162 | | | | |

Table 34: Throughput Test Results for profile BA17a_D&UPBO_FX_I_050_020

| | • | | Analyzer Recorded Max FPS Ethernet FPS | | % of Max | | Pass/Fail | |
|----------------|----|----|--|-------|----------|----|-----------|----|
| Packet Size | DS | US | DS | US | DS | US | DS | US |
| 64 | | | 90497 | 36199 | | | | |
| 256 | | | 23668 | 9467 | | | | |
| 1024 | | | 5986 | 2394 | | | | |
| 1514 | | | 4053 | 1621 | | | | |

Table 35: Throughput Test Results for profile BB17a_D&UPBO_FX_I_050_015

| Analyzer Recorded Ethernet FPS | | Max | FPS | % of Max | | Pass/Fail | | |
|-----------------------------------|----|-----|-------|----------|----|-----------|----|----|
| Packet Size | DS | US | DS | US | DS | US | DS | US |
| 64 | | | 90497 | 27149 | | | | |
| 256 | | | 23668 | 7100 | | | | |
| 1024 | | | 5986 | 1795 | | | | |
| 1514 | | | 4053 | 1216 | | | | |

Table 36: Throughput Test Results for profile BA30a_D&UPBO_FX_I_075_025

| Analyzer Recorded Ethernet FPS | | Max | FPS | % of Max | | Pass/Fail | | |
|--------------------------------|----|-----|--------|----------|----|-----------|----|----|
| Packet Size | DS | US | DS | US | DS | US | DS | US |
| 64 | | | 135746 | 45248 | | | | |
| 256 | | | 35501 | 11834 | | | | |
| 1024 | | | 8978 | 2993 | | | | |
| 1514 | | | 6079 | 2026 | | | | |

Table 37: Throughput Test Results for profile BB30a_D&UPBO_FX_I_080_015

| Analyzer Recorded Ethernet FPS | | Max | FPS | FPS % of Max | | Pass/Fail | | |
|-----------------------------------|----|-----|--------|--------------|----|-----------|----|----|
| Packet Size | DS | US | DS | US | DS | US | DS | US |
| 64 | | | 144795 | 27149 | | | | |
| 256 | | | 37868 | 7100 | | | | |
| 1024 | | | 9576 | 1795 | | | | |
| 1514 | | | 6484 | 1216 | | | | |

A Annex A Physical Layer Test Cases for G.993.2 Region A (North America)

A.1 Annex A-specific Test Setup Information

Test configuration associated with the VDSL2 over POTS (VDSL2oPOTS) deployments with Annex A band-profiles is defined in Table 38.

Table 38: Annex A test configuration

| Type of VDSL2 deployment | Band-profile | Test configuration |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| VDSL2oPOTS | AA8d | Figure 1 |
| VDSL2oPOTS | AA8a | Figure 1 |
| VDSL2oPOTS | AA12a | Figure 1 |
| VDSL2oPOTS | AA17a | Figure 1 |

Following loops SHALL be used (ATIS 0600417 cable models):

- 26 AWG variable length straight loop (6.3.2.1)
- 26 AWG loop with 26 AWG bridged tap segment and 50 ft 24 AWG segment at the customer end of the loop (Figure 4)

NOTE: Modems passing this test are not necessarily meeting the spectrum compatibility as defined by ATIS 0600417 for North America, or any other similar requirement specification. Users of this document SHOULD carry on additional testing to ensure spectral compatibility before deployment.

A.1.1 VDSL2 self-NEXT and FEXT

The VDSL2 near-end and far-end self-crosstalk (NEXT and FEXT) SHALL be based on the VDSL2 transmit level for noise calculations from section 6.3.3.1 and the loop transfer functions from ATIS 0600417:

- NEXT SHALL be calculated using the "Simplified Next Equation" from Section A.3.2.1.1/ATIS 0600417. and the VDSL2 transmit level for the specified loop configuration, gauge, length and number of disturbers.
- FEXT SHALL be calculated using the "Far end crosstalk" equation from Section A.3.2.2/ATIS 0600417 and the VDSL2 transmit level for the specified loop configuration, gauge, length and number of disturbers.
- Self-crosstalk at DSLAM is defined as NEXT from DS VDSL2 and FEXT from US VDSL2.
- Self- crosstalk at CPE is defined as NEXT from US VDSL2 and FEXT from DS VDSL2
- US transmit level (noise PSD) assumes the use of simultaneous U0 and U1 and U2
- US noise PSD in U0 is set to nominal level, i.e., mask − 3.5 dB, and assumes no UPBO
- US noise PSD in U1 and U2 assume UPBO, with the value of kl₀ from Table 40
- NEXT and FEXT component are numerically summed in linear units, not dB.

A.1.2 ADSL2plus NEXT and FEXT

The ADSL2 near-end and far-end self-crosstalk (NEXT and FEXT) SHALL be based on the transmit level for noise calculations from Table 16 and Table 17 in section 6.3.3.1 and the loop transfer functions from ATIS 0600417:

- NEXT SHALL be calculated using the "Simplified Next Equation" from Section A.3.2.1.1/ATIS 0600417 and the ADSL2plus transmit level for the specified loop configuration, gauge, length and number of disturbers.
- FEXT SHALL be calculated using the "Far end crosstalk" equation from Section A.3.2.2/ATIS 0600417 and the ADSL2plus transmit level for the specified loop configuration, gauge, length and number of disturbers.
- ADSL2plus-crosstalk at the DSLAM is defined as NEXT from DS ADSL2plus and FEXT from US ADSL2plus
- ADSL2plus-crosstalk at the CPE is defined as NEXT from US ADSL2plus and FEXT from DS ADSL2plus
- ADSL2plus US and DS PSD is set to nominal level, i.e., mask − 3.5 dB, assume no cutback
- ADSL2plus DS tones are: 33 511
- ADSL2plus US tones are: 7 − 31
- NEXT and FEXT component are numerically summed in linear units, not dB.

A.1.3 Annex A Noise

The noise impairment for Annex A is defined as follows:

- 24 AA8d VDSL2-self + -140dBm/Hz AWGN
- 12 AA8d VDSL2-self + 12 ADSL2plus + -140dBm/Hz AWGN
- 24 AA8a VDSL2-self + -140dBm/Hz AWGN
- 12 AA8a VDSL2-self + 12 ADSL2plus + -140dBm/Hz AWGN
- 24 AA12a VDSL2-self + -140dBm/Hz AWGN
- 12 AA12a VDSL2-self + 12 ADSL2plus + -140dBm/Hz AWGN
- 24 AA17a VDSL2-self + -140dBm/Hz AWGN
- 12 AA17a VDSL2-self + 12 ADSL2plus + -140dBm/Hz AWGN
- -140dBm/Hz AWGN

, where "+" expresses power sum.

Single sided noise injection SHALL be used to minimize the noise coupling through the loop simulator causing unrealistic noise conditions.

The noise injected for bridged tap loops SHALL be identical to the noise injected for straight loops with the equivalent main length. For example, the noise injected for the 300ft bridged tap loop in Table 50 is identical to the noise injected for the 300ft straight loop in Table 49.

Upstream PBO settings for band profile AA8d, AA8a, AA12a and AA17a is defined in Table 39. UPBOKL for straight 26 AWG loop testing and for 26 AWG with BT loop testing is defined in Table 40 and Table 41, respectively.

Table 39: Upstream PBO settings for Annex A testing

| Parameter | Setting | Description | | |
|-----------|---------|---|--|--|
| UPBOA US0 | 40.00 | A and B values US band 0 | | |
| UPBOB US0 | 0 | (These values imply no UPBO) | | |
| AA8d | | | | |
| UPBOKLF | 1 | CPE SHALL be forced to use the kl0 of the | | |
| | | CO-MIB (UPBOKL) to compute the UPBO | | |
| UPBOA US1 | 53 | A value US band 1 | | |
| UPBOB US1 | 21.2 | B value US band 1 | | |
| UPBOA US2 | 54 | A value US band 2 | | |
| UPBOB US2 | 18.7 | B value US band 2 | | |
| | AA8 | Ba, AA12a, AA17a | | |
| UPBOKLF | 0 | CPE SHALL NOT be forced to use the kl0 of | | |
| | | the CO-MIB (UPBOKL) to compute the UPBO | | |
| UPBOA US1 | 53 | A value US band 1 | | |
| UPBOB US1 | 16.2 | B value US band 1 | | |
| UPBOA US2 | 54 | A value US band 2 | | |
| UPBOB US2 | 10.2 | B value US band 2 | | |

Table 40: UPBOKL for straight 26 AWG loop testing

| Loop length (ft) | UPBOKL (kl0) |
|------------------|--------------|
| 300 | 2.32 |
| 600 | 4.64 |
| 900 | 6.97 |
| 1200 | 9.29 |
| 1600 | 12.39 |
| 2000 | 15.48 |
| 2400 | 18.58 |
| 2800 | 21.68 |
| 3200 | 24.78 |
| 3600 | 27.88 |
| 4000 | 30.97 |
| 4500 | 34.85 |
| 5500 | 42.59 |
| 6500 | 50.33 |
| 7500 | 58.08 |
| 8500 | 65.82 |

Table 41: UPBOKL for 26 AWG with BT loop testing

| Loop length (ft) | Bridge tap length (ft) | UPBOKL (kl0) |
|------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| 300 | 20 | 2.32 |
| 600 | 100 | 4.64 |
| 900 | 200 | 6.97 |
| 1200 | 50 | 9.29 |
| 2000 | 100 | 15.48 |
| 2800 | 100 | 21.68 |
| 3200 | 200 | 24.78 |
| 4000 | 100 | 30.97 |
| 4500 | 50 | 34.85 |
| 5500 | 100 | 42.59 |
| 6500 | 100 | 50.33 |
| 7500 | 200 | 58.08 |

A.1.4 Pass/Fail Criteria for Annex A Testing

In addition to achieving the required rate, both downstream and upstream noise margin values are to be considered in determining the result of an individual section. It is acknowledged that achieving a desired noise margin is primarily the responsibility of the receiver. That is, the DSLAM is primarily responsible for achieving desired upstream noise margins, while the CPE is primarily responsible for achieving desired downstream noise margins. Table 42 outlines the pass/fail criteria on the reported noise margin.

Table 42: Noise margin pass/fail requirements

| Reported Noise Margin (dB) | Requirement |
|----------------------------|---|
| < 4 | On no test point |
| \geq 4 and \leq 5 | On at most 10% of the test points |
| ≥ 5 | On at least 90% of the test points |
| ≥ 5.8 | On at least 75% of the downstream test points |

All measurements SHALL be from the DSLAM.

Overall pass/fail criteria for each adaptive rate testing is as follows:

- If any reported noise margin is less than 4dB, then the DSLAM/CPE pair fails the noise margin requirements of that section.
- If more than 10% of the reported noise margins are less than 5dB in a section, then the DSLAM/CPE pair fails the noise margin requirements of that section.
- If more than 25% of the reported downstream noise margins are less than 5.8 dB in a section, then the DSLAM/CPE pair fails the noise margin requirements of that section.
- If more than 10% of the net data rates are less than the data rate requirements in a section, then the DSLAM/CPE pair fails the data rate requirements of that section.

Overall pass/fail criteria for the fixed rate testing is as follows:

- If any of the reported noise margin is less than 5.8dB, then the DSLAM/CPE pair fails the noise margin requirements
- If any of the data rates are less than the data rate requirements, then the DSLAM/CPE pair fails the data rate requirements

If the DSLAM/CPE pair passes both the data rate and noise margin requirements, it passes the section; otherwise, it fails the section.

Table 43 lists the number of test points per section corresponding to the 10% and 25% limits mentioned above.

Table 43: Pass/fail criteria for rate adaptive testing

| Section number | Number of test cases | 10% limit | 25% limit (applies to downstream margins only) |
|----------------|----------------------|-----------|--|
| A.2.1 | 32 | 3 | 4 |
| A.2.2 | 24 | 2 | 3 |

A.1.5 Test cases for CRC error reporting verification test

Test loops and noise impairment for CRC error reporting verification test defined in section 8.1 are listed in Table 44 and Table 45.

Table 44: CRC reporting tests for RA_I_096_056

| Profile-line combination | Length (ft) | Crosstalk | CRC Count | Pass/Fail |
|--------------------------|----------------|---|--------------|-----------|
| | 900 2000 + | 24 AA8d self + -140 dBm/Hz | | |
| AAOA LIDDO | 100BT | AWGN | | |
| AA8d_UPBO | 3200 | | | |
| | 5500+100 BT | 12 AA8d self + 12 ADSL2plus + -140 dBm/Hz AWGN | | |

Table 45:CRC reporting tests for FX_I_027_002

| Profile-line combination | Length (ft) | Crosstalk | CRC Count | Pass/Fail |
|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| AA8d_UPBO | 2000 | 24 AA8d self +-140 dBm/Hz | | |
| | 2400 | AWGN | | |

A.1.6 Test cases for downstream margin verification test

Test loops and noise impairment for downstream margin verification test defined in section 8.2 are listed in Table 46 and Table 47.

Table 46: Margin verification tests for RA_I_096_056

| Profile-line | h (ft) | | DS net data rate (kbps) | | (minutes) | Count | CRC Count | ed BER | Fail |
|--------------|--------------------|---|----------------------------|---|---------------------|-------|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| combination | Length (ft) | Crosstalk | Anticipat ed | Achieved (test start) (test end) | Test Time (minutes) | SES (| CRC | Estimated BER | Pass/Fail |
| | 900 | 24 AA8d | ≥ 40400 | | 5 | | | | |
| | 2000 + 100BT | self + -140 dBm/Hz AWGN | ≥ 27500 | | 5 | | | | |
| | 3200 | | ≥ 22300 | | 5 | | | | |
| AA8d_UPBO | 5500+ 100 BT | 12 AA8d self + 12 ADSL2plus + -140 dBm/Hz AWGN | ≥ 4500 | | 15 | | | | |

NOTE: Maximum BER is 1.5×10⁻⁷.

Table 47 Margin verification tests for FX I 027 002

| Profile-line combination | (ft) | alk | DS net d | (minutes) | Count | Count | ed BER | Fail | |
|--------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------|-------|--------|-----------|-----------|
| | Length | Crosstalk | Anticipat ed | Achieved (test start) (test end) | Test Time | SES (| CRC (| Estimated | Pass/Fail |
| AA8d_UPBO | 2000 | 24 AA8d | ≥ 27000 | | 5 | | | | |
| | 2400 | self + -140 dBm/Hz AWGN | ≥ 27000 | | 5 | | | | |

NOTE: Maximum BER is 1.5×10^{-7} .

A.1.7 Verification of downstream bits, gains and NOMATPds

Downstream bits, gains and NOMATPds values SHALL be verified prior to collecting the performance measurements. The procedure and expected results are provided in Table 48.

Table 48: Verification of downstream bits, gains and NOMATPds

| Table | e 48: Verification of downstream bits, gains and NOMATPds |
|---------------|---|
| Test | (1)Configure the SUT in the following profile-line combination |
| Configuration | applicable to the band-profile under test: |
| | a. AA8d_UPBO_RA_I_096_056 |
| | b.AA8a_UPBO_RA_I_098_058 |
| | c. AA12a_UPBO_RA_I_098_058 |
| | d. AA17a_UPBO_RA_I_150_096 |
| | (2) The DSLAM and CPE are connected in turn through randomly |
| | selected test loops (one from each of the sets below): |
| | • AA8a: |
| | oset 1 (short loops): 600ft, 1200ft, 2400ft |
| | oset 2 (medium loops): 3600ft, 4500ft, 6500ft |
| | oset 3 (bridge tap loops): 2000ft + 100ft BT, 4000ft + 100ft |
| | BT, 7500ft + 200ft BT |
| | • AA8d: |
| | oset 1 (short loops): 600ft, 1200ft, 2400ft |
| | oset 2 (medium loops): 3600ft, 4500ft, 6500ft |
| | oset 3 (bridge tap loops): 2000ft + 100ft BT, 4000ft + 100ft |
| | BT, 7500ft + 200ft BT |
| | • AA12a: |
| | oset 1 (short loops): 300ft, 600ft |
| | oset 2 (medium loops): 1200ft, 1600ft |
| | oset 3 (bridge tap loops): 900ft+200ft BT, 2000ft+100ft BT |
| | • AA17a: |
| | oset 1 (short loops): 300ft, 600ft |
| | oset 2 (medium loops): 1200ft, 1600ft |
| | oset 3 (bridge tap loops): 900ft+200ft BT, 1600ft+100ft BT |
| Method of | (1)Train the modem in the chosen test loop and band-profile. |
| Procedure | (2) Not sooner than two minutes after entering steady state operation |
| | (a.k.a. Showtime), read from the DSLAM the bi and gi values. |

Expected Result

The g_i settings (in the bits-and-gains table) SHALL comply with the following requirements:

- (1) If $b_i > 0$, then g_i SHALL be in the [-14.5 to +2.5] (dB) range.
- (2)If $b_i > 0$, then the linear average of the g_i^2 's in any band (as specified during the initialization procedure, see G.993.2 [2] §12.3.2) SHALL be ≤ 1 .
- (3)If $b_i = 0$, then g_i SHALL be equal to 0 (linear) or in the [-14.5 to 0] (dB) range.
- (4) The value of NOMATPds defined as:

NOMATP =
$$10 \log_{10} \Delta f + 10 \log_{10} \left(\sum_{i \in \text{MEDLEY set}} \left(10^{\frac{\text{MREFPSD}[i]}{10}} g_i^2 \right) \right)$$

SHALL NOT exceed the CO-MIB parameter MAXNOMATPds and SHALL NOT exceed the maximum power specified for the VDSL2 profile under test.

A.2 Performance tests for Band-Profile AA8d

A.2.1 Rate adaptive tests with straight loops

32 individual tests – 29 tests SHALL be passed

Table 49: Profile-line combination AA8d_UPBO_RA_I_096_056

| AA8d_UPBO_RA_I_096_056 | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|---|------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| | Downstr | eam | | Upstream | | | | | |
| Sync I | Rate (kbp | s) | n, 3) | Sync Rate (kbps) | | | n, 3) | | |
| Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margi Reported (dl | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | | |
| Noise l | Profile: 24 | AA8d | self + -14 | 0 dBm/Hz A | WGN | | | | |
| 48000 | | | | 5500 | | | | | |
| 43400 | | | | 5800 | | | | | |
| 40400 | | | | 5700 | | | | | |
| 38200 | | | | 5600 | | | | | |
| 36200 | | | | 5500 | | | | | |
| 34100 | | | | 5400 | | | | | |
| 31400 | | | | 5300 | | | | | |
| 26300 | | | | 4800 | | | | | |
| 22300 | | | | 3200 | | | | | |
| 20300 | | | | 1400 | | | | | |
| 16500 | | | | 800 | | | | | |
| se Profile: 1 | 2 AA8d se | elf + 12 | 2 ADSL2p | lus + -140 d | Bm/Hz AV | WGN | | | |
| 13000 | | | | 700 | | | | | |
| 8000 | | | | 700 | | | | | |
| 5500 | | | | 500 | | | | | |
| | Noise Pr | ofile: - | 140 dBm/l | Hz AWGN | | | | | |
| 6000 | | | | 500 | | | | | |
| 3500 | | | | 500 | | | | | |
| | Noise I 48000 43400 40400 38200 36200 34100 31400 26300 22300 20300 16500 se Profile: 1: 13000 8000 5500 | Sync Rate (kbp Page Page | Sync Rate (kbps) Sync Rate (| Sync Rate (kbps) Fig. 12 Sync Rate (kbps) Fig. 12 Sync Rate (kbps) Fig. 13000 Fig. 1400 Fig. 13000 Fig. | Sync Rate (kbps) | Sync Rate (kbps) | Noise Profile: 24 AA8d self + -140 dBm/Hz AWGN Sync Rate (kbps) Page 200 | | |

A.2.2 Rate adaptive tests with bridged tap loops

24 individual tests – 22 tests SHALL be passed

Table 50: Profile-line combination AA8d_UPBO_RA_I_096_056

| | | AA8d_UPBO_RA_I_096_056 | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| (do | p op) | | Downst | | | Upstream | | | | | |
| f A | Ta l lo | Sync Rate (kbps) | | | J. (2) | Sync R | Sync Rate (kbps) | | | | |
| Length of A (ft, 26 AWG loop) | Length of Tap (ft, 26 AWG loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | | |
| | | Noise | profile: | 24-self | and -140d | Bm/Hz AWC | GN | 1 | | | |
| 300 | 20 | 41000 | | | | 4500 | | | | | |
| 600 | 100 | 36500 | | | | 3500 | | | | | |
| 900 | 200 | 33300 | | | | 4200 | | | | | |
| 1200 | 50 | 32000 | | | | 4300 | | | | | |
| 2000 | 100 | 27500 | | | | 3200 | | | | | |
| 2800 | 100 | 17500 | | | | 2500 | | | | | |
| 3200 | 200 | 16400 | | | | 1800 | | | | | |
| 4000 | 100 | 12300 | | | | 800 | | | | | |
| | Noi | se profile: | 12-self + | 12-AD | SL2plus a | nd -140dBm/ | Hz AWC | GN | | | |
| 4500 | 50 | 8700 | | | | 700 | | | | | |
| 5500 | 100 | 4500 | | | | 600 | | | | | |
| 6500 | 100 | 3500 | | | | 600 | | | | | |
| | | | Noise pr | ofile: -1 | 140dBm/H | Iz AWGN | | | | | |
| 7500 | 200 | 1000 | | | | 400 | | | | | |

A.2.3 Fixed rate tests with straight loops

Fixed rate testing with noise associated with AA8d transmit power as described in section 6.3.3.1 The noise profiles associated with fixed rate testing SHALL be identical to those used for the same loop lengths in the adaptive rate testing above. The loop length dependent UPBO settings and kl0 method used for the adaptive rate testing SHALL be used for the fixed rate tests described in this section.

4 individual tests – 4 tests SHALL be passed

| Table 51. 110me-me combination AAou_Of BO_FA_1_02/_002 | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------|------------------|-----------|------------------|----------|------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | ${\bf AA8d_UPBO_FX_I_027_002}$ | | | | | | | | | |
| gth loop) | | Downs | stream | | | Upstream | | | | |
| | Sync R | Rate (N | (Ibps | | Sync Rate (Mbps) | | | | | |
| Len | | | 3) | 11 | | | 8) | = | | |
| | pa | eq | ted (dB) | Fai | eq | ed | ted (dB) | Fa. | | |
| .00p 26 A | ect | ms | ort in | Pass/Fail | ect | ms | ort in | Pass/Fail | | |
| L. | Expected | Measured | Report Margin | Pa | Expected | Measured | Reported Margin (dB | Ра | | |
| = | | 2 | F Mä | | H | 2 | H M | | | |
| | Noise profile: 24-self and -140dBm/Hz AWGN | | | | | | | | | |
| 2000 | 27 | | | | 2 | | | | | |
| 2400 | 27 | | | | 2 | | | | | |

Table 51: Profile-line combination AA8d UPBO FX I 027 002

4 individual tests – 4 tests SHALL be passed

Table 52: Profile-line combination AA8d_UPBO_FX_I_014_001

| | | | AA8 | d_UPB(| O_FX_I_014_001 | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|----------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| (do | | Downs | stream | | | Upstream | | | | | |
| gth | Sync F | Rate (N | (Ibps | | Sync Rate (Mbps) | | | | | | |
| Loop Length (ft, 26 AWG loop) | Expected | Measured | Reported Margin | Pass/Fail | Expected | Measured | Reported Margin | Pass/Fail | | | |
| | Noise profile: 24-self and -140dBm/Hz AWGN | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3600 | 14 | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| 4000 | 14 | | | | 1 | | | | | | |

A.3 REIN Testing for AA8d

The SUT SHALL be configured as described in section 6.2. The REIN test SHALL use a "burst of pseudo random AWGN" of 100us duration whose differential signal power spectral density is described below (Formula A -1). The REIN noise is injected with a repetition frequency of 120Hz. The test procedure is described in Table 53. Reported data rate and noise margin SHALL NOT be considered in the pass/fail criteria.

Formula A -1: Annex A REIN Impulse PSD

Noise_{REI} (f) =
$$\begin{cases} -116 dBm / Hz f < 2.2MHz \\ max \left(-116 - 40 \times \log_{10} \left(\frac{f}{2.2 \times 10^6} \right), -150 \right) dBm / Hz; f \ge 2.2MHz \end{cases}$$
where: f is in Hz

Table 53: REIN testing for AA8d

| Test | (1)Configure the SUT in AA8d_UPBO_RA_I_096_056 profile-line | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Configuration | combination, with the UPBO settings from Table 39. | | | | | | |
| | 2)The DSLAM and CPE are connected in turn through 26 AWG straight | | | | | | |
| | loops: 1200ft and 4000ft. | | | | | | |
| | (3)The crosstalk noise impairment as defined for the rate adaptive tests | | | | | | |
| | (Table 49) SHALL be applied at both DSLAM and CPE. | | | | | | |
| | (4)The REIN noise impairment SHALL be applied at the CPE in addition | | | | | | |
| | to the crosstalk noise. | | | | | | |
| | (5)Additional test conditions: optional OLR functionality (SRA, SOS) | | | | | | |
| | SHALL NOT be used. | | | | | | |
| Method of | For each INP_min setting, do the following steps: | | | | | | |
| Procedure | (1)Inject the crosstalk impairment and let the system train. | | | | | | |
| | (2) Wait for 3 minutes for bitswaps to settle. | | | | | | |
| | (3)Record the net data rate and reported noise margin. | | | | | | |
| | (4)Apply the REIN impairment for 2 minutes and record the number of | | | | | | |
| | ES. | | | | | | |
| | (5)Record the net data rate and reported noise margin. | | | | | | |
| ExpectedResu | For each loop distance the reported number of downstream ES SHALL be | | | | | | |
| lt | ≤ 2 per minute | | | | | | |

A.4 Long Term Stability Testing for AA8d

This test applies only to VDSL2 modems that support the PTM-TC functionality.

A.4.1 Long Term Stability Test

Table 54: Long term stability test procedure

| Test | (1)Configure the SUT for PTM transport in AA8d_UPBO_ | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Configuration | FX_I_027_002 profile-line combination as defined in Table 6, with | | | | | | |
| | the UPBO settings from Table 39. | | | | | | |
| | (2)The following parameters SHALL be indicated as follows: | | | | | | |
| | • TARSNMRds = 9 dB | | | | | | |
| | • MAXSNRMds = 18 dB | | | | | | |
| | • packet size: 1500 bytes | | | | | | |
| | (3) The loop simulator SHALL be configured to 2 kft 26 AWG straight | | | | | | |
| | loop. | | | | | | |
| | (4)Inject -140 dBm/Hz white noise from 26 kHz to 8.5 MHz at both ends | | | | | | |
| | of the loop. | | | | | | |

| Method of | (1)Train the CPE with the DSLAM | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Procedure | (2)Wait for 1 minute after initialization | | | | | | |
| | (3)Check the reported margin and document as the initial reported margin. | | | | | | |
| | (4)Adjust the noise level at the CPE side until the reported CPE-side margin is approximately 9 dB. | | | | | | |
| | (5)Configure the traffic generator/analyzer to provide MAC frames, both upstream and downstream, at a rate 85% the full bit-rate of the channel. | | | | | | |
| | (6)Run for four hours with constant noise level. | | | | | | |
| | (7)If there are more than 2 ES, then the measurement SHALL be | | | | | | |
| | extended for up to an additional four-hour period (for a maximum of 8 hours). | | | | | | |
| Expected | (1)The customer end modem SHALL NOT lose synchronization at any | | | | | | |
| Result | time during the test. | | | | | | |
| | (2)If during any 4 hour sliding window there are fewer than 3 ES and no | | | | | | |
| | SES then the CPE passes the test. | | | | | | |

A.5 Fluctuating Noise Testing

This test applies only to VDSL2 modems that support the PTM-TC functionality.

Table 55: Fluctuating noise test

| Test | (1)Configure the SUT for PTM transport in AA8d_UPBO_ | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Configuration | FX_I_027_002 profile-line combination as defined in Table 6, with | | | | | | |
| | the UPBO settings from Table 39. | | | | | | |
| | (2)The DSLAM and CPE are connected in turn through 2kft 26 AWG | | | | | | |
| | straight loop. | | | | | | |
| | (3)The AWGN noise at -140dBm/Hz in frequency range from 26 kHz to | | | | | | |
| | 8.5MHz SHALL be applied at both DSLAM and CPE. | | | | | | |
| | (4)The following parameters SHALL be indicated as follows: | | | | | | |
| | • Ethernet frame size without FCS: 1514 bytes | | | | | | |
| | • TARSNRMds = 10dB | | | | | | |
| | • MAXSNRMds = 18dB | | | | | | |
| | (5)Additional test conditions: optional OLR functionality (SRA, SOS) | | | | | | |
| | SHALL NOT be used. | | | | | | |

| Method of | (1)Inject the noise impairment and let the CPE and DSLAM train. |
|-----------|--|
| | 1 |
| Procedure | (2)Wait for 1 minute for bitswaps to settle and record the reported |
| | downstream margin as the initial reported margin. |
| | (3)Adjust the AWGN level at the CPE side until the reported margin is |
| | approximately 10dB. This noise level is termed NL10. |
| | (4)Configure the traffic generator/analyzer to provide MAC frames, |
| | both upstream and downstream, at a rate 95% of the net data rate. |
| | (5)Run the SUT for two minutes with noise level NL10. |
| | (6)Increase the noise level at the CPE side by 4dB (NL6), and without re-training run the SUT for 2 minutes. |
| | (7)Set the noise injected at the CPE side to -140dBm/Hz, and without re-training run the SUT for 2 minutes. |
| | (8)Set the noise injected at the CPE side to NL10 level, and without retraining run the SUT for 2 minutes. |
| | (9)Perform steps 6 through 8 a total of five times (total duration: 2x3x5 minutes = 30 minutes) |
| | NOTE: To avoid the unintended generation of noise impulses, the noise levels SHALL be changed rapidly within a period of 250 microseconds or less. The noise generator SHALL maintain approximately flat |
| | spectrum throughout the transition in noise level. |
| Expected | (1)The CPE modem SHALL NOT lose synchronization at any time |
| Result | during the test. |
| | (2)For the duration of the entire 30 minute test, no more than four |
| | packet errors SHALL occur. |

A.6 Performance tests for Band-Profile AA8a

A.6.1 Rate adaptive tests with straight loops

32 individual tests – 29 tests SHALL be passed

Table 56: Profile-line combination AA8a UPBO RA I 098 058

| AA8a_UPBO_RA_I_098_058 | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| | | | | a_UPDU_ | | | | |
| h Joop | | Downstr | eam | | | Upstro | eam | |
| engt G le | Sync F | Rate (kbp | s) | 3, 3 | Sync | Rate (kbj | ps) | 3), |
| Loop Length (ft, 26 AWG loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| | Noise | Profile: 2 | 24 AA8 | Ba self + -1 | 40 dBm/H | z AWGN | | |
| 300 | 41000 | | | | 8400 | | | |
| 600 | 40500 | | | | 7500 | | | |
| 900 | 39000 | | | | 7300 | | | |
| 1200 | 37000 | | | | 7000 | | | |
| 1600 | 34500 | | | | 6600 | | | |
| 2000 | 33000 | | | | 6000 | | | |
| 2400 | 24500 | | | | 4900 | | | |
| 2800 | 22000 | | | | 4000 | | | |
| 3200 | 21200 | | | | 2500 | | | |
| 3600 | 19000 | | | | 1000 | | | |
| 4000 | 16000 | | | | 875 | | | |
| No | oise Profile: | 12 AA8a | self + | 12 ADSL2 | plus + -140 |) dBm/Hz | AWGN | 1 |
| 4500 | 14500 | | | | 850 | | | |
| 5500 | 9800 | | | | 830 | | | |
| 6500 | 6100 | | | | 790 | | | |
| | | Noise I | Profile: | -140 dBm | /Hz AWG | N | | |
| 7500 | 7000 | | | | 750 | | | |
| 8500 | 5100 | | | | 725 | | | |

A.6.2 Rate adaptive tests with bridged tap loops

32 individual tests – 29 tests SHALL be passed

Table 57: Profile-line combination AA8a_UPBO_RA_I_098_058

| | 200 | | | | | RA_I_098_ | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|----------|-------------|--------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| op) | p op) | Downstream | | | | Upstream | | | | |
| f A loc | Taj | Sync I | Rate (kb | ps) | 1, 3) | Sync | Rate (kb | ps) | 3, | |
| Length of A (ft, 26 AWG loop) | Length o (ft, 26 AWG | Length of Tap (ft, 26 AWG loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| | | Noise pro | ofile: 24 | AA8a se | elf and -14 | 0dBm/Hz A | WGN | | | |
| 300 | 20 | 37500 | | | | 7700 | | | | |
| 600 | 100 | 35000 | | | | 6200 | | | | |
| 900 | 200 | 32000 | | | | 6600 | | | | |
| 1200 | 50 | 30000 | | | | 6600 | | | | |
| 1600 | 100 | 28000 | | | | 5200 | | | | |
| 2000 | 100 | 21500 | | | | 3700 | | | | |
| 2400 | 50 | 18800 | | | | 3200 | | | | |
| 2800 | 100 | 16300 | | | | 2000 | | | | |
| 3200 | 200 | 14400 | | | | 1700 | | | | |
| 3600 | 50 | 13300 | | | | 925 | | | | |
| 4000 | 100 | 11800 | | | | 875 | | | | |
| | Noise | Profile: 12 | AA8a so | elf + 12 | ADSL2plu | ıs + -140 dB | m/Hz AV | VGN | • | |
| 4500 | 50 | 9400 | | | | 850 | | | | |
| 5500 | 100 | 4800 | | | | 830 | | | | |
| 6500 | 100 | 4200 | | | | 790 | | | | |
| | Noise profile: -140dBm/Hz AWGN | | | | | | | | | |
| 7500 | 200 | 2900 | | | | 725 | | | | |
| 8500 | 100 | 1500 | | | | 700 | | | | |

A.7 Performance tests for Band-Profile AA12a

A.7.1 Rate adaptive tests with straight loops

12 individual tests – 11 tests SHALL be passed

Table 58: Profile-line combination AA12a_UPBO_RA_I_098_058

| | | | AA12 | 2a_UPBO | O_RA_I_098_058 | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| h op) | | Downstr | eam | | Upstream | | | | |
| engtl | Sync F | Rate (kbp | s) | n, | Sync | Rate (kb | ps) | 3) | |
| Loop Length (ft, 26 AWG loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin Reported (dB) | |
| | Noise P | rofile: 24 | AA12 | a self + -1 | 40 dBm/H | z AWGN | | | |
| 300 | 42750 | | | | 23000 | | | | |
| 600 | 39000 | | | | 21400 | | | | |
| 900 | 37000 | | | | 19800 | | | | |
| 1200 | 36000 | | | | 16300 | | | | |
| 1600 | 34000 | | | | 12300 | | | | |
| 2000 | 31500 | | | | 9800 | | | | |

A.7.2 Rate adaptive tests with bridged tap loops

12 individual tests – 11 tests SHALL be passed

Table 59: Profile-line combination AA12a_UPBO_RA_I_098_058

| | | | A | A12a_ | RA_I_09 | 8_058 | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| (d o | (da | | Downstr | eam | | | Upsti | ream | |
| f A loc | Ta _j | Sync F | Rate (kbp | s) | l, | Sync | Rate (k | bps) | l, |
| Length of A (ft, 26 AWG loop) | Length of Tap (ft, 26 AWG loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| | N | Noise profile | : 24 AA1 | 2a self | and -140 | dBm/Hz | AWGN | | |
| 300 | 20 | 37000 | | | | 21000 | | | |
| 600 | 100 | 33500 | | | | 18500 | | | |
| 900 | 200 | 31100 | | | | 18400 | | | |
| 1200 | 50 | 29600 | | | | 10500 | | | |
| 1600 | 100 | 26900 | | | | 8700 | | | |
| 2000 | 100 | 24000 | | | | 5000 | | | |

A.8 Performance tests for Band-Profile AA17a

A.8.1 Rate adaptive tests with straight loops

10 individual tests – 9 tests SHALL be passed

Table 60: Profile-line combination AA17a_UPBO_RA_I_150_096

| | AA17a_UPBO_RA_I_150_096 | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|--------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| h (op) | | Downstre | eam | | | Upstrea | am | | | |
| engtl | Sync I | Rate (kbps | s) | n, 3) | Sync | Rate (kbp | s) | n, 3) | | |
| Loop Length (ft, 26 AWG loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | | |
| | Noise Pr | ofile: 24 A | AA17a s | self + -14 | 0 dBm/Hz A | AWGN | ı | | | |
| 300 | 60000 | | | | 25000 | | | | | |
| 600 | 53000 | | | | 21500 | | | | | |
| 900 | 49000 | | | | 20000 | | | | | |
| 1200 | 44500 | | | | 18500 | | | | | |
| 1600 | 38500 | | | | 14000 | | | | | |

A.8.2 Rate adaptive tests with bridged tap loops

10 individual tests – 9 tests SHALL be passed

Table 61: Profile-line combination AA17a_UPBO_RA_I_150_096

| | | AA17a_UPBO_RA_I_150_096 | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| A loop) | p op) | | Downst | ream | | | Upstream | | |
| f A loc | Taj lo | Sync | Rate (kb | ps) | 4 🙃 | Sync | Rate (kbp | s) | 1 • |
| Length of (ft, 26 AWG | Length of Tap (ft, 26 AWG loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| | | Noise pro | ofile: 24 A | A17a se | elf and -1 | 40dBm/Hz | AWGN | • | |
| 300 | 20 | 51500 | | | | 20000 | | | |
| 600 | 100 | 42000 | | | | 19000 | | | |
| 900 | 200 | 35500 | | | | 18000 | | | |
| 1200 | 50 | 33000 | | | | 12000 | | | |
| 1600 | 100 | 27500 | | | | 9000 | | | |

B Annex B Physical Layer Test Cases for G.993.2 Region B (Europe)

B.1 Annex B-specific Test Setup Information

Test configurations associated with the VDSL2 over POTS (VDSL2oPOTS) and VDSL2 over ISDN (VDSL2oISDN) deployments with Annex B band profiles are defined in Table 62.

Table 62: Annex B test configurations

| Type of VDSL2 deployment | Band-profile | Test configuration |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| VDSL2oPOTS | BA8b | Figure 1 |
| | BA8c_D&UPBO | |
| | BA12a | |
| | BA17a | |
| | BA17a_D&UPBO | |
| | BA30a | |
| | BA30a_D&UPBO | |
| VDSL2oISDN | BB8b | Figure 3 |
| | BB12a | |
| | BB17a | |
| | BB17a_D&UPBO | |
| | BB30a | Figure 1 |
| | BB30a_D&UPBO | |

The specific SUT's settings as defined in 6.2 SHALL be used.

B.1.1 Pass/fail criteria for Annex B testing

Tests SHALL be performed according to the general procedure described in section 8. Testing is defaulted to no PBO unless specified in specific test procedure.

- For sections with more than 3 test loops, if more than 10% of the net data rates are less than the data rate requirements in a section, then the DSLAM/CPE pair fails the data rate requirements of that section.
- For sections with less than 4 test loops, the data rate requirement is indicated per table.

In addition to achieving the required rate, both downstream and upstream noise margin values are to be considered in determining the result of an individual section. It is acknowledged that achieving a desired noise margin is primarily the responsibility of the receiver. That is, the DSLAM is primarily responsible for achieving desired upstream noise margins, while the CPE is primarily responsible for achieving desired downstream noise margins. Table 63 outlines the pass/fail criteria on the reported noise margin.

Table 63: Noise margin pass/fail requirements

| Reported Noise Margin (dB) | Requirement |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| < 5 | On no test point |
| ≥ 5 and < 5.8 | On at most 10% of the test points |
| ≥ 5.8 | On at least 90% of the test points |

All values SHALL be collected at the DSLAM.

Overall pass/fail criteria for each rate adaptive test are as follows:

- If any reported noise margin is less than 5 dB, then the DSLAM/CPE pair fails the noise margin requirements of that section.
- If more than 10% of the reported noise margins are less than 5.8 dB in a section, then the DSLAM/CPE pair fails the noise margin requirements of that section.
- If more than 10% of the data rates are less than the data rate requirements in a section, then the DSLAM/CPE pair fails the data rate requirements of that section.
- If the DSLAM/CPE pair passes both the data rate and noise margin requirements, it passes the section; otherwise, it fails the section.

Table 64 lists the number of test points per section or table corresponding to the 10% limit mentioned above.

Table 64: Data rate pass/fail requirements for rate adaptive testing

| Section number | Number of test cases | 10% limit |
|----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| B.3 | 20 | 2 |
| B.4 | 16 | 2 |
| B.6 | 20 | 2 |
| B.7 | 16 | 2 |
| B.8 | 16 | 2 |
| B.10 | 16 | 2 |
| B.11 | 20 | 2 |
| B.18 | 16 | 2 |
| B.19 | 16 | 2 |
| B.20 | 16 | 2 |
| B.21 | 16 | 2 |
| Section number | Number of test cases (per table) | 10% limit (per table) |
| B.5 | 6 | 1 |
| B.9 | 6 | 1 |

B.1.2 Noise impairments

The noise is specified in TS 101 271 [7] and includes the crosstalk noise and the white noise (NEXT noise generator G1, FEXT noise generator G2 and the white noise generator G4).

Noise generators G1 and G2 are injected on one side at a time.

The white noise generator G4 SHALL be set to -140 dBm/Hz at both ends of the loop.

For performance tests with VDSL2oISDN band profiles the line sharing noise generator G8, specified according to TS 101 388 [8], SHALL be used at both ends of the loop.

If the line sharing noise is implemented in the above mentioned generator G8, through the noise injection circuit, the ISDN port of the splitter has to be terminated with the appropriate ISDN impedance. Otherwise, the G8 noise SHALL be realized according to Annex F/TS 101 388. In this case the ISDN port of the splitter SHALL be used for injecting the line sharing noise.

B.1.2.1 Settings for Noise Generator G1, G2 and G4

The settings for noise generators G1, G2 and G4 SHALL be as follows.

The crosstalk coupling functions NEXT and FEXT SHALL be calculated using the transfer function equations from Section ZA.1.3.3/TS 101 271.

For the generic n_XYZ noise the following applies:

- the alien noise disturber frequency domain profiles are associated with the ETSI noise scenario (MD_EX, MD_CAB27 or MD_CAB72) as described in section 6.3.3.2, in a unique way and SHALL be as defined in Annex D.1, Annex D.2 and D.3, respectively; these are given in dBm/Hz.
- the self noise disturber frequency domain profile depends on the number (N) of self disturbers and is associated with the VDSL2 Band-profile (XYZ) which implicitly defines the single self-disturber PSD template for the LT side (US bands) and the NT side (DS bands).

Let $P_{Alien-XYZ,SS}$ be the alien PSD for the generic n_XYZ noise at the SS side (SS=LT, NT) in W/Hz. Let $P_{Self-XYZ,SS}$ be the self-disturber PSD for the generic n_XYZ noise at the SS side (SS=LT, NT) in W/Hz.

The PSD of the noise generators G1 and G2 for the generic n_XYZ noise is a weighted sum of the self-crosstalk and alien crosstalk profiles, as specified in Section 9.3.3/TS 101 271.

At DSLAM side:

- G1 = (XA.LT.n XYZ * XS.LT.n XYZ), with NEXT coupling function
- G2 = (XA.NT.n_XYZ * XS.NT.n_XYZ), with FEXT coupling function At CPE side:
 - G1 = (XA.NT.n_XYZ * XS.NT.n_XYZ), with NEXT coupling function
 - G2 = (XA.LT.n_XYZ * XS.LT.n_XYZ), with FEXT coupling function

Symbol "*" refers to the FSAN crosstalk sum $P_{XYZ,SS}$ of two PSDs in W/Hz, the alien $P_{Alien-XYZ,SS}$ and self-crosstalk $P_{Self-XYZ,SS}$ PSD:

Formula B-1

$$P_{XYZ,SS} = \left[P_{Alien-XYZ,SS}^{1/0.6} + P_{Self-XYZ,SS}^{1/0.6}\right]^{0.6}$$

The alien crosstalk (XA) profiles (XA.LT.n_XYZ, XA.NT.n_XYZ) are defined in Annex D. Self-crosstalk (XS) profiles (XS.LT.n_XYZ, XS.NT.n_XYZ) are specified in Table 65 and describe the self-crosstalk portion of an equivalent disturber co-located at the LT and NT end of the loop.

Table 65: Power calculation of the XS profiles LT and NT

| | MD_EX | MD_CAB27 and | 19self_BA8c |
|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | CAB_72 | |
| XS.LT.n_XYZ | $P_{SingleSelf-XYZ,LT} + 6.68dB$ | $P_{SingleSelf-XYZ,LT} + 7.06dB$ | $P_{SingleSelf-XYZ,LT} + 7.67dB$ |
| XS.NT.n_XYZ | $P_{SingleSelf-XYZ,NT} + 6.68dB$ | $P_{SingleSelf-XYZ,NT} + 7.06dB$ | $P_{SingleSelf-XYZ,NT} + 7.67dB$ |

The values 6.68 dB, 7.06dB and 7.67 dB simulate the power generated by the sum of 13, 15 and 19 disturbers, which is added to the single self-disturber PSD P_{SingleSelf-XYZ,SS} for the generic n XYZ noise at the SS side (SS=LT, NT).

The following clause specifies the method of computation that applies for the single self-disturber PSD PSingleSelf-XYZ,SS. The basic PSD template corresponds to the associated VDSL2 Band-profile (XYZ) as per Section B.2.4/G.993.2 and Section B.2.5/G.993.2, and is defined in accordance to Section B.4/G.993.2. This is considered constant regardless of the loop length corresponding to the specific test point. The single self-disturber PSD P_{SingleSelf-XYZ, SS} is always defined for the complete frequency spectrum as given by the Band-profile configuration. No power reallocation to lower frequencies is taken into account as the loop length increases from one test point to the next.

The following steps SHALL be applied:

- identify the basic PSD template that corresponds to the associated VDSL2 Band-profile (XYZ). where required, apply to the above basic PSD template the DPBO and UPBO shaping of the associated VDSL2 Band-profile (XYZ) to calculate a shaped PSD template. NOTE: for upstream shaped PSD templates the kl₀ value varies with the test point.
- apply a flattening operation that consists in lowering all the highest levels of the above shaped PSD template down such that the power in all bands under the resulting template (all-bands) is less or equal, within a 0.1 dBm difference, to the MAXNOMATP of the associated VDSL2 Band-profile (XYZ) (as per Table 6-1/G.993.2 [2]), both for upstream and downstream. The calculated flattened PSD template corresponds to the P_{SingleSelf-XYZ,SS}.

B.1.3 Verification of downstream bits, gains and NOMATPds

Downstream bits, gains and NOMATPds values SHALL be verified prior to collecting the performance measurements. The procedure and expected results are provided in Table 66.

Table 66: Verification of downstream bits, gains and NOMATPds

| Table | 66: Verification of downstream bits, gains and NOMATPds |
|---------------|--|
| Test | (1)Configure the SUT in the RA_F_150_150 specific line settings. If for |
| Configuration | the specific band-profile the profile-line combinations are defined |
| | with UPBO and/or DPBO enabled, apply the related PBO |
| | configuration parameters defined in the Annex B performance |
| | sections. |
| | (2) The DSLAM and CPE are connected in turn through the following |
| | test loops: |
| | • BA8b: 300m, 1200m, 1800m |
| | • BB8b: 300m, 1200m, 1800m |
| | • BA8c: 150m, 1050m, 1500m |
| | • BA12a: 150m, 1050m, 1500m |
| | • BB12a: 450m, 1050m, 1500m |
| | • BA17a: 150m, 450m, 900m |
| | • BB17a: 450m, 1050m, 1500m |
| | • BA30a: 150m, 450m |
| | • BB30a: 150m, 450m |
| Method of | (1)Train the modem in the chosen test loop and band-profile. |
| Procedure | (2)Not sooner than two minutes after entering steady state operation |
| | (a.k.a. Showtime), read from the DSLAM the bi and gi values. |
| Expected | The g _i settings (in the bits-and-gains table) SHALL comply with the |
| Result | following requirements: |
| | (1)If $b_i > 0$, then g_i SHALL be in the $[-14.5 \text{ to } +2.5]$ (dB) range. |
| | (2) If $b_i > 0$, then the linear average of the g_i^2 's in any band (as specified |
| | during the initialization procedure, see G.993.2 [2] §12.3.2) SHALL |
| | $be \le 1$. |
| | (3)If $b_i = 0$, then g_i SHALL be equal to 0 (linear) or in the [-14.5 to 0] (dB) range. |
| | (4)The value of NOMATPds defined as: |
| | NOMATP = $10\log_{10} \Delta f + 10\log_{10} \left(\sum_{i \in \text{MEDLEY set}} \left(10^{\frac{\text{MREFPSD}[i]}{10}} g_i^2 \right) \right)$ |
| | SHALL NOT exceed the CO-MIB parameter MAXNOMATPds and SHALL NOT exceed the maximum power specified for the VDSL2 profile under test. |
| 1 | |

B.2 Long Term Stability Testing for Annex B

This test applies only to VDSL2 modems that support the PTM-TC functionality.

B.2.1 Long Term Stability Test

Table 67: Long term stability test procedure

(1) Depending on the hand-profile under test, select t

| Test | (1)Depending on the band-profile under test, select the appropriate | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Configuration | profile-line combination and loop length from the below table: | | | | | | | | | |
| | Band-profile | Loop Length (m, PE04) | | | | | | | | |
| | BA17a_RA_I_150_150 | 300 | | | | | | | | |
| | BB17a_RA_I_150_150 | 300 | | | | | | | | |
| | BA17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | 300 | | | | | | | | |
| | BB17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 300 | | | | | | | | | |
| | BA30a_RA_I_150_150 | 150 | | | | | | | | |
| | BB30a_RA_I_150_150 | 150 | | | | | | | | |
| | BA30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | 150 | | | | | | | | |
| | BB30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | 150 | | | | | | | | |
| Method of Procedure | (2) Configure the SUT for PTM transport. (3) The following parameters SHALL be indicated as follows: TARSNMRds = 9 dB MAXSNRMds = 18 dB packet size: 1500 bytes (4) The loop simulator SHALL be configured to the value chosen above. (5) Inject -140 dBm/Hz white noise at both ends of the loop. (1)Train the CPE with the DSLAM. (2)Wait for 1 minute after initialization. (3)Check the reported margin and document as the initial reported | | | | | | | | | |
| | margin. (4)Adjust the noise level at the CPE side until the reported CPE-side margin is approximately 9 dB. (5)Configure the traffic generator/analyzer to provide MAC frames, both upstream and downstream, at a rate 85% the full bit-rate of the channel. (6)Run for four hours with constant noise level. (7)If there are more than 2 ES, then the measurement SHALL be extended for up to an additional four-hour period (for a maximum of 8 hours). | | | | | | | | | |
| Expected | , | L NOT lose synchronization at any | | | | | | | | |
| Result | time during the test. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | low there are fewer than 3 ES and no | | | | | | | | |
| | SES then the CPE passes the tes | Į. | | | | | | | | |

B.3 Rate adaptive performance tests for BA8b

Noise n_BA8b settings as defined in section 6.3.3.2.

20 individual tests – 18 tests SHALL be passed

Table 68: Performance tests with BA8b_RA_F_150_150

| | | | | BA8b_R | A_F_150_1 | 50 | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| 7 3 | Downstream | | | | | eam | | |
| gth | Sync Rat | e (kbps) | | 4 3 | Sync Rate | (kbps) | | 4 0 |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| 150 | 44192 | | | | 9488 | | | |
| 300 | 40712 | | | | 8292 | | | |
| 750 | 27076 | | | | 5760 | | | |
| 1200 | 17328 | | | | 328 | _ | | |
| 1800 | 8380 | | | | 148 | | | |

Table 69: Performance tests with BA8b_RA_I_150_150.

| | | | | | A_I_150_150 | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| | | Down | stream | | Upstream | | | |
| gth oop | Sync | Rate (k | bps) | • | Sync I | Rate (kbp | os) | • — |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| 150 | 41792 | | | | 8900 | | | |
| 300 | 37928 | | | | 7888 | | | |
| 750 | 28196 | | | | 5792 | | | |
| 1200 | 16828 | | | | 368 | | | |
| 1800 | 7792 | | | | 200 | | | |

B.4 Rate adaptive performance tests for BA12a

Noise n_BA12a settings as defined in section 6.3.3.2.

16 individual tests – 14 tests SHALL be passed

Table 70: Performance tests with BA12a_RA_F_150_150

| | | | | BA12a_F | RA_F_150_ | 150 | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|
| 7 3 | Downstream | | | | | Upst | Upstream | | |
| gth ool | Sync | Rate (kł | ps) | 4 3 | Sync | Rate (kbj | os) | 4.0 | |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | |
| 150 | 44728 | | | | 23056 | | | | |
| 450 | 34332 | | | | 15684 | | | | |
| 1050 | 20172 | | | | 2184 | | | | |
| 1500 | 13096 | | | | 640 | | | | |

Table 71: Performance tests with BA12a_RA_I_150_150

| | | | | BA12a_F | RA_I_150_1 | 150 | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| | Downstream | | | | | Upst | ream | |
| gth oop | Sync | Rate (k | bps) | • • | Sync | Rate (kb) | ps) | • |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| 150 | 42696 | | | | 21112 | | | |
| 450 | 33896 | | | | 15188 | | | |
| 1050 | 19956 | | | | 2216 | | | |
| 1500 | 12584 | | | | 632 | | | |

B.5 Rate adaptive performance tests for BA17a

Noise n_BA17a settings as defined in section 6.3.3.2.

6 individual tests – 5 tests SHALL be passed

Table 72: Performance tests with BA17a_RA_F_150_150

| | | | | BA17a_F | RA_F_150_1 | 50 | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| 7 3 | | Downs | stream | | | Upstre | eam | |
| gth | Sync | Rate (kl | pps) | 4 3 | Sync | Rate (kbp | s) | 4.3 |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| 150 | 54892 | | | | 28728 | | | |
| 450 | 38712 | | | | 19536 | | | |
| 900 | 23960 | | | | 3560 | | | |

6 individual tests – 5 tests SHALL be passed

Table 73: Performance tests with BA17a_RA_I_150_150

| | | | | BA17a_F | RA_I_150_15 | 50 | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| | | Downs | stream | | | Upstro | eam | |
| gth oop | Sync | Rate (kb | ps) | • | Sync | Rate (kbp | s) | , |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| 150 | 53256 | | | | 26724 | | | |
| 450 | 39144 | | | | 19020 | | | |
| 900 | 23360 | | | | 3688 | | | |

B.6 Rate adaptive performance tests for BB8b

Noise n_BB8b settings as defined in section 6.3.3.2

20 individual tests – 18 tests SHALL be passed

Table 74: Performance tests with BB8b_RA_F_150_150

| | | |] | BB8b_R | A_F_150_15 | 0 | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|------------|-----------|--------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| a 3. | | Downstream | | | | Upstre | am | |
| gth | Sync | Rate (kb | ps) | 4.3 | Sync | Rate (kbp | s) | , |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| 150 | 43360 | | | | 9928 | | | |
| 300 | 38368 | | | | 8616 | | | |
| 750 | 26608 | | | | 6208 | | | |
| 1200 | 13040 | | | | 616 | | | |
| 1800 | 4576 | | | | 368 | | | |

Table 75: Performance tests with BB8b_RA_I_150_150

| | | BB8b_RA_I_150_150 | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|
| | | Downst | ream | | Upstream | | | | |
| gth | Sync | Rate (kb | ps) | , _ | Sync | Rate (kbp | <u>s)</u> | , _ | |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | |
| 150 | 40528 | | | | 9304 | | | | |
| 300 | 36812 | | | | 8284 | | | | |
| 750 | 27736 | | | | 6128 | | | | |
| 1200 | 13976 | | | | 600 | | | | |
| 1800 | 5320 | | | | 420 | | | | |

B.7 Rate adaptive performance tests for BB12a

Noise n_BB12a settings as defined in section 6.3.3.2.

16 individual tests – 14 tests SHALL be passed

Table 76: Performance tests with BB12a_RA_F_150_150

| | | BB12a_RA_F_150_150 | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 7 3 |] | Downstr | eam | | Upstream | | | | | |
| gth | Sync R | ate (kbp | s) | 4 3 | Sync Rate (kbps) | | | 4.3 | | |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | | |
| 150 | 43772 | | | | 22166 | | | | | |
| 450 | 33704 | | | | 15804 | | | | | |
| 1050 | 17080 | | | | 2088 | | | | | |
| 1500 | 10008 | | | | 652 | | | | | |

Table 77: Performance tests with BB12a_RA_I_150_150

| | | BB12a_RA_I_150_150 | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|
| | | Downstr | eam | | Upstream | | | | |
| gth oop | Sync | Rate (kbp | s) | | Sync 2 | Rate (kb | ps) | , | |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | |
| 150 | 39928 | | | | 20364 | | | | |
| 450 | 32828 | | | | 15316 | | | | |
| 1050 | 17184 | | | | 2600 | | | | |
| 1500 | 10384 | | | | 680 | | | | |

B.8 Rate adaptive performance tests for BB17a

Noise n_BB17a settings as defined in section 6.3.3.2.

16 individual tests – 14 tests SHALL be passed

Table 78: Performance tests with BB17a_RA_F_150_150

| | | BB17a_RA_F_150_150 | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|
| 7 3 | | Downstream | | | | Upstream | | | |
| gth | Sync | Rate (kl | ops) | 4 3 | Sync | Rate (kbp | s) | 1 3 | |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | |
| 150 | 55676 | | | | 20768 | | | | |
| 450 | 35616 | | | | 14644 | | | | |
| 1050 | 15968 | | | | 2056 | | | | |
| 1500 | 8544 | | | | 648 | | | | |

Table 79: Performance tests with BB17a_RA_I_150_150

| | | BB17a_RA_I_150_150 | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|
| | | Down | stream | | Upstream | | | | |
| gth oop | Sync | Rate (k | bps) | • | Sync I | Rate (kbj | os) | | |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | |
| 150 | 53520 | | | | 21392 | | | | |
| 450 | 38276 | | | | 14228 | | | | |
| 1050 | 15628 | | | | 2536 | | | | |
| 1500 | 9164 | | | | 684 | | | | |

B.9 Rate adaptive performance tests for BA17a with DPBO and UPBO

The basic BA17a Band Profile SHALL be applied with the following modifications to the "Common Line Settings" specified in Table 7 to define the shaped-PSD Band Profile BA17a_D&UPBO:

Table 80: Common Line Settings for BA17a_D&UPBO Band Profile

| Parameter | Setting | Description | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| All parameters but | Value as specified | | | |
| those specified below | in Table 7 | | | |
| DPBOEPSD | ADSL2plus | PSD mask that is assumed to be permitted | | |
| DI DOLI SD | Annex A | at the exchange | | |
| DPBOESEL | 27dB@1MHz | E-side electrical length | | |
| DPBOESCMA | 0.1924 | Model of the frequency dependent loss of E-side cable: scalars DPBOESCMA (NOTE) | | |
| DPBOESCMB | 0.5960 | Model of the frequency dependent loss of E-side cable: scalars DPBOESCMB (NOTE) | | |
| DPBOESCMC | 0.2086 | Model of the frequency dependent loss of E-side cable: scalars DPBOESCMC (NOTE) | | |
| DPBOMUS | -95 dBm/Hz | Minimum usable receive signal PSD mask | | |
| DPBOFMIN | 138 kHz | Minimum frequency from which on the DPBO SHALL be applied | | |
| DPBOFMAX | 2208 kHz | Maximum frequency up to which the DPBO SHALL be applied | | |
| UPBOKLF | 0 | Force CO-MIB electrical loop length (means that kl ₀ is estimated during training) | | |
| UPBOKL | estimated during training | Upstream electrical loop length (kl ₀) | | |
| UPBOA US0 | 40.00 | A and B values US band 0 | | |
| UPBOB US0 | 0 | (These values imply no UPBO) | | |
| UPBOA US1 | 47.30 | A value US band 1 | | |
| UPBOB US1 | 21.14 | B value US band 1 | | |
| UPBOA US2 | 54.00 | A value US band 2 | | |
| UPBOB US2 | 16.29 | B value US band 2 | | |
| UPBOA US3 | 54.00 | A value US band 3 | | |
| UPBOB US3 | 16.29 | B value US band 3 | | |

NOTE: the values of DPBOESCMA, B and C are referred to a PE04 loop. Values that are configured according to G.997.1 SHALL be rounded to the nearest scalar value.

The following Profile-line combinations SHALL be configured on the equipment under test:

Table 81: Profile-line combinations for BA17a_D&UPBO

| Profile-line combination | Band-profile | Specific line-setting |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| BA17a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 | BA17a_D&UPBO | RA_F_150_150 |
| BA17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | BA17a_D&UPBO | RA_I_150_150 |

The noise model n_BA17a_D&UPBO defined in Table 82 SHALL be used. It is coherent with the noise models framework specified in section 6.3.3.2.

Table 82: Noise model n_BA17a_D&UPBO

| Noise model | Associated band-profile | Self noise disturbers | Alien noise disturbers | |
|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| n_BA17a_D&UPBO | BA17a_D&UPBO | MD_CAB27 | ETSI MD_CAB27 Table 172, Annex D.2 | |

For this Band Profile the value of kl₀ (UPBOKL) is estimated by the SUTs during training. The PSD of a single self-disturber SHALL be deterministically defined by the settings of Table 80. The kl0 values for calculation of the single self-disturber PSD are listed in Table 83.

Table 83: kl₀ for calculation of the single self-disturber PSD for BA17a_D&UPBO

| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | kl ₀ (UPBOKL) (dB @ 1MHz) |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 150 | 3.7 |
| 450 | 11.1 |
| 900 | 22.3 |

6 individual tests – 5 tests SHALL be passed

Table 84: Performance tests with BA17a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150

| | | BA17a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 7 3 | | Downs | stream | | Upstream | | | | | |
| gth | Sync | Rate (kl | ops) | 4 3 | Sync | Rate (kbp | <u>s)</u> | 4 🙃 | | |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | | |
| 150 | 51336 | | | | 19596 | | | | | |
| 450 | 37744 | | | | 16172 | | | | | |
| 900 | 19700 | | | | 3968 | | | | | |

6 individual tests – 5 tests SHALL be passed

Table 85: Performance tests with BA17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150

| | | | BA17 | 7a_D&UPI | BO_RA_I_150_150 | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| | | Down | stream | | Upstream | | | |
| gth | Sync | Rate (kl | bps) | • • | Sync I | Rate (kbj | ps) | , _ |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| 150 | 51728 | | | | 20080 | | | |
| 450 | 37924 | | | | 15748 | | | |
| 900 | 18828 | | | | 4184 | | | |

B.10 Rate adaptive performance tests for BB17a with DPBO and UPBO

The basic BB17a Band Profile SHALL be applied with the following modifications to the "Common Line Settings" specified in Table 7 to define the shaped-PSD Band Profile BB17a_D&UPBO:

Table 86: Common Line Settings for BB17a D&UPBO Band Profile

| Parameter | Setting | Description |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|
| All parameters but | Value as specified in | - |
| those specified below | Table 7 | |
| DPBOEPSD | ADSL2plus | PSD mask that is assumed to be |
| DEDOEESD | Annex B | permitted at the exchange |
| DPBOESEL | 27dB@1MHz | E-side electrical length |
| DPBOESCMA | 0.1924 | Model of the frequency dependent loss of E-side cable: scalars DPBOESCMA (NOTE) |
| DPBOESCMB | 0.5960 | Model of the frequency dependent loss of E-side cable: scalars DPBOESCMB (NOTE) |
| DPBOESCMC | 0.2086 | Model of the frequency dependent loss of E-side cable: scalars DPBOESCMC (NOTE) |
| DPBOMUS | -95 dBm/Hz | Minimum usable receive signal PSD mask |

| DPBOFMIN | 254 kHz | Minimum frequency from which on the DPBO SHALL be applied |
|------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| DPBOFMAX | 2208 kHz | Maximum frequency up to which the DPBO SHALL be applied |
| UPBOKLF | 0 | Force CO-MIB electrical loop length (means that kl ₀ is estimated during training) |
| UPBOKL | estimated during training | Upstream electrical loop length (kl ₀) |
| UPBOA US0 | 40.00 | A and B values US band 0 |
| UPBOB US0 | 0 | (these values imply no UPBO) |
| UPBOA US1 | 47.30 | A value US band 1 |
| UPBOB US1 | 21.14 | B value US band 1 |
| UPBOA US2 | 54.00 | A value US band 2 |
| UPBOB US2 | 16.29 | B value US band 2 |
| NOTE: the values of DI | PROFSCMA R and C | are referred to a PEM loop. Values that |

NOTE: the values of DPBOESCMA, B and C are referred to a PE04 loop. Values that are configured according to G.997.1 SHALL be rounded to the nearest scalar value.

The following Profile-line combinations SHALL be configured on the equipment under test:

Table 87: Profile-line combinations for BB17a_D&UPBO

| Profile-line combination | Band-profile | Specific line-setting |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| BB17a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 | BB17a_D&UPBO | RA_F_150_150 |
| BB17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | BB17a_D&UPBO | RA_I_150_150 |

The noise model n_BB17a_D&UPBO defined in Table 88 SHALL be used. It is coherent with the noise models framework specified in section 6.3.3.2.

Table 88: Noise model n_BB17a_D&UPBO

| Noise model | Associated band-profile | Self noise disturbers | Alien noise disturbers |
|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| n_BB17a_D&UPBO | BB17a_D&UPBO | MD_CAB27 | ETSI MD_CAB27 Table 172, Annex D.2 |

For this Band Profile the value of kl_0 (UPBOKL) is estimated by the SUTs during training. The PSD of a single self-disturber SHALL be deterministically defined by the settings of Table 86. The kl_0 values for calculation of the single self-disturber PSD are listed in Table 89.

Table 89: kl₀ for calculation of the single self-disturber PSD for BB17a_D&UPBO

| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | kl ₀ (UPBOKL) (dB @ 1MHz) |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 150 | 3.7 |
| 450 | 11.1 |
| 1050 | 26.0 |
| 1500 | 37.1 |

16 individual tests – 14 tests SHALL be passed

Table 90: Performance tests with BB17a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150

| | | BB17a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| 4 3 | | Downs | stream | | | Upstre | am | |
| gtk | Sync | Rate (kl | ops) | 4.3 | Sync | Rate (kbp | s) | 4 🙃 |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| 150 | 54716 | | | | 16668 | | | |
| 450 | 37212 | | | | 14852 | | | |
| 1050 | 11304 | | | | 2584 | | | |
| 1500 | 2648 | | | | 772 | | | |

Table 91: Performance tests with BB17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150

| | | BB17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| | | Down | stream | | | Upsti | ream | |
| gth | Sync | Rate (k) | bps) | • ~ | Sync I | Rate (kbp | os) | , (|
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| 150 | 53036 | | | | 16152 | | | |
| 450 | 39724 | | | | 14424 | | | |
| 1050 | 10920 | | | | 3016 | | | |
| 1500 | 2952 | | | | 756 | | | |

B.11 Rate adaptive performance tests for BA8c with DPBO and UPBO

The basic BA8c Band Profile SHALL be applied with the modifications in Table 92 to the "Common Line Settings" specified in Table 7 to define the shaped-PSD Band Profile BA8c_D&UPBO:

Table 92: Common Line Settings for BA8c_D&UPBO Band Profile

| Parameter | Setting | Description |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| All parameters but those specified below | Value as specified in Table 7 | |
| DPBOEPSD | ADSL2plus Annex A | PSD mask that is assumed to be permitted at the exchange |
| DPBOESCMA | 0.1719 | Model of the frequency dependent loss of E-side cable: scalars DPBOESCMA (NOTE) |

| DPBOESCMB | 0.644453 | Model of the frequency dependent loss of E-side cable: scalars DPBOESCMB (NOTE) |
|-----------|------------------------------|---|
| DPBOESCMC | 0.18359 | Model of the frequency dependent loss of E-side cable: scalars DPBOESCMC (NOTE) |
| DPBOMUS | -101.5 dBm/Hz | Minimum usable receive signal PSD mask |
| DPBOFMIN | 138 kHz | Minimum frequency from which on the DPBO SHALL be applied |
| DPBOFMAX | 2208 kHz | Maximum frequency up to which the DPBO SHALL be applied |
| UPBOKLF | 0 | Force CO-MIB electrical loop length (means that kl ₀ is estimated during training) |
| UPBOKL | estimated during training | Upstream electrical loop length (kl ₀) |
| UPBOA US0 | 40.00 | A and B values US band 0 |
| UPBOB US0 | 0 | (these values imply no UPBO) |
| UPBOA US1 | 60 | A value US band 1 |
| UPBOB US1 | 17 | B value US band 1 |

NOTE: the values of DPBOESCMA, B and C are referred to a PE04 loop @ 1 MHz. Values that are configured according to G.997.1 SHALL be rounded to the nearest scalar value.

The E-side electrical length SHALL be set according to Table 93.

Table 93: DPBOESEL value

| Parameter | Setting | Description |
|-----------|-----------|--------------------------|
| DPBOESEL | 27dB@1MHz | E-side electrical length |

The following Profile-line combinations SHALL be configured on the SUT:

Table 94: BA8c D&UPBO testing descriptions

| Profile-line combination | Band-profile | Specific line-setting |
|--------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_I_150_150 |
| BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_F_150_150 |

The noise model n_BA8c_D&UPBO defined in the following table SHALL be used:

Table 95: Noise model n_BA8c_D&UPBO

| Noise model | Associated band-profile | Self noise disturbers | Alien noise disturbers |
|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| n_BA8c_D&UPBO | BA8c_D&UPBO | 19self_BA8c | none |

In the table above the 19 self BA8c noise scenario corresponds to 19 self disturbers. The associated self noise disturber frequency domain profiles SHALL be calculated as described in B.1.2.1.

As for this Band Profile the value of kl_0 (UPBOKL) is estimated by the SUTs during training, the PSD of a single self-disturber SHALL be deterministically defined by the settings of Table 92 as kl_0 values for calculation of the single self-disturber PSD are listed in Table 96. The UPBOKLE SHALL be reported.

Table 96: kl₀ for calculation of the single self-disturber PSD for BA8c_D&UPBO

| Loop Length (m, TP-100 loop) | kl ₀ (UPBOKL) (dB @ 1MHz) |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 150 | 2.7 |
| 450 | 8.1 |
| 1050 | 18.9 |
| 1200 | 21.7 |
| 1500 | 27.0 |

20 individual tests – 18 tests SHALL be passed

Table 97: Performance tests with BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150

| | BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|------------------|----|--|--|--|--|
| gth oop) | Downstream Upstream | | | | | | | LE | | | | |
| Loop Length n, TP100 loop) | Sync | Rate (kb | pps) | rgin, (dB) | Śync Rate (kbps) | | Sync Rate (kbps) | | | | | |
| Looj (m, T | Expected | Measured Noise Margin, Reported (dB) Noise Margin, Reported (dB) Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Noise Marg Reported (| Reported UPBOKLE | | | | | | | | |
| 150 | 25450 | | | | 8850 | | | | | | | |
| 450 | 22800 | | | | 8800 | | | | | | | |
| 1050 | 15700 | | | | 4700 | | | | | | | |
| 1200 | 12950 | | | | 3750 | | | | | | | |
| 1500 | 10050 | | | | 750 | | | | | | | |

Table 98: Performance tests with BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150

| | BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|--|
| gth oop) | Downstream Upstream | | | | | | | UPBOKLE | | |
| Loop Length n, TP100 loop) | Sync R | Rate (kbj | ps) | rgin, | Sync | Sync Rate (kbps) | | | | |
| Looj (m, T) | cted | ured | Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | cted | | | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | rted U | |
| | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Nois Repo | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Nois Repo | Reported | |
| 150 | 23600 | | | | 8200 | | | | | |
| 450 | 21100 | | | | 8250 | | | | | |
| 1050 | 14650 | | | | 4700 | | | | | |
| 1200 | 12400 | | | | 3750 | | | | | |
| 1500 | 9150 | | | | 700 | | | | | |

B.12 VDSL2oPOTS and VDSL2oISDN test cases for CRC error reporting verification test

CRC verification testing for Region B SHALL be performed in rate adaptive mode according to section 8.1. Testing consists of two test conditions randomly selected from the 3 described in the tables for any given profile-line combination. Test loops and noise impairment for CRC error reporting verification test defined in section 8.1 are listed in Table 99 and Table 100.

Table 99: VDSL2oPOTS test cases for CRC error reporting verification test

| Profile-line combination | Loop leng | - | Noise impairment | CRC Count | Pass/ Fail |
|------------------------------|-----------|-------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | 150 m | | | | |
| BA8b_RA_F_150_150 | 750 m | PE04 | n_BA8b | | |
| | 1800 m | | | | |
| | 150 m | | | | |
| BA8b_RA_I_150_150 | 750 m | PE04 | n_BA8b | | |
| | 1800 m | | | | |
| | 150 m | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_1 50 | 1050 m | TP100 | n_BA8c_D&UPBO | | |
| | 1500 m | | | | |
| | 150 m | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_1 50 | 1050 m | TP100 | n_BA8c_D&UPBO | | |
| | 1500 m | | | | |
| BA12a_RA_F_150_150 | 150 m | | | | |
| | 1050 m | PE04 | n_BA12a | | |
| | 1500 m | | | | |

| | 150 m | | | |
|--|--------|-------|----------------|--|
| DA12- DA I 150 150 | | DEO4 | DA12. | |
| BA12a_RA_I_150_150 | 1050 m | PE04 | n_BA12a | |
| | 1500 m | | | |
| | 150 m | | | |
| BA17a_RA_F_150_150 | 450 m | PE04 | n_BA17a | |
| | 900 m | | | |
| | 150 m | | | |
| BA17a_RA_I_150_150 | 450 m | PE04 | n_BA17a | |
| | 900 m | | | |
| | 150 m | | | |
| BA17a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_ 150 | 450 m | PE04 | n_BA17a_D&UPBO | |
| 130 | 900 m | | | |
| | 150 m | | | |
| BA17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_ 150 | 450 m | PE04 | n_BA17a_D&UPBO | |
| 130 | 900 m | | | |
| D. 20 D. F. 150 150 | 50 m | DE0.4 | D 1 20 | |
| BA30a_RA_F_150_150 | 150 m | PE04 | n_BA30a | |
| | 450 m | | | |
| D. 100 D. 1. 150 150 | 50 m | PE0.4 | D.1.20 | |
| BA30a_RA_I_150_150 | 150 m | PE04 | n_BA30a | |
| | 450 m | | | |
| D. 20 D. S. UDDO D. J. E. 150 | 50 m | DE0.4 | DAGO DOMBDO | |
| BA30a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_ 150 BA30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_ 150 | 150 m | PE04 | n_BA30a_D&UPBO | |
| | 450 m | | | |
| | 50 m | DE0.4 | DAGO DOMBO | |
| | 150 m | PE04 | n_BA30a_D&UPBO | |
| | 450 m | | | |

Table 100: VDSL2oISDN test cases for CRC error reporting verification test

| Profile-line combination | Loop leng type | | Noise impairment | CRC Count | Pass/ Fail |
|--------------------------|-------------------|------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | 150 m | | - | | |
| BB8b_RA_F_150_150 | 750 m | PE04 | n_BB8b | | |
| | 1800 m | | | | |
| | 150 m | | | | |
| BB8b_RA_I_150_150 | 750 m | PE04 | n_BB8b | | |
| | 1800 m | | | | |
| | 150 m | | | | |
| BB12a_RA_F_150_150 | 1050 m | PE04 | n_BB12a | | |
| | 1500 m | | | | |
| | 150 m | | | | |
| BB12a_RA_I_150_150 | 1050 m | PE04 | n_BB12a | | |
| | 1500 m | | | | |

| | 150 m | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|------|----------------|--|
| BB17a_RA_F_150_150 | 1050 m | PE04 | n_BB17a | |
| | 1500 m | | | |
| | 150 m | | | |
| BB17a_RA_I_150_150 | 1050 m | PE04 | n_BB17a | |
| | 1500 m | | | |
| | 150 m | | | |
| BB17a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_ 150 | 1050 m | PE04 | n_BB17a_D&UPBO | |
| 130 | 1500 m | | | |
| DD15 D011DD0 D1 1 150 | 150 m | | | |
| BB17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_ 150 | 1050 m | PE04 | n_BB17a_D&UPBO | |
| 130 | 1500 m | | | |
| DD20. DA E 150 150 | 50 m | DE04 | DD20 | |
| BB30a_RA_F_150_150 | 150 m | PE04 | n_BB30a | |
| | 450 m | | | |
| DD20. DA I 150 150 | 50 m | DE04 | DD20 | |
| BB30a_RA_I_150_150 | 150 m | PE04 | n_BB30a | |
| | 450 m | | | |
| DD20. D0 UDDO DA E 150 | 50 m | DE04 | DD20 D0 UDD0 | |
| BB30a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_ 150 | 150 m | PE04 | n_BB30a_D&UPBO | |
| BB30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150 150 | 450 m | | | |
| | 50 m | DE04 | - DD20- D&UDDO | |
| | 150 m | PE04 | n_BB30a_D&UPBO | |
| | 450 m | | | |

B.13 VDSL2oPOTS and VDSL2oISDN test cases for downstream margin verification test

Downstream margin verification testing for Region B SHALL be performed in rate adaptive mode according to section 8.2 and Table 101, Table 102 and Table 103. Testing consists of two test conditions randomly selected from the 3 described in the tables for any given profile-line combination.

Table 101: Downstream margin verification for VDSL2oPOTS (PE04)

| -line tation | Length (m) | stalk | | data rate (bps) | Test Time (minutes) | SES Count | CRC Count | Estimated BER | Pass/Fail |
|-----------------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| Profile-line combination | Leng | Crosstalk | Anticip ated | Achieved (test start) (test end) | Test (min | SES | CRC | Estima | Pass |
| DAG DA E | 300 | | ≥ 40712 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA8b_RA_F_ 150_150 | 1200 | n_BA8b | ≥ 17328 | | 5 | | | | |
| 130_130 | 1800 | | ≥ 8380 | | 5 | | | | |
| D 4 01 D 4 4 | 300 | | ≥ 37928 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA8b_RA_I_ 150_150 | 1200 | n_BA8b | ≥ 16828 | | 5 | | | | |
| 130_130 | 1800 | | ≥ 7792 | | 10 | | | | |
| D.140 D.1 D | 150 | | ≥ 44728 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA12a_RA_F _150_150 | 1050 | n_BA12a | ≥ 20172 | | 5 | | | | |
| _130_130 | 1500 | | ≥ 13096 | | 5 | | | | |
| D. 10 D. 1 | 150 | | ≥ 42696 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA12a_RA_I _150_150 | 1050 | n_BA12a | ≥ 19956 | | 5 | | | | |
| _100_100 | 1500 | | ≥ 12584 | | 10 | | | | |
| D.17 D. F | 150 | | ≥ 54892 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA17a_RA_F _150_150 | 450 | n_BA17a | ≥ 38712 | | 5 | | | | |
| _100_100 | 900 | | ≥ 23960 | | 5 | | | | |
| D.145 D.1 T | 150 | | ≥ 53256 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA17a_RA_I _150_150 | 450 | n_BA17a | ≥ 39144 | | 5 | | | | |
| _130_130 | 900 | | ≥ 23360 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA17a_D&U | 150 | 2.15 | ≥ 51336 | | 5 | | | | |
| PBO_RA_F_1 | 450 | n_BA17a_ D&UPBO | ≥ 37744 | | 5 | | | | |
| 50_150 | 900 | Dacibo | ≥ 19700 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA17a_D&U | 150 | 2.15 | ≥ 51728 | | 5 | | | | |
| PBO_RA_I_1 | 450 | n_BA17a_ D&UPBO | ≥ 37924 | | 5 | | | | |
| 50_150 | 900 | | ≥ 18828 | | 5 | | | | |
| | 50 | | ≥ 85244 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA30a_RA_F _150_150 | 150 | n_BA30a | ≥ 67244 | | 5 | | | | |
| _130_130 | 450 | | ≥ 40232 | | 5 | | | | |

| | 50 | | ≥ 81044 | 5 | | |
|-------------------------|-----|--------------------|---------|---|--|--|
| BA30a_RA_I _150_150 | 150 | n_BA30a | ≥ 62316 | 5 | | |
| _130_130 | 450 | | ≥ 41496 | 5 | | |
| | 50 | | ≥ 85092 | 5 | | |
| BA30a_D&U PBO_RA_F_1 | 150 | n_BA30a_ D&UPBO | ≥ 65840 | 5 | | |
| 50_150 | 450 | Баство | ≥ 35660 | 5 | | |
| | 50 | | ≥ 79588 | 5 | | |
| BA30a_D&U PBO_RA_I_1 | 150 | n_BA30a_ D&UPBO | ≥ 61440 | 5 | | |
| 50_150 | 450 | Баство | ≥ 39872 | 5 | | |

Table 102: Downstream margin verification for VDSL2oPOTS (TP100)

| -line ation | :h (m) | talk | DS net data rate (kbps) | | Time utes) | Count | Count | ed BER | Pass/Fail |
|-----------------------------|--------|-----------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|-------|-------|-----------|-----------|
| Profile-line combination | Length | Crosstalk | Anticip ated | Achieved (test start) (test end) | Test Time (minutes) | SES (| CRC | Estimated | Pass |
| BA8c_D&UPB | 150 | | ≥ 25450 | | 5 | | | | |
| O_RA_F_150_ | 1050 | n_BA8c | ≥ 15700 | | 5 | | | | |
| 150 | 1500 | | ≥ 10050 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPB | 150 | | ≥ 23600 | | 5 | | | | |
| O _RA_I_150_15 | 1050 | n_BA8c | ≥ 14650 | | 5 | | | | |
| 0 | 1500 | | ≥ 9150 | | 10 | | | | |

Table 103: Downstream margin verification for VDSL2oISDN (PE04)

| -line ation | Length (m) | | DS net | Time nutes) | Count | Count | ed BER | Pass/Fail | |
|-----------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------------|---|------------------------|-------|--------|-----------|------|
| Profile-line combination | Leng | Crosstalk | Anticip ated | Achieved (test start) (test end) | Test Time (minutes) | SES (| CRC | Estimated | Pass |
| BB8b_RA_F_1 | 300 | n_BB8b | ≥ 38368 | | 5 | | | | |
| 50_150 | 1200 | | ≥ 13040 | | 5 | | | | |
| | 1800 | | ≥ 4576 | | 10 | | | | |
| BB8b_RA_I_1 | 300 | n_BB8b | ≥ 36812 | | 5 | | | | |
| 50_150 | 1200 | | ≥ 13976 | | 5 | | | | |
| | 1800 | | ≥ 5320 | | 15 | | | | |

| | | ı | 1 | T T | 1 | 1 1 |
|---------------------|------|--------------------|---------|-----|---|-----|
| BB12a_RA_F | 450 | n_BB12a | ≥ 33704 | 5 | | |
| _150_150 | 1050 | | ≥ 17080 | 5 | | |
| | 1500 | | ≥ 10008 | 5 | | |
| BB12a_RA_I_ | 450 | n_BB12a | ≥ 32828 | 5 | | |
| 150_150 | 1050 | | ≥ 17184 | 5 | | |
| | 1500 | | ≥ 10384 | 10 | | |
| BB17a_RA_F | 450 | n_BB17a | ≥ 35616 | 5 | | |
| _150_150 | 1050 | | ≥ 15968 | 5 | | |
| | 1500 | | ≥ 8544 | 5 | | |
| BB17a_RA_I_ | 450 | n_BB17a | ≥ 38276 | 5 | | |
| 150_150 | 1050 | | ≥ 15628 | 5 | | |
| | 1500 | | ≥ 9164 | 10 | | |
| BB17a_D&UP | 150 | n_BB17a_ | ≥ 54716 | 5 | | |
| BO_RA_F_150 _150 | 1050 | D&UPBO | ≥ 11304 | 5 | | |
| _130 | 1500 | | ≥ 2648 | 10 | | |
| BB17a_D&UP | 150 | n_BB17a_ | ≥ 53036 | 5 | | |
| BO_RA_I_150 _150 | 1050 | D&UPBO | ≥ 10920 | 10 | | |
| _130 | 1500 | | ≥ 2952 | 25 | | |
| BB30a_RA_F_ | 50 | | ≥ 89232 | 5 | | |
| 150_150 | 150 | n_BB30a | ≥ 73488 | 5 | | |
| | 450 | | ≥ 46064 | 5 | | |
| BB30a_RA_I_1 | 50 | | ≥ 83928 | 5 | | |
| 50_150 | 150 | n_BB30a | ≥ 69144 | 5 | | |
| | 450 | | ≥ 44316 | 5 | | |
| BB30a_D&UP | 50 | DD 20 | ≥ 88840 | 5 | | |
| BO_RA_F_150 150 | 150 | n_BB30a_ D&UPBO | ≥ 72408 | 5 | | |
| _130 | 450 | | ≥ 44844 | 5 | | |
| BB30a_D&UP | 50 | | ≥ 85932 | 5 | | |
| BO_RA_I_150 _150 | 150 | n_BB30a_ D&UPBO | ≥ 67516 | 5 | | |
| _150 | 450 | | ≥ 41824 | 5 | | |

B.14 VDSL2oPOTS and VDSL2oISDN test cases for upstream margin verification test

Upstream margin verification testing for Region B SHALL be performed in rate adaptive mode according to section 8.2 with parameters provided in Table 104, Table 105 and Table 106. Testing consists of two test conditions randomly selected from the 3 described in the tables for any given profile-line combination.

Table 104: Upstream margin verification for VDSL2oPOTS (PE04)

| -line ation | Length (m) | Crosstalk | | US net data rate (kbps) | | SES Count | Count | Estimated BER | Pass/Fail |
|-----------------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|-----------|-------|---------------|-----------|
| Profile-line combination | Leng | | Anticip ated | Achieved (test start) (test end) | Test Time (minutes) | SES (| CRC | Estimat | Pass |
| | 300 | | ≥ 8292 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA8b_RA_F_1 | 750 | n_BA8b | ≥ 5760 | | 5 | | | | |
| 50_150 | 1200 | | ≥ 328 | | 40 (NOTE2) | | | | |
| | 300 | | ≥ 7888 | | 10 | | | | |
| BA8b_RA_I_1 | 750 | n_BA8b | ≥ 5792 | | 15 | | | | |
| 50_150 | 1200 | _ | ≥ 368 | | 55 (NOTE1) | | | | |
| D.112 D.1 E | 150 | | ≥ 23056 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA12a_RA_F_ 150_150 | 1050 | n_BA12a | ≥ 2184 | | 15 | | | | |
| 100_100 | 1500 | | ≥ 640 | | 40 | | | | |
| | 150 | | ≥ 21112 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA12a_RA_I_ | 1050 | n_BA12a | ≥ 2216 | | 35 | | | | |
| 150_150 | 1500 | | ≥ 632 | | 55 (NOTE2) | | | | |
| DA17. DA E | 150 | | \geq 28728 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA17a_RA_F_ 150_150 | 450 | n_BA17a | ≥ 19536 | | 5 | | | | |
| | 900 | | ≥ 3560 | | 10 | | | | |
| DA17. DA I | 150 | | ≥ 26724 | | 5 | | | | |
| BA17a_RA_I_ 150_150 | 450 | n_BA17a | ≥ 19020 | | 5 | | | | |
| _ | 900 | | ≥ 3688 | | 20 | | | | |
| BA17a_D&UP | 150 | n DA17a | ≥ 19596 | | 5 | | | | |
| BO_RA_F_150 | 450 | n_BA17a_ D&UPBO | ≥ 16172 | | 5 | | | | |
| _150 | 900 | | ≥ 3968 | | 10 | | | | |
| BA17a_D&UP | 150 | n_BA17a_ | ≥ 20080 | | 5 | | | | |
| BO_RA_I_150 | 450 | D&UPBO | ≥ 15748 | | 5 | | | | |
| _150 | 900 | | ≥ 4184 | | 20 | | | | |

| BA30a_RA_F_ 150_150 | 50 | n_BA30a | ≥ 49764 | 5 | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|--------------------|---------|---|--|--|
| | 150 | | ≥ 38356 | 5 | | |
| | 450 | | ≥ 18692 | 5 | | |
| BA30a_RA_I_ 150_150 | 50 | n_BA30a | ≥ 45640 | 5 | | |
| | 150 | | ≥ 36840 | 5 | | |
| | 450 | | ≥ 18572 | 5 | | |
| BA30a_D&UP BO_RA_F_150 _150 | 50 | n_BA30a_ D&UPBO | ≥ 28012 | 5 | | |
| | 150 | | ≥ 23708 | 5 | | |
| | 450 | Bacibo | ≥ 13500 | 5 | | |
| BA30a_D&UP BO_RA_I_150 _150 | 50 | n_BA30a_ D&UPBO | ≥ 26020 | 5 | | |
| | 150 | | ≥ 22144 | 5 | | |
| | 450 | Dacibo | ≥ 11986 | 5 | | |

NOTE1: Due to the low data rates under this loop and noise condition, the observation of 10 error events takes a very long time (at BER ~ 1e-7). To accelerate testing, the desired number of observed error events is reduced to 3. To remain consistent with previous confidence levels of estimated BER, the range of allowed estimated BER is increased from 1.5e-7 to 2e-7.

NOTE2: Due to the low data rates under this loop and noise condition, the observation of 10 error events takes a very long time To accelerate testing, the desired number of observed error events is reduced to 5. To remain consistent with previous confidence levels of estimated BER, the range of allowed estimated BER is increased from 1.5e-7 to 1.75e-7.

Table 105: Upstream margin verification for VDSL2oPOTS (TP100)

| Profile-line combination | Lengt h (m) | Crosstalk | US net data rate (kbps) | | Test Time (minutes) | Count | Count | ited BER | Pass/Fail |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|-------|-------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | Anticip ated | Achieved (test start) (test end) | Test (mi | SES | CRC | Estimated | Pas |
| BA8c_D&UPB | 150 | n_BA8c | ≥ 8850 | | 5 | | | | |
| O_RA_F_150_ | 1050 | | ≥ 4700 | | 10 | | | | |
| 150 | 1500 | | ≥ 750 | | 35 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPB O_RA_I_150_1 50 | 150 | n_BA8c | ≥ 8200 | | 10 | | | | |
| | 1050 | | ≥ 4700 | | 15 | | · | · | |
| | 1500 | | ≥ 700 | | 50 (NOTE) | | | | |

NOTE: Due to the low data rates under this loop and noise condition, the observation of 10 error events takes a very long time (at BER \sim 1e-7). To accelerate testing, the desired number of observed error events is reduced to 5. To remain consistent with previous confidence levels of estimated BER, the range of allowed estimated BER is increased from 1.5e-7 to 1.75e-7.

Table 106: Upstream margin verification for VDSL2oISDN(PE04)

| Table 106: Upstream margin verification for VDSL2oISDN(PE04) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---|------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| Profile-line combination | Length (m) | Crosstalk | US net data rate (kbps) | | l'ime ites) | ount | ount | d BER | Fail |
| | | | Anticip ated | Achieved (test start) (test end) | Test Time (minutes) | SES Count | CRC Count | Estimated BER | Pass/Fail |
| BB8b_RA_F_1 | 300 | n_BB8b | ≥ 8616 | | 5 | | | | |
| 50_150 | 750 | | ≥ 6208 | | 5 | | | | |
| | 1200 | | ≥ 616 | | 45 | | | | |
| BB8b_RA_I_15 | 300 | n_BB8b | ≥ 8284 | | 10 | | | | |
| 0_150 | 750 | | ≥ 6128 | | 15 | | | | |
| | 1200 | | ≥ 600 | | 60 (NOTE) | | | | |
| BB12a_RA_F _150_150 | 450 | n_BB12a | ≥ 15804 | | 5 | | | | |
| | 1050 | | ≥ 2088 | | 15 | | | | |
| | 1500 | | ≥ 652 | | 40 | | | | |
| BB12a_RA_I_ 150_150 | 450 | n_BB12a | ≥ 15316 | | 5 | | | | |
| | 1050 | | ≥ 2600 | | 30 | | | | |
| | 1500 | | ≥ 680 | | 50 (NOTE) | | | | |
| BB17a_RA_F _150_150 | 450 | n_BB17a | ≥ 14644 | | 5 | | | | |
| | 1050 | - | ≥ 2056 | | 15 | | | | |
| | 1500 | | ≥ 648 | | 40 | | | | |
| BB17a_RA_I_ | 450 | n_BB17a | ≥ 14228 | | 5 | | | | |
| 150_150 | 1050 | | ≥ 2536 | | 30 | | | | |
| | 1500 | | ≥ 684 | | 50 (NOTE) | | | | |
| BB17a_D&UP BO_RA_F_150 _150 | 150 | n_BB17a_ | ≥ 16668 | | 5 | | | | |
| | 1050 | D&UPBO | ≥ 2584 | | 10 | | | | |
| | 1500 | | ≥ 772 | | 35 | | | | |
| BB17a_D&UP BO_RA_I_150 _150 | 150 | n_BB17a_ D&UPBO | ≥ 16152 | | 5 | | | | |
| | 1050 | | ≥ 3016 | | 25 | | | | |
| _ | 1500 | | ≥ 756 | | 45 (NOTE) | | | | |

| BB30a_RA_F_ 150_150 | 50 | n_BB30a | ≥ 43276 | | 5 | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|--------------------|---------|---|---|--|--|
| | 150 | | ≥ 30480 | | 5 | | |
| | 450 | | ≥ 14540 | | 5 | | |
| BB30a_RA_I_1 50_150 | 50 | | ≥ 39232 | | 5 | | |
| | 150 | n_BB30a | ≥ 28648 | | 5 | | |
| | 450 | | ≥ 13744 | | 5 | | |
| BA30a_D&UP | 50 | n_BB30a_ D&UPBO | ≥ 18124 | | 5 | | |
| BO_RA_F_150 _150 | 150 | | ≥ 17020 | | 5 | | |
| | 450 | Daorbo | ≥ 12996 | | 5 | | |
| BB30a_D&U PBO_RA_I_1 50_150 | 50 | n_BB30a_ D&UPBO | ≥ 16892 | | 5 | | |
| | 150 | | ≥ 16136 | | 5 | | |
| | 450 | Daorbo | ≥ 13220 | _ | 5 | | |

NOTE: Due to the low data rates under this loop and noise condition, the observation of 10 error events takes a very long time (at BER ~ 1e-7). To accelerate testing, the desired number of observed error events is reduced to 5. To remain consistent with previous confidence levels of estimated BER, the range of allowed estimated BER is increased from 1.5e-7 to 1.75e-7.

B.15 REIN Testing for BA8c

B.15.1 Common Line Setting Variations

The test setup is to be configured according to Section 6.1 as appropriate for the modems under test. The test loop SHALL be TP100.

The basic BA8c Band Profile SHALL be applied with the modifications in Table 92 to the "Common Line Settings" specified in Table 7 to define the shaped-PSD Band Profile BA8c_D&UPBO.

The E-side electrical length SHALL be set according to Table 93.

The following profile-line combinations SHALL be configures on the SUT.

Table 107: Modified BA8c D&UPBO Profile-line-combinations for REIN testing

| Profile-line combination | Band-profile | Specific line-setting |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_I_150_150 |
| BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_I_023_008 | BA8c_D&UPBO | FX_I_023_008 |
| BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_I_021_008 | BA8c_D&UPBO | FX_I_021_008 |
| BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_I_014_005 | BA8c_D&UPBO | FX_I_014_005 |
| BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_I_010_0026 | BA8c_D&UPBO | FX_I_010_0026 |
| BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_I_007_0007 | BA8c_D&UPBO | FX_I_007_0007 |

B.15.2 Noise Models

The noise model n_BA8c_D&UPBO defined in Table 108 SHALL be used.

Table 108: Noise model n BA8c D&UPBO for REIN testing

| Noise model | Associated band-profile | Self noise disturbers | Alien noise disturbers | |
|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--|
| n_BA8c_D&UPBO | BA8c_D&UPBO | 19self_BA8c | none | |

The REIN noise SHALL use a burst of pseudo random noise of 100µs duration whose differential signal power spectral density is described by Formula B- 2.

Formula B- 2 REIN Impulse PSD for BA8c

$$Noise_{REIN}(f) = \begin{cases} -86 dBm/Hz : f(Hz) < 0.316 \times 10^{6} \\ \max \left[-86 - 80 \times \log_{10} \left(f/0.316 \times 10^{6} \right), -116 \right] : 0.316 \times 10^{6} < f(Hz) \le 0.75 \times 10^{6} \\ -116 dBm/Hz : 0.75 \times 10^{6} < f(Hz) < 2.2 \times 10^{6} \\ \max \left[-116 - 20 \times \log_{10} \left(f/2.2 \times 10^{6} \right), -150 \right] : f(Hz) \ge 2.2 \times 10^{6} \end{cases}$$

The REIN noise is injected with a repetition frequency of 100Hz.

B.15.3 REIN testing in rate adaptive mode

The test procedure is described in Table 109.

| | Fable 109: REIN test procedure – rate adaptive mode | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| Test | (1) The test setup is to be configured according to Section 6.1 as | | |
| Configuration | appropriate for the modems under test. The test loop SHALL be | | |
| | straight homogeneous TP100. | | |
| | (2) Configure the SUT in the BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | | |
| | profile-line combination. Target noise margin is specified in Table | | |
| | 110. | | |
| | (3) The DSLAM and VTU-R are connected in turn through each loop | | |
| | length specified in Table 110. | | |
| | (4) The crosstalk noise impairment n_BA8c_D&UPBO SHALL be | | |
| | applied at both DSLAM and CPE. | | |
| | (5) Additive Gaussian White noise at -140 dBm/Hz is injected at both | | |
| | DSLAM and CPE. | | |
| | (6) The REIN noise impairment SHALL be applied at both DSLAM | | |
| | and CPE in addition to the crosstalk noise and the AWGN. The | | |
| | REIN sources SHALL be coming from a single source to ensure | | |
| | they are synchronous. | | |

| Method of | (1)Train the link in the presence of the crosstalk noise, AWGN and | | | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Procedure | REIN impairments. | | | | |
| | (2) Wait for 3 minutes after initialization for bitswaps to settle. | | | | |
| | (3)Record the net data rate R (kbps) and the number of ES that occur | | | | |
| | during the following 2 minutes. | | | | |
| Expected | (1) The broadband link SHALL operate in the presence of the REIN. | | | | |
| Result | (2) If the link fails to train within 2 minutes or the connection is | | | | |
| | dropped before the end of the test, the result SHALL be declared a | | | | |
| | fail. | | | | |
| | (3)The number of reported ES SHALL be ≤ 1 | | | | |
| | (4)A data rate pass on the test point requires that the expected data rate | | | | |
| | in Table 110 is achieved. | | | | |

Table 110 defines a set of four tests. In each test, the crosstalk and REIN noise impairment is injected at both sides, DSLAM and CPE, and both downstream and upstream data rate, reported margin and the ES count are recorded during the test. In total there are 8 test points (4 in downstream and 4 in upstream) and the SUT SHALL pass a minimum of seven of these test points.

If one of these test points fails, the test MAY be repeated. One of the test points MAY be repeated several times, but the total number of test attempts required to pass the seven test points SHALL NOT exceed 16.

Table 110: REIN testing in rate adaptive mode

| | Profile-line combination BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| | | | 1 !} | Downstream | | | Upstream | | | | | | |
| Loop Length (m, TP100) | Target Margin DS (dB) | Target Margin US (dB) | Link trained and did not loose sync? | Expected syxnc rate (kbps) | Measured sync rate (kbps) | Measured ES | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Pass/Fail | Expected syxnc rate (kbps) | Measured sync rate (kbps) | Measured ES | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Pass/Fail |
| 100 | 6 | 6 | | 23128 | | | | | 8000 | | | | |
| 300 | 9 | 9 | | 20350 | | | | | 7250 | | | | |
| 500 | 9 | 9 | | 18350 | | | | | 6750 | | | | |
| 1000 | 9 | 9 | | 12850 | | | | | 3600 | | | | |

B.15.4 REIN testing in fixed rate mode

The test procedure is described in Table 111.

Table 111: REIN test procedure – fixed rate mode

| | Tuble 111. REIT (test procedure - Inacu rute inoue | | | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Test | (1) The test setup is to be configured according to Section 6.1 as | | | | |
| Configuration | appropriate for the modems under test. The test loop SHALL be | | | | |
| | straight homogeneous TP100. | | | | |
| | (2)Configure the SUT in the required BA8c Fixed-Rate profile-line | | | | |
| | combination from Table 107. Target noise margin SHALL be set to | | | | |
| | 6dB. | | | | |
| | (3)The DSLAM and CPE are connected in turn through each loop | | | | |
| | length specified in Table 112. | | | | |
| | (4)The crosstalk noise impairment n_BA8c_D&UPBO and SHALL be | | | | |
| | applied at both DSLAM and CPE. | | | | |
| | (5)Additive Gaussian White noise at -140 dBm/Hz is injected at both | | | | |
| | DSLAM and CPE. | | | | |
| | (6)The REIN noise impairment SHALL be applied at both DSLAM | | | | |
| | and CPE in addition to the crosstalk noise and the AWGN. The | | | | |
| | REIN sources SHALL be coming from a single source to ensure | | | | |
| | they are synchronous. | | | | |
| Method of | (1)Train the link in the presence of the crosstalk noise, AWGN and | | | | |
| Procedure | REIN impairments. | | | | |
| | (2) Wait for 3 minutes after initialization for bitswaps to settle. | | | | |
| | (3)Record the net data rate R (kbps) and the number of ES that occur | | | | |
| | during the following 2 minutes. | | | | |
| Expected | (1)The broadband link SHALL operate in the presence of the REIN. | | | | |
| Result | (2)If the link fails to train within 2 minutes or the connection is | | | | |
| | dropped before the end of the test, the result SHALL be declared a | | | | |
| | fail. | | | | |
| | (3)The number of reported ES SHALL be ≤ 1 | | | | |

Table 112 defines a set of five tests. In each test, the crosstalk and REIN noise impairment is injected at both VTU sides and both downstream and upstream data rate, reported margin and the ES count are recorded during the test. In total there are 10 test points (5 in downstream and 5 in upstream) and the SUT SHALL pass a minimum of 9 of these test points.

If one of these separate tests fails, the test MAY be repeated. One of the test points MAY be repeated several times, but the total number of test attempts required to pass the nine test points SHALL NOT exceed 16.

Table 112: REIN Reach impairment, Fixed Rate Profile

| | Band-profile BA8c_D&UPBO | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|----------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| | ಶಾ | d and sync? | | Downstream | | | Upstream | | | |
| Loop Length (m, TP100) | Loop Length (m, TP100) Specific line setting | | Measured sync rate (kbps) | Measured ES | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Pass/Fail | Measured sync rate (kbps) | Measured ES | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Pass/Fail |
| 100 | FX_I_023_008 | | | | | | | | | |
| 400 | FX_I_021_008 | | | | | | | | | |
| 900 | FX_I_014_005 | | | | | | | | | |
| 1300 | FX_I_010_0026 | | | | | | | | | |
| 1500 | FX_I_007_0007 | | | | | | | | | |

B.16 Single High Impulse Noise (SHINE) Testing for BA8c

B.16.1 Common Line Setting Variations

The basic BA8c Band Profile SHALL be applied with the modifications in Table 92 to the "Common Line Settings" specified in Table 7 to define the shaped-PSD Band Profile BA8c_D&UPBO.

The E-side electrical length SHALL be set according to Table 93.

The SUT profile-line combinations SHALL be configured as in Table 113.

Table 113: BA8c D&UPBO profile-line combinations – SHINE testing

| Profile-line combination | Band-profile | Specific line-setting | |
|--------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--|
| BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_I_150_150 | |

B.16.2 SHINE Noise Models

The noise model n_BA8c_D&UPBO defined in Table 114 SHALL be used.

Table 114: Noise model n BA8c D&UPBO SHINE testing

| Noise model | Associated band-profile | Self noise disturbers | Alien noise disturbers | |
|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--|
| n_BA8c_D&UPBO | BA8c_D&UPBO | 19self_BA8c | none | |

The SHINE test noise burst SHALL use an AWGN noise burst with amplitude of -86 dBm/Hz from 138 kHz up to 7.0 MHz. The out-of-band noise SHALL NOT be higher than -86 dBm/Hz. The SHINE noise SHALL be applied at the CPE side, in Showtime after the 60 seconds settling time.

At the end under test, the SHINE test noise is coupled to the line using a high-impedance coupler. These test noise levels are as measured into a 100 Ω measuring set with another 100 Ω in parallel.

B.16.3 SHINE testing in rate adaptive mode

The test procedure is described in Table 115.

Table 115: SHINE rate adaptive test procedure

| | Table 115: SHINE rate adaptive test procedure | | | | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Test | (1) The test setup is to be configured according to Section 6.1 as | | | | | |
| Configuration | appropriate for the modems under test. The test loop SHALL be | | | | | |
| | straight homogeneous TP100. | | | | | |
| | (2) Configure the SUT in the BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | | | | | |
| | profile-line combination. Target noise margin SHALL be set to | | | | | |
| | 6dB. | | | | | |
| | (3) The DSLAM and CPE are connected in turn through each loop | | | | | |
| | specified in Table 116. | | | | | |
| | (4) The crosstalk noise impairment n_BA8c_D&UPBO SHALL be | | | | | |
| | applied at both DSLAM and CPE. | | | | | |
| | (5) Additive Gaussian White noise at -140 dBm/Hz is injected at both | | | | | |
| | DSLAM and CPE. | | | | | |
| | (6) The SHINE noise impairment SHALL be applied at the CPE in | | | | | |
| | addition to the crosstalk noise and the AWGN. | | | | | |
| Method of | (1) The link is trained in the presence of the crosstalk noise and the | | | | | |
| Procedure | AWGN impairments. | | | | | |
| | (2) Wait for 60s after initialization for bitswaps to settle. | | | | | |
| | (3) The SHINE is applied at the CPE. The duration of the SHINE is as | | | | | |
| | specified in Table 116. | | | | | |
| | (4) Wait for 10s after the end of the SHINE. | | | | | |
| | (5) Record the ES count that occurs during the following 60s. | | | | | |
| Expected | (1) The modem SHALL NOT retrain during the application of the | | | | | |
| Result | SHINE event and for 70s after the end of the SHINE event; | | | | | |
| | (2) The number of reported ES that occur between 10s and 70s after | | | | | |
| | the SHINE event SHALL be ≤ 1 | | | | | |

Table 116 defines a set of two tests. Each test SHALL be repeated 3 times. The CPE SHALL pass all 3 tests for each burst length.

Table 116: SHINE test loop and burst lengths

| Loop Length (m, TP100) | Burst length (ms) |
|--|---------------------------------|
| 1500 | 1000 |
| 1500 | 100 |
| NOTE 1: The burst length SHOULD be controlla | ble with a resolution of 10 ms. |

B.17 Combined Noise Impairment for BA8c

The purpose of these tests is to verify that VDSL2 links can be parameterized to be stable and operate essentially error free when victim to several fluctuating noise sources at the same time. These tests are based on combined noise models that are more representative of the real network than a single noise test.

Two tests are defined. Type 1 includes repetitive high level impulse noise (REIN), prolonged electrical impulsive noise (PEIN) and fluctuating crosstalk due to modems being switched on and off over time. Type 2 includes prolonged electrical impulsive noise (PEIN), fluctuating RFI ingress from a large number of radio signals, and fluctuating crosstalk.

NOTE: These tests are defined for VDSL2 without the availability of retransmission functionality. Consequently the longest PEIN pulse represented is 3.6 ms. In future versions of this specification the PEIN test MAY be modified to increase the maximum impulse length to of the order 10 ms.

Annex D.4 includes details of the individual noise models and some help in setting up the tests. Type 1 test procedure is defined in section B.17.1. Type 2 test procedure is defined in section B.17.2.

These tests are designed to be passed by implementations using 65536 aggregate interleaver and de-interleaver delay octets (Table 6-1/G.993.2) and a DS memory split in the range of 50% to 80%.

The following additional configuration and pass/fail conditions apply:

- if MAXDELAYOCTET-split parameter (MDOSPLIT) (Section 7.3.1.14/G.997.1) is available, configure MDOSPLIT to a value inside the range of 50% to 80%. If the performance requirements are not met then the test is declaired a fail.
- if MDOSPLIT is not available, then the test is run without memory split control. If the performance requirements are not met due to data rate limitation, then the used DS memory split in the rate adaptive test SHALL be calculated based on the available G.997.1 parameters (INTLVBLOCK and INTLVDEPTH).
 - o If this split is outside the the range of 50%-80%, then the test is declared conditionally passed with a note that the test was failed due to the memory split being out of range.
 - o If this split is inside the range 50%-80%, then the test is declared a fail.

B.17.1 Type 1 combined threat noise test including high level REIN

This combined threat noise test uses a combination of REIN, PEIN and fluctuating crosstalk. The test duration is 4 hours during which the crosstalk cycles twice and there SHOULD be about 76 PEIN pulses. The REIN SHALL be on during training and for 2 minutes afterwards.

The system under test SHALL be tested for the rate adaptive and fixed rate profiles defined in Table 122, with 9dB downstream and upstream Target Margins.

The test procedures are described in Table 117 and Table 118.

Table 117: Combined noise test procedure Type 1 – Rate Adaptive mode

| Tubic 11 | 7. Combined noise test procedure Type 1 – Kate Adaptive mode |
|---|---|
| Test | (1)Configure the SUT in the rate adaptive (RA) profile-line combination |
| Configuration | as defined in Table 122. The target noise margin SHALL be set to |
| | 9dB. |
| | (2)The DSLAM and CPE are connected in turn through each loop length |
| | specified in Table 123. |
| | (3)The fluctuating crosstalk noise impairment SHALL be applied at the |
| | CPE and DSLAM. The condition during training SHALL be 1 |
| | disturber at the CPE and DSLAM. In Showtime, number of disturbers |
| | at the CPE and DSLAM side SHALL fluctuate between 1 and 19, as |
| | described in D.4.4. The number of NEXT, and FEXT, disturbers at |
| | the DSLAM and CPE SHALL be the same and varied synchronously. |
| | (4)The REIN and PEIN noise impairment SHALL be applied at the CPE |
| | in addition to the fluctuating crosstalk noise. |
| Method of (1)The link is trained in the presence of REIN impairment. | |
| Procedure | (2)The fluctuating crosstalk noise and PEIN impairment SHALL be |
| | applied. |
| | (3)Record the net data rate, reported noise margin, reported number of |
| | ES, SES and retrains over the 4 hours of test duration. NOTE: |
| | Reported noise margin and SES SHALL NOT be considered in the |
| | pass/fail criteria. |
| Expected | (1) The link SHALL operate in the presence of REIN impairment. |
| Result | (2)If the link fails to train within 2 min or the connection is dropped |
| | before the end of the test, the result SHALL be declared a fail. |
| | (3) The number of reported downstream ES SHALL be ≤ 5 and upstream |
| | ES SHALL be ≤ 5 . |
| | (4) The expected results in Table 124 SHALL be met. |

Table 118: Combined noise test procedure Type 1 – Fixed Rate mode

| | do complications test procedure Type I Tract trace mode | | | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Test | (1)Configure the SUT in the fixed rate (FX) profile-line combinations as | | | | |
| Configuration | defined in Table 122. The target noise margin SHALL be set to 9dB. | | | | |
| | (2) The DSLAM and CPE are connected in turn through each loop length | | | | |
| | specified in Table 123. | | | | |
| | (3)The fluctuating crosstalk noise impairment SHALL be applied at the | | | | |
| | CPE and DSLAM. The condition during training SHALL be 1 | | | | |
| | disturber at the CPE and DSLAM. In Showtime, number of disturbers | | | | |
| | at the CPE and DSLAM side SHALL fluctuate between 1 and 19, as | | | | |
| | described in D.4.4. The number of NEXT, and FEXT, disturbers at | | | | |
| | the DSLAM and CPE SHALL be the same and varied synchronously. | | | | |
| | (4)The REIN and PEIN noise impairment SHALL be applied at the CPE | | | | |
| | in addition to the fluctuating crosstalk noise. | | | | |
| Method of | (1)The link is trained in the presence of REIN impairment. | | | | |
| Procedure | (2)The fluctuating crosstalk noise and PEIN impairment SHALL be | | | | |
| | applied. | | | | |
| | (3)Record the net data rate, reported noise margin, reported number of | | | | |
| | ES, SES and retrains over the 4 hours of test duration. NOTE: | | | | |
| | Reported noise margin and SES SHALL NOT be considered in the | | | | |
| | pass/fail criteria. | | | | |
| Expected | (1)The link SHALL operate in the presence of REIN impairment. | | | | |
| Result | (2) If the link fails to train within 2 min or the connection is dropped | | | | |
| | before the end of the test, the result SHALL be declared a fail. | | | | |
| | (3)The number of reported DS ES SHALL be ≤ 5 and upstream ES | | | | |
| | SHALL be ≤ 5 . | | | | |
| | (4)The expected results in Table 125 SHALL be met. | | | | |

B.17.2 Type 2 Combined Threat Noise Test including fluctuating RFI

The combined threat noise test uses a combination of fluctuating RFI, PEIN and fluctuating cross talk. The test duration is 4 hours during which the crosstalk cycles twice and there SHOULD be about 76 PEIN pulses.

The system under test SHALL be tested for the rate adaptive and fixed rate profiles defined in Table 122, with 9dB downstream and upstream Target Margins.

The test procedures are described in Table 119 and Table 120.

Table 119: Combined noise test procedure Type 2 – Rate Adaptive mode

| Table 11 | 9: Combined noise test procedure Type 2 – Rate Adaptive mode |
|---------------|---|
| Test | (1)Configure the SUT in the rate adaptive (RA) profile-line combination |
| Configuration | as defined in Table 122. The target noise margin SHALL be set to |
| | 9dB. |
| | (2)The DSLAM and CPE are connected in turn through each loop length specified in Table 123. |
| | (3)The fluctuating crosstalk noise impairment SHALL be applied at the |
| | CPE and DSLAM. The condition during training SHALL be 1 |
| | disturber at the CPE and DSLAM. In Showtime, number of disturbers |
| | at the CPE and DSLAM side SHALL fluctuate between 1 and 19, as |
| | described in D.4.4. The number of NEXT, and FEXT, disturbers at |
| | the DSLAM and CPE SHALL be the same and varied synchronously. |
| | (4)The fluctuating RFI and PEIN noise impairment SHALL be applied |
| | at the CPE in addition to the fluctuating crosstalk noise. |
| Method of | (1)The link is trained. |
| Procedure | (2) The fluctuating crosstalk noise, fluctuating RFI and PEIN impairment |
| | SHALL be applied. |
| | (3)Record the net data rate, reported noise margin, reported number of |
| | ES, SES and retrains over the 4 hours of test duration. NOTE: |
| | Reported noise margin and SES SHALL NOT be considered in the |
| | pass/fail criteria. |
| Expected | (1)If the link fails to train within 2 min or the connection is dropped |
| Result | before the end of the test, the result SHALL be declared a fail. |
| | (2) The number of reported downstream ES SHALL be ≤ 5 . |
| | (3)The expected results in Table 126 SHALL be met. |

Table 120: Combined noise test procedure Type 2 – Fixed Rate mode

| | 120. Combined noise test procedure Type 2 – Fixed Rate mode |
|---------------|--|
| Test | (1)Configure the SUT in the fixed rate (FX) profile-line combinations as |
| Configuration | defined in Table 122. The target noise margin SHALL be set to 9dB. |
| | (2)The DSLAM and CPE are connected in turn through each loop |
| | specified in Table 123. |
| | (3)The fluctuating crosstalk noise impairment SHALL be applied at the |
| | CPE and DSLAM. The condition during training SHALL be 1 |
| | disturber at the CPE and DSLAM. In Showtime, number of |
| | disturbers at the CPE and DSLAM side SHALL fluctuate between 1 |
| | and 19, as described in D.4.4. The number of NEXT, and FEXT, |
| | disturbers at the DSLAM and CPE SHALL be the same and varied |
| | synchronously. |
| | (4)The fluctuating RFI and PEIN noise impairment SHALL be applied at |
| | the CPE in addition to the fluctuating crosstalk noise. |
| Method of | (1)The link is trained. |
| Procedure | (2) The fluctuating crosstalk noise, fluctuating RFI and PEIN impairment |
| | SHALL be applied. |
| | (3)Record the net data rate, reported noise margin, reported number of |
| | ES, SES and retrains over the 4 hours of test duration. NOTE: |
| | Reported noise margin and SES SHALL NOT be considered in the |
| | pass/fail criteria. |
| Expected | (1)If the link fails to train within 2 min or the connection is dropped |
| Result | before the end of the test, the result SHALL be declared a fail. |
| | (2) The number of reported downstream ES SHALL be ≤ 5 . |
| | (3)The expected results in Table 127 SHALL be met. |

B.17.3 Common Settings for Combined Threat Noise Tests

The basic BA8c Band Profile SHALL be applied with the modifications defined in Table 92 to the "Common Line Settings" specified in Table 7 to define the shaped-PSD Band Profile BA8c_D&UPBO.

The E-side electrical length SHALL be set according to Table 121.

Table 121: DPBOESEL value

| Parameter | Setting | Description |
|-----------|-----------|--------------------------|
| DPBOESEL | 42dB@1MHz | E-side electrical length |

The following profile-line combinations defined in section 6.2 SHALL be used for testing.

Table 122: BA8c D&UPBO testing descriptions

| Profile-line combination | Band-profile | Specific line-setting | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Type 1 and 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_HI_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_HI_150_150 | | | | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_HI_0082_0032 | BA8c_D&UPBO | FX_HI_0082_0032 | | | | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_HI_0080_0032 | BA8c_D&UPBO | FX_HI_080_0032 | | | | | | | |

The fluctuating crosstalk noise as defined in Annex D.4.4 SHALL be injected at the CPE and at the DSLAM.

In addition to the crosstalk noise at the CPE, the REIN as described in Annex D.4.1 is injected with a repetition frequency of 100Hz, and the PEIN as defined in Annex D.4.3 at the CPE end.

The RFI is injected at the CPE end.

The value of kl0 (UPBOKL) is estimated by the SUTs during training, the PSD of a single self-disturber SHALL be deterministically defined by the settings of above, using kl0 (UPBOKL) values provided in Table 123.

Table 123: Combined threat noise test loops

| Loop Length (m, TP100 loop) | Kl0 (UPBOKL) (dB@ 1MHz) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 500 | 9.0 |
| 900 | 16.2 |

B.17.3.1 Performance Tests with Type 1 Combined Threat Noise

4 individual tests - 4 tests SHALL be passed

If an individual test is failed it MAY be repeated. An individual test MAY be repeated twice, but the total number of test attempts required to pass the 4 individual tests SHALL NOT exceed 6.

Table 124: Combined noise impairment 1 test with BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_HI_150_150

| | | | | | Measured | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| loop length (m, TP100) | Target Margin DS (dB) | Target Margin US (dB) | Expected DS sync rate (kbps) | Expected US sync rate (kbps) | Modem trained and did not lose sync? (Y/N) | DS sync rate (kbps) | Initial DS Noise Margin, (dB) | DS Errored Seconds | US sync rate (kbps) | Initial US Noise Margin, (dB) | US Errored Seconds | Pass / Fail |
| 500 | 9 | 9 | 8200 | 3200 | | | | | | | | |
| 900 | 9 | 9 | 8000 | 3200 | | | | | | | | |

Table 125: Combined noise impairment 1 test with fixed rate profiles

| Test profile BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_HI_0082_0032 and BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_HI_0080_0032 | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|---------|--|--|--|--|
| | rith ms. | | | M | easured | | | | |
| Loop length (m, TP100.) | Test profile, with delay set to 32 ms | Modem Trained and did not lose sync? (Y/N) | | | | | | | |
| 500 | FX_HI_0082 _0032 | | | | | | | | |
| 900 | FX_HI_0080 _0032 | | | | | | | | |

B.17.3.2 Performance Tests with Type 2 Combined Threat Noise

4 individual tests – 4 tests SHALL be passed

If an individual test is failed it MAY be repeated. An individual test MAY be repeated twice, but the total number of test attempts required to pass the 4 individual tests SHALL NOT exceed 6.

Table 126: Combined noise impairment 2 test with BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_HI_150_150

| | | | | | | | Meas | sured | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| loop length (m, TP100) | Target Margin DS (dB) | Target MarginUS (dB) | Expected DS sync rate (kbps) | Expected US sync rate (kbps) | Modem trained and did not lose sync? (Y/N) | DS sync rate (kbps) | Initial DS Noise Margin, (dB) | DS Errored Seconds | US sync rate (kbps) | Initial US Noise Margin, (dB) | Pass / Fail |
| 500 | 9 | 9 | 8200 | 3200 | | | | | | | |
| 900 | 9 | 9 | 8000 | 3200 | | | | | | | |

Table 127: Combined noise impairment 2 test with fixed rate profiles

| | Test profile BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_HI_0082_0032 and BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_HI_0080_0032 | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | set to | | | Measu | red | | | | | | |
| Loop length (m, TP100.) | Test profile, with delay set 32 ms. | Modem Trained and did not lose sync? (Y/N) | DS Bit Rate (kbps) | Initial DS Noise Margin, (dB) | DS Errored Seconds | US Bit Rate (kbps) | Initial US Noise Margin, (dB) | Pass / Fail | | | |
| 500 | FX_HI_0082_ 0032 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 900 | FX_HI_0080_ 0032 | | | | | | | | | | |

B.18 Rate Adaptive Performance tests for BA30a

Noise n_BA30a settings as defined in section 6.3.3.2.

Table 128: Performance tests with BA30a_RA_F_150_150

| | | | | BA30a_R | A_F_150_15 | 50 | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| 7 3 | | Downs | stream | | | Upstre | am | |
| gth | Sync Rate (kbps) | | | 4 2 | Sync | Rate (kbp | s) | 1 3 |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| 50 | 85244 | | | | 49764 | | | |
| 150 | 67244 | | | | 38356 | | | |
| 300 | 51356 | | | | 28688 | | | |
| 450 | 40232 | | | | 18692 | | | |

Table 129: Performance tests with BA30a_RA_I_150_150

| | | BA30a_RA_I_150_150 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Down | stream | | Upstream | | | | | | | | |
| gth | ੜ੍ਹ ਨੂੰ Sync Rate (kbps) | | • | Sync I | Rate (kbp | os) | , _ | | | | | | |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured Pass/Fail | | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | | | | | |
| 50 | 81044 | | | | 45640 | | | | | | | | |
| 150 | 62316 | | | | 36840 | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | 51420 | | | | 28888 | | | | | | | | |
| 450 | 41496 | | | | 18572 | | | | | | | | |

B.19 Rate Adaptive Performance tests for BB30a

Noise n_BB30a settings as defined in section 6.3.3.2.

Table 130: Performance tests with BB30a_RA_F_150_150

| | | BB30a_RA_F_150_150 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 7 3 | | Downstr | eam | | Upstream | | | | | | | | |
| gth | Sync I | Rate (kbp | os) | 4 2 | Sync I | Rate (kbj | os) | 1, i) | | | | | |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | | | | | |
| 50 | 89232 | | | | 43276 | | | | | | | | |
| 150 | 73488 | | | | 30480 | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | 58152 | | | | 22828 | | | | | | | | |
| 450 | 46064 | | | | 14540 | | | | | | | | |

Table 131: Performance tests with BB30a_RA_I_150_150

| | | BB30a_RA_I_150_150 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| | | Downstr | eam | | Upstream | | | |
| gth op | Sync F | Rate (kb <mark>j</mark> | os) | | Sync F | Rate (kbj | os) | |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| 50 | 83928 | | | | 39232 | | | |
| 150 | 69144 | | | | 28648 | | | |
| 300 | 54500 | | | | 21728 | | | |
| 450 | 44316 | | | | 13744 | | | |

B.20 Rate adaptive performance tests for BA30a with DPBO and UPBO

The basic BA30a Band Profile SHALL be applied with the following modifications to the "Common Line Settings" specified in Table 7 to define the shaped-PSD Band Profile BA30a_D&UPBO:

Table 132: Common Line Settings for BA30a_D&UPBO Band Profile

| Parameter | Setting | Description |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| All parameters but those specified below | Value as specified in Table 7 | |
| DPBOEPSD | ADSL2plus Annex A | PSD mask that is assumed to be permitted at the exchange |
| DPBOESEL | 72dB@1MHz | E-side electrical length |
| DPBOESCMA | 0.1924 | Model of the frequency dependent loss of E-side cable: scalars DPBOESCMA (NOTE) |
| DPBOESCMB | 0.5960 | Model of the frequency dependent loss of E-side cable: scalars DPBOESCMB (NOTE) |
| DPBOESCMC | 0.2086 | Model of the frequency dependent loss of E-side cable: scalars DPBOESCMC (NOTE) |
| DPBOMUS | -95 dBm/Hz | Minimum usable receive signal PSD mask |
| DPBOFMIN | 138 kHz | Minimum frequency from which on the DPBO SHALL be applied |
| DPBOFMAX | 2208 kHz | Maximum frequency up to which the DPBO SHALL be applied |
| UPBOKLF | 0 | Force CO-MIB electrical loop length (means that kl ₀ is estimated during training) |

| UPBOKL | estimated during training | Upstream electrical loop length (kl ₀) |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| UPBOA US0 | 40.00 | A and B values US band 0 (these |
| UPBOB US0 | 0 | values imply no UPBO) |
| UPBOA US1 | 47.30 | A value US band 1 |
| UPBOB US1 | 21.14 | B value US band 1 |
| UPBOA US2 | 54.00 | A value US band 2 |
| UPBOB US2 | 16.29 | B value US band 2 |
| UPBOA US3 | 54.00 | A value US band 3 |
| UPBOB US3 | 16.29 | B value US band 3 |
| UPBOA US4 | 40.00 | A and B values US band 4 (these |
| UPBOB US4 | 0 | values imply no UPBO) |
| NOTE: the values of DDRO | DESCMA R and C are | referred to a DEM loop. Values that are |

NOTE: the values of DPBOESCMA, B and C are referred to a PE04 loop. Values that are configured according to G.997.1 SHALL be rounded to the nearest scalar value.

The following profile-line combinations SHALL be configured on the equipment under test:

Table 133: Profile-line combinations for BA30a D&UPBO

| Profile-line combination | Band-profile | Specific line-setting |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| BA30a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 | BA30a_D&UPBO | RA_F_150_150 |
| BA30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | BA30a_D&UPBO | RA_I_150_150 |

The noise model n_BA30a_D&UPBO defined in Table 134 SHALL be used, which is coherent with the noise models framework specified in section 6.3.3.2:

Table 134: Noise model n BA30a D&UPBO

| Noise model | Associated band-profile | Self noise disturbers | Alien noise disturbers | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| n_BA30a_D&UPBO | BA30a_D&UPBO | MD_CAB72 | ETSI MD_CAB72 Table 173 Annex D.3 | | |

For this Band Profile the value of kl_0 (UPBOKL) is estimated by the SUTs during training. The PSD of a single self-disturber SHALL be deterministically defined by the settings of Table 132 above using kl0 values for calculation of the single self-disturber PSD listed in Table 135.

Table 135: kl₀ for calculation of the single self-disturber PSD for BA30a_D&UPBO

| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | kl ₀ (UPBOKL) (dB @ 1MHz) |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 50 | 1.8 |
| 150 | 3.7 |
| 300 | 7.4 |
| 450 | 11.1 |

NOTE: Section 7.2.1.3.2.2/G993.2 [2] states: "If the estimated value of kl0 is smaller than 1.8, the modem shall be allowed to perform power back-off as if kl0 were equal to 1.8. The estimate of the electrical length should be sufficiently accurate to avoid spectrum

management problems and additional performance loss." Therefore noise calculations SHALL assume kl0 value of 1.8dB which will simulate UPBO shaped disturbers at 50m line length in a more realistic way.

16 individual tests – 14 tests SHALL be passed

Table 136: Performance tests with BA30a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150

| | | BA30a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|------------|--------------------------------|
| 7 3 | 1 | Downst | ream | | | Upstrea | ım | |
| gth | Sync R | ate (kb | ps) | 4 3 | Sync | Rate (kbp | s) | 1 2 2 |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| 50 | 85092 | | | | 28012 | | | |
| 150 | 65840 | | | | 23708 | | | |
| 300 | 45460 | | | | 17408 | | | |
| 450 | 35660 | | | | 13500 | | | |

Table 137: Performance tests with BA30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150

| | | BA30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| | I | Downst | ream | | | Upstrea | ım | |
| gth oop | Sync R | ate (kb | ps) | | Sync Rate (kbps) | | s) | , (|
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) |
| 50 | 79588 | | | | 26020 | | | |
| 150 | 61440 | | | | 22144 | | | |
| 300 | 48048 | | | | 16772 | | | |
| 450 | 39872 | | | | 11986 | | | |

B.21 Rate adaptive performance tests for BB30a with DPBO and UPBO

The basic BB30a Band Profile SHALL be applied with the following modifications to the "Common Line Settings" specified in Table 7 to define the shaped-PSD Band Profile BA30a_D&UPBO:

Table 138: Common Line Settings for BR30a, D&UPRO Rand Profile

| Table 138: Common Line Settings for BB30a_D&UPBO Band Profile | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Parameter | Setting | Description | | |
| All parameters but those | Value as specified in | | | |
| specified below | Table 7 | | | |
| DPBOEPSD | ADSL2plus | PSD mask that is assumed to be | | |
| DEBOEFSD | Annex B | permitted at the exchange | | |
| DPBOESEL | 72dB@1MHz | E-side electrical length | | |
| | | Model of the frequency dependent | | |
| DPBOESCMA | 0.1924 | loss of E-side cable: scalars | | |
| | | DPBOESCMA (NOTE) | | |
| | | Model of the frequency dependent | | |
| DPBOESCMB | 0.5960 | loss of E-side cable: scalars | | |
| | | DPBOESCMB (NOTE) | | |
| | | Model of the frequency dependent | | |
| DPBOESCMC | 0.2086 | loss of E-side cable: scalars | | |
| | | DPBOESCMC (NOTE) | | |
| DDDOMIC | 05 JD/II_ | Minimum usable receive signal PSD | | |
| DPBOMUS | -95 dBm/Hz | mask | | |
| DPBOFMIN | 254 kHz | Minimum frequency from which on | | |
| DPBOFMIN | 234 KHZ | the DPBO SHALL be applied | | |
| DPBOFMAX | 2208 kHz | Maximum frequency up to which the | | |
| DEBOUMAX | 2200 KHZ | DPBO SHALL be applied | | |
| | | Force CO-MIB electrical loop length | | |
| UPBOKLF | 0 | (means that kl_0 is estimated during | | |
| | | training) | | |
| UPBOKL | estimated during | Upstream electrical loop length (kl ₀) | | |
| OI BOKE | training | Opstream electrical loop length (ki ₀) | | |
| UPBOA US0 | 40.00 | A and B values US band 0 (these | | |
| UPBOB US0 | 0 | values imply no UPBO) | | |
| UPBOA US1 | 47.30 | A value US band 1 | | |
| UPBOB US1 | 21.14 | B value US band 1 | | |
| UPBOA US2 | 54.00 | A value US band 2 | | |
| UPBOB US2 | 16.29 | B value US band 2 | | |
| UPBOA US3 | 40.00 | A and B values US band 3 (these | | |
| UPBOB US3 | 0 | values imply no UPBO) | | |
| NOTE: the values of DPB | OESCMA, B and C are | referred to a PE04 loop. Values that | | |
| are configured according to G 997.1 SHALL be rounded to the nearest scalar value | | | | |

are configured according to G.997.1 SHALL be rounded to the nearest scalar value.

The following profile-line combinations SHALL be configured on the equipment under test:

Table 139: Profile-line combinations for BB30a_D&UPBO

| Profile-line combination | Band-profile | Specific line-setting |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| BB30a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 | BB30a_D&UPBO | RA_F_150_150 |
| BB30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | BB30a_D&UPBO | RA_I_150_150 |

The noise model n_BB30a_D&UPBO defined in Table 140 SHALL be used, which is coherent with the noise models framework specified in section 6.3.3.2:

Table 140: Noise model n_BB30a_D&UPBO

| Noise model | Associated band-profile | Self noise disturbers | Alien noise disturbers |
|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| n DD200 D&IIDDO | DD200 D&UDDO | MD CAB72 | ETSI MD_CAB72 |
| | BB30a_D&UPBO | MID_CAB/2 | Table 173 Annex D.3 |

For this Band Profile the value of kl₀ (UPBOKL) is estimated by the SUTs during training. The PSD of a single self-disturber SHALL be deterministically defined by the settings of Table 138 above using kl0 values for calculation of the single self-disturber PSD listed in Table 141.

Table 141: kl₀ for calculation of the single self-disturber PSD for BB30a_D&UPBO

| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | kl ₀ (UPBOKL) (dB @ 1MHz) |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 50 | 1.8 |
| 150 | 3.7 |
| 300 | 7.4 |
| 450 | 11.1 |

NOTE: Section 7.2.1.3.2/G993.2states: "If the estimated value of kl0 is smaller than 1.8, the modem SHALL be allowed to perform power back-off as if kl0 were equal to 1.8. The estimate of the electrical length should be sufficiently accurate to avoid spectrum management problems and additional performance loss." Therefore noise calculations SHALL assume kl0 value of 1.8dB which will simulate UPBO shaped disturbers at 50m line length in a more realistic way.

Table 142: Performance tests with BB30a D&UPBO RA F 150 150

| | | | BB30a | a_D&UPB | 3O_RA_F_150_150 | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|
| 7 3 | | Downs | stream | | | Upstro | eam | | |
| gth 000 | Sync | Rate (kł | ops) | - | Sync | Rate (kb) | os) | 1 20 | |
| Loop Length (m, PE04 loop) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | |
| 50 | 88840 | | | | 18124 | | | | |
| 150 | 72408 | | | | 17020 | | | | |
| 300 | 57844 | | | | 14916 | | | | |
| 450 | 44844 | | | | 12996 | | | | |

BB30a D&UPBO RA I 150 150 Downstream **Upstream** (m, PE04 loop)Loop Length Sync Rate (kbps) Sync Rate (kbps) Noise Margin, Reported (dB) Noise Margin, Reported (dB) Measured Measured Expected Expected Pass/Fail Pass/Fail 50 85932 16892 150 67516 16136 300 53844 14048 450 41824 13220

Table 143: Performance tests with BB30a D&UPBO RA I 150 150

B.22 REIN Testing for BA17a_D&UPBO, BB17a_D&UPBO, BA30a_D&UPBO and BB30a_D&UPBO profiles

B.22.1 Common Line Setting Variations

The BA17a_D&UPBO and BB17a_D&UPBO Band Profiles SHALL be as defined in Table 80 and Table 86. The BA30a_D&UPBO and BB30a_D&UPBO Band Profiles SHALL be as defined in Table 132 and Table 138.

The profile-line combinations BA17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 and BB17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150, as defined in Table 81 and Table 87, SHALL be configured on the SUT. The profile-line combination BA30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 and BB30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150, as defined in Table 133 and Table 139, SHALL be configured on the SUT.

B.22.2 Noise Models

The noise models n_BA17a_D&UPBO and n_BB17a_D&UPBO defined in Table 82 and Table 88 SHALL be used. The noise model n_BA30a_D&UPBO and n_BB30a_D&UPBO defined in Table 134 and Table 140 SHALL be used.

The REIN noise SHALL be as defined for profile BA8c (see Section B.15.2).

B.22.3 REIN testing in rate adaptive mode

The test procedure is described in Table 144.

Table 144: REIN test procedure – rate adaptive mode

| as | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | |
| L be | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| (2) Configure the SUT in the selected rate adaptive profile-line | | | | | | | | |
| combination. | | | | | | | | |
| (3) The DSLAM and CPE are connected in turn through each loop | | | | | | | | |
| length specified in Table 145, Table 146, Table 147 and Table 148. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 17a | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| oth | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| ıt | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| both DSLAM and CPE. (6) The REIN noise impairment SHALL be applied at both DSLAM | | | | | | | | |
| The | | | | | | | | |
| sure | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| and | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| l ES | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| EIN. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| lared | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

The following tables define a set of three tests. In each test, the crosstalk and REIN noise impairment is injected at both sides, DSLAM and CPE, and both downstream and upstream data rate, reported margin, SES and the ES count are recorded during the test. In total there are 6 test points (3 in downstream and 3 in upstream) and the SUT SHALL pass a minimum of five of these test points.

Table 145: REIN testing in rate adaptive mode for BA17a_D&UPBO

| | BA17a_D&UPBO | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | | | 1 3? | | Down | stream | | | Ups | tream | | |
| Loop Length (m, PE04) | Target Margin DS (dB) | Target Margin US (dB) | Link trained and did not loose sync? | Measured sync rate (kbps) | Measured ES | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Pass/Fail | Measured sync rate (kbps) | Measured ES | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Pass/Fail | |
| 150 | 6 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 450 | 6 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 900 | 6 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 146: REIN testing in rate adaptive mode for BB17a_D&UPBO

| | BB17a_D&UPBO | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | | | | d 2? | | Down | stream | | | Ups | tream | |
| Loop Length (m, PE04) | Target Margin DS (dB) | Target Margin US (dB) | Link trained and did not loose sync? | Measured sync rate (kbps) | Measured ES | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Pass/Fail | Measured sync rate (kbps) | Measured ES | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Pass/Fail | |
| 150 | 6 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 450 | 6 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 900 | 6 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 147: REIN testing in rate adaptive mode for BA30a_D&UPBO

| | BA30a_D&UPBO | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | | | - S: | | Down | stream | | Upstream | | | | |
| Loop Length (m, PE04) | Target Margin DS (dB) | Target Margin US (dB) | Link trained and did not loose sync? | Measured sync rate (kbps) | Measured ES | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Pass/Fail | Measured sync rate (kbps) | Measured ES | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Pass/Fail | |
| 50 | 6 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 150 | 6 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 450 | 6 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | |

BB30a D&UPBO Downstream **Upstream** did not loose sync? Link trained and Target Margin **Target Margin** Measured sync Loop Length Measured sync Noise Margin, Noise Margin, Measured ES Reported (dB) Measured ES Reported (dB) (m, PE04)DS (dB) rate (kbps) rate (kbps) US (dB) Pass/Fail Pass/Fail 50 6 6 150 6 6 6 450 6

Table 148: REIN testing in rate adaptive mode for BB30a_D&UPBO

B.23 Single High Impulse Noise (SHINE) Testing for BA17a_D&UPBO, BB17a_ D&UPBO, BA30a_D&UPBO and BB30a_D&UPBO profiles

B.23.1 Common Line Setting Variations

The BA17a_D&UPBO and BB17a_D&UPBO Band Profiles SHALL be as defined in Table 80 and Table 86. The BA30a_D&UPBO and BB30a_D&UPBO Band Profiles SHALL be as defined in Table 132 and Table 138.

The profile-line combinations BA17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 and BB17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150, as defined in Table 81 and Table 87, and BA30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 and BB30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150, as defined in Table 133 and Table 139, SHALL be configured on the SUT.

B.23.2 SHINE Noise Models

The noise model n_BA17a_D&UPBO and n_BB17a_D&UPBO defined in Table 82 and Table 88, and n_BA30a_D&UPBO and BB30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150, defined in Table 134 and Table 140, SHALL be used.

For BA17a_D&UPBO and BB17a_D&UPBO Band Profiles, the SHINE noise SHALL be as defined for profile BA8c (see Section B.16.2) but from 138 kHz up to 17.664 MHz. For BA30a_D&UPBO Band and BB30a_D&UPBO Band Profiles, the SHINE noise SHALL be as defined for profile BA8c (see Section B.16.2) but from 138 kHz up to 30.0 MHz.

B.23.3 SHINE testing in rate adaptive mode

The test procedure is described in Table 149.

Table 149: SHINE rate adaptive test procedure

| | Tube 113. SIII (2) tate daught to test procedure | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Test | (1) The test set-up is to be configured according to Section 6.1 as | | | | | | | |
| Configuration | appropriate for the modems under test. The test loop SHALL be | | | | | | | |
| | straight homogeneous PE04 loop. | | | | | | | |
| | (2) Configure the SUT in the selected rate adaptive profile-line | | | | | | | |
| | combination. Target noise margin SHALL be set to 6dB. | | | | | | | |
| | (3) The DSLAM and CPE are connected in turn through each loop | | | | | | | |
| | specified in Table 150. | | | | | | | |
| | (4) The crosstalk noise impairment n_BA17a_D&UPBO, | | | | | | | |
| | n_BB17a_D&UPBO, n_BA30a_D&UPBO or n_BB30a_D&UPBO | | | | | | | |
| | SHALL be applied at both DSLAM and CPE. | | | | | | | |
| | (5) Additive Gaussian White noise at -140 dBm/Hz is injected at both | | | | | | | |
| | DSLAM and CPE. | | | | | | | |
| | (6) The SHINE noise impairment SHALL be applied at the CPE in | | | | | | | |
| | addition to the crosstalk noise and the AWGN. | | | | | | | |
| Method of | (1) The link is trained in the presence of the crosstalk noise and the | | | | | | | |
| Procedure | AWGN impairments. | | | | | | | |
| | (2) Wait for 60s after initialization for bitswaps to settle. | | | | | | | |
| | (3) The SHINE is applied at the CPE. The duration of the SHINE is as | | | | | | | |
| | specified in Table 150. | | | | | | | |
| | (4) Wait for 10s after the end of the SHINE. | | | | | | | |
| | (5) Record the SES and ES count that occurs during the following 60s. | | | | | | | |
| Expected | (1) The modem SHALL NOT retrain during the application of the | | | | | | | |
| Result | SHINE event and for 70s after the end of the SHINE event; | | | | | | | |
| | (2) The number of reported ES that occur between 10s and 70s after | | | | | | | |
| | the SHINE event SHALL be ≤ 1 | | | | | | | |
| | (3) The number of reported SES that occur between 10s and 70s after | | | | | | | |
| | the SHINE event SHALL be zero. | | | | | | | |
| | the SHINE event SHALL be zero. | | | | | | | |

Table 150 defines a set of two tests for each Band Profile. Each test SHALL be repeated 3 times. The CPE SHALL pass all 3 tests for each burst length.

Table 150: SHINE test loop and burst lengths

| Loop Length (m, PE04) for BA17a_D&UPBO and | Burst length ¹ (ms) |
|--|--------------------------------|
| BB17a_D&UPBO Band Profiles | |
| 450 | 1000 |
| 450 | 100 |
| Loop Length (m, PE04) for BA30a_D&UPBO and | Burst length ¹ (ms) |
| BB30a_D&UPBO Band Profiles | |
| 150 | 1000 |
| 150 | 100 |
| NOTE: The burst length SHOULD be controllable with | n a resolution of 10 ms. |

C Annex C Physical Layer Test Cases for G.993.2 Region C (Japan)

C.1 Annex C-specific Test Setup Information

Test configuration associated with the VDSL2-over-TCM-ISDN deployments with Annex C band profiles is defined in Table 151.

Table 151: Annex C Test Configuration

| Type of VDSL2 deployment | Band- profile | Test configuration | Line setting | Noise impairment |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| VDSL2 over | CG8d | Figure 3 | UPBO active | AWGNr |
| TCM-ISDN | CG12a | | RA_I_105_105 | AWGNc |
| | CG17a | | I-1/0 | XTr+AWGNr |
| | CG30a | | | XTc+AWGNc |
| | | | | (Refer to section |
| | | | | 6.3.3.3.) |
| NOTE: UPBO PS | D mask Sl | HALL be as defined | G.993.2 Section C.4. | , [2]. |

The following profile-line combinations SHALL be configured on the SUT. The specific SUT settings as defined in 6.2 SHALL be used.

Table 152: Profile-line combinations for Annex C testing

| Band-profile | Specific line-setting | Profile-line combination |
|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| CG8d | RA_I_105_105 | CG8d_RA_I_105_105 |
| CG12a | RA_I_105_105 | CG12a_RA_I_105_105 |
| CG17a | RA_I_105_105 | CG17a_RA_I_105_105 |
| CG30a | RA_I_105_105 | CG30a_RA_I_105_105 |

Pass/fail criteria for Annex C

If the following conditions are met, the DSLAM/CPE pair passes the performance objectives of the test point. All values SHALL be read out at the DSLAM.

- If the measured sync-rate is greater than or equal to the expected sync-rate, then the DSLAM/CPE pair passes the sync-rate requirements of the test point.
- If the CRC error counts in a 2-minute period are less than or equal to 1, then the DSLAM/CPE pair passes the bit-error requirements of the test point.

Table 153 outlines the pass/fail criteria on the reported noise margin.

Table 153: Noise margin chart

| Reported Noise Margin (dB) | Requirement |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| < 5 | On no test point |
| ≥ 5 and < 6 | On at most 10% of the test points |
| ≥ 6 | On at least 90% of the test points |

Violation of any of the requirements in the Noise Margin Chart SHALL constitute a test section failure.

Overall pass/fail criteria for each adaptive rate test are then as follows:

- If any reported noise margin is less than 5 dB, then the DSLAM/CPE pair fails the noise margin requirements of that section.
- If more than 10% of the reported noise margins are less than 6dB in a section, then the DSLAM/CPE pair fails the noise margin requirements of that section.

If the DSLAM/CPE pair passes the data rate, CRC error count and noise margin requirements, it passes the section; otherwise, it fails the section.

Table 154 lists the number of test points per section corresponding to the overall pass/fail criteria (10% limit).

Table 154: Overall pass/fail criteria

| Table 134. Overall pass/fall Citteria | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Section number | Number of test cases | 10% limit (applies to noise margin only) | | | | | | | |
| C.2.1 | 7 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.2.2 | 7 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.2.3 | 7 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.2.4 | 6 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.3.1 | 7 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.3.2 | 7 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.3.3 | 7 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.3.4 | 6 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.4.1 | 6 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.4.2 | 6 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.4.3 | 6 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.4.4 | 5 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.5.1 | 6 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.5.2 | 6 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.5.3 | 6 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| C.5.4 | 5 | 1 | | | | | | | |

C.2 Performance tests with AWGNr noise impairment

C.2.1 Performance tests for CG8d – downstream

7 individual tests – 7 tests SHALL be passed

Table 155: Noise AWGNr CG8d impairment, profile-line combination CG8d_RA_I_105_105

| | CG8d_RA_I_105_105 | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| | | Do | wnstre | am | m | | | Upstream | | | |
| | Sync R | | | | | Sync 1 | | | | | |
| gth | (kbp | s) | nt | | 7. (| (kb _l | os) | ınt | | - • | |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1 | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | |
| 100 | 65000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | |
| 200 | 62000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | |
| 300 | 59000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | |
| 500 | 41000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | |
| 700 | 26000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | |
| 900 | 13000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | |
| 1000 | Link up | | | | | N/A | | | | | |

C.2.2 Performance tests for CG12a - downstream

Table 156: Noise AWGNr CG12a impairment, profile-line combination CG12a RA I 105 105

| | | | | | 12a_RA_ | _I_105_105 | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Do | wnstrea | ım | | Upstream | | | | | | |
| <u> </u> | Sync Rate | | | | | Sync | Rate | | | | | |
| gth | (kbps) | | nt | | • | (kbps) | | nt | | • | | |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | | |
| 100 | 65000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 200 | 62000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 300 | 60000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 500 | 41000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 700 | 26000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 900 | 13000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 1000 | Link up | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |

C.2.3 Performance tests for CG17a - downstream

Table 157: Noise AWGNr CG17a impairment, profile-line combination CG17a_RA_I_105_105

| | | | | | | A_I_105_105 | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Do | wnstre | am | | | n | | | | | |
| <u> </u> | Sync R | | | | ted | Sync 1 | | | | ted | | |
| gth P-J | (kbps | s) | ınt | | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | (kbps) | | ınt | | por | | |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | | |
| 100 | 100000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 200 | 100000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 300 | 89000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 500 | 46000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 700 | 26000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 900 | 13000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 1000 | Link up | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |

C.2.4 Performance tests for CG30a – downstream

Table 158: Noise AWGNr CG30a impairment, profile-line combination CG30a_RA_I_105_105

| | | CG30a_RA_I_105_105 CG30a_RA_I_105_105 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Do | wnstre | am | | Upstream | | | | | | | | |
| gth •-J1) | Sync Rate (kbps) | | nt | nt | | Sync Rate (kbps) | | nt | | , | | | | |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | | | | |
| 100 | 100000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | | | |
| 200 | 100000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | 100000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | | | |
| 500 | 45000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | | | |
| 700 | 25000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | | | |
| 800 | Link up | | | | | N/A | | | | | | | | |

C.3 Performance tests with AWGNc noise impairment

C.3.1 Performance tests for CG8d – upstream

7 individual tests – 7 tests SHALL be passed

Table 159: Noise AWGNc CG8d impairment, profile-line combination CG8d RA I 105 105

| | | Do | ownstrea | ım | | Upstream | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| | Sync | Rate | | | | Sync Rate | | | | |
| ofth Y.J. | (kbps) | | ıt | | , _ | (kb | ps) | nt nt | | |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) |
| 100 | N/A | | | | | 11000 | | | | |
| 200 | N/A | | | | | 11000 | | | | |
| 300 | N/A | | | | | 11000 | | | | |
| 500 | N/A | | | | | 10000 | | | | |
| 700 | N/A | | | | | 6000 | | | | |
| 900 | N/A | | | | | 2000 | | | | |
| 1000 | N/A | | | | | Link up | | | | |

C.3.2 Performance tests for CG12a - upstream

Table 160: Noise AWGNc CG12a impairment, profile-line combination CG12a_RA_I_105_105

| | | | | CO | G12a_R/ | _I_105_1 | .05 | | | |
|------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| | | Do | wnstre | am | | Upstream | | | n | |
| $\widehat{\Box}$ | Sync R | ate | | | | Sync F | Rate | | | |
| gth -J. | (kbps) | | nt | | • | (kbps) | | ınt | | |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) |
| 100 | N/A | | | | | 45000 | | | | |
| 200 | N/A | | | | | 45000 | | | | |
| 300 | N/A | | | | | 45000 | | | | |
| 500 | N/A | | | | | 24000 | | | | |
| 700 | N/A | | | | | 7000 | | | | |
| 900 | N/A | | | | | 2000 | | | | |
| 1000 | N/A | | | | | Link up | | | | |

C.3.3 Performance tests for CG17a – upstream

Table 161: Noise AWGNc CG17a impairment, profile-line combination CG17a_RA_I_105_105

| | | | | CG | 17a_RA_ | | 05 | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| | | De | ownstrea | ım | | Upstream | | | | |
| | Sync Rate | | | | | Sync I | | | | |
| th J1 | (kbp | OS) | ± | | | (kbp | OS) | ıt | | |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) |
| 100 | N/A | | | | | 45000 | | | | |
| 200 | N/A | | | | | 45000 | | | | |
| 300 | N/A | | | | | 45000 | | | | |
| 500 | N/A | | | | | 24000 | | | | |
| 700 | N/A | | | | | 7000 | | | | |
| 900 | N/A | | | | | 2000 | | | | |
| 1000 | N/A | | | | | Link up | | | | |

C.3.4 Performance tests for CG30a – upstream

Table 162:Noise AWGNc CG30a impairment, profile-line combination CG30a_RA_I_105_105

| | | Do | wnstre | am | | | n | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| gth •-J1) | Sync Rate (kbps) | | nt | | | Sync Rate (kbps) | | nt | | , |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) |
| 100 | N/A | | | | | 100000 | | | | |
| 200 | N/A | | | | | 100000 | | | | |
| 300 | N/A | | | | | 90000 | | | | |
| 500 | N/A | | | | | 20000 | | | | |
| 700 | N/A | | | | | 2800 | | | | |
| 800 | N/A | | | | | Link up | | | | |

C.4 Performance tests with (XTr+AWGNr) noise impairment

C.4.1 Performance tests for CG8d - downstream

6 individual tests – 6 tests SHALL be passed

Table 163: Noise (XTr+AWGNr) CG8d impairment, profile-line combination CG8d_RA_I_105_105

| | | | | | 8d_RA_ | I_105_105 | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|----|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Do | wnstrea | m | | Upstream | | | | | | |
| | Sync 1 | Rate | | | | Sync | Rate | | | | | |
| th .11 | (kbps) | | ıt . | | | (kbps) | | += | | | | |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | Expected | Measured CRC error count | | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | | |
| 100 | 28000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 200 | 24000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 300 | 21000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 500 | 12000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 700 | 8400 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 800 | Link up | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |

C.4.2 Performance tests for CG12a - downstream

Table 164: Noise (XTr+AWGNr) CG12a impairment, profile-line combination CG12a_RA_I_105_105

| | | | | CO | G12a_RA | A_I_105_105 | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| | | Do | wnstre | am | | Upstream | | | | | |
| | Sync Rate | | | | | Sync 1 | | | | | |
| # <u>1</u> | (kbps) | | ıτ | | | (kbps) | | Ħ | | | |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | |
| 100 | 28000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | |
| 200 | 24000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | |
| 300 | 21000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | |
| 500 | 12000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | |
| 700 | 8400 | | | | | N/A | | | | | |
| 800 | Link up | | | | | N/A | | | | | |

C.4.3 Performance tests for CG17a - downstream

Table 165: Noise (XTr+AWGNr) CG17a impairment, profile-line combination CG17a RA I 105 105

| | | | | | -101-1-1 G17a_R <i>A</i> | a_RA_I_105_105 | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|----------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | Do | wnstre | am | | | \mathbf{U}_{l} | pstrean | n | | | | |
| 1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (1. (| Sync R | | | | | Sync Rate | | | | | | | |
| gt] P-J | (kbps | S) | ınt | | 4.3 | (kbp | OS) | ınt | | . . | | | |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | | | |
| 100 | 36000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | | |
| 200 | 26000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | | |
| 300 | 21000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | | |
| 500 | 12000 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | | |
| 700 | 8400 | | | | | N/A | | | | | | | |
| 800 | Link up | | | | | N/A | | | | | | | |

C.4.4 Performance tests for CG30a - downstream

5 individual tests – 5 tests SHALL be passed

Table 166: Noise (XTr+AWGNr) CG30a impairment, profile-line combination CG30a_RA_I_105_105

| | | | | | 30a_RA_ | | 05 | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|----------|---|--|-------------------------------|------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| | | De | ownstrea | | <u> </u> | 1_105_1 | | pstrea | m | |
| gth -J1) | Sync 1 (kb) | Rate | | | | Sync Rate (kbps) | | | | , , |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count Pass/Fail Noise Margin, | | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) |
| 100 | 50000 | | | | | N/A | | | | |
| 200 | 41000 | | | | | N/A | | | | |
| 300 | 30000 | | | | | N/A | | | | |
| 500 | 17000 | | | | | N/A | | | | |
| 700 | Link up | | | | | N/A | | | | |

C.5 Performance tests with (XTc+AWGNc) noise impairment

C.5.1 Performance tests for CG8d - upstream

6 individual tests – 6 tests SHALL be passed

Table 167: Noise (XTc+AWGNc) CG8d impairment, profile-line combination CG8d_RA_I_105_105

| | CG8d_RA_I_105_105 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|
| | | Do | wnstre | am | | | Uı | pstrean | n | | |
| 1. | Sync R | | | | ted | Sync F | | | | ted | |
| gth P-J | (kbps | <u>s)</u> | ınt | |)0r | (kbp | s) | ınt | |)0r | |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | |
| 100 | N/A | | | | | 5000 | | | | | |
| 200 | N/A | | | | | 4000 | | | | | |
| 300 | N/A | | | | | 4000 | | | | | |
| 500 | N/A | | | | | 4000 | | | | | |
| 700 | N/A | | | | | 2000 | | | | | |
| 800 | N/A | | | | | Link up | | | | | |

C.5.2 Performance tests for CG12a - upstream

6 individual tests – 6 tests SHALL be passed

Table 168: Noise (XTc+AWGNc) CG12a impairment, profile-line combination CG12a RA I 105 105

| | | | | | 12a_RA_ | | 05 | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------|------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---|
| | | Do | ownstrea | ım | | | U | pstrea | m | |
| gth J1) | Sync I (kbj | | nt | | | Sync (kb) | | nt | | • |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Reported(dB) | |
| 100 | N/A | | | | | 17000 | | | | |
| 200 | N/A | | | | | 15000 | | | | |
| 300 | N/A | | | | | 12000 | | | | |
| 500 | N/A | | | | | 6000 | | | | |
| 700 | N/A | | | | | 2000 | | | | |
| 800 | N/A | | | | | Link up | | | | |

C.5.3 Performance tests for CG17a - upstream

6 individual tests – 6 tests SHALL be passed

Table 169: Noise (XTc+AWGNc) CG17a impairment, profile-line combination CG17a_RA_I_105_105

| | | | | | 17a_RA_ | _I_105_105 | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|----------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------------|----------|--|--|--|
| | | De | ownstrea | am | | | U | pstrea | m | | | | |
| 1 (1) | Sync | | | | ted | Sync | | | | Reported | | | |
| ngtl P-J | (kb ₁ | OS) | m m | | ail, Report | | ps) | unt | | lod | | | |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Re (dB) | | | | |
| 100 | N/A | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 200 | N/A | | | | | 15000 | | | | | | | |
| 300 | N/A | | | | | 12000 | | | | | | | |
| 500 | N/A | | | | | 6000 | | | | | | | |
| 700 | N/A | | | | | 2000 | | | | | | | |
| 800 | N/A | | | | | Link up | | | | | | | |

C.5.4 Performance tests for CG30a - upstream

5 individual tests – 5 tests SHALL be passed

Table 170: Noise (XTc+AWGNc) CG30a impairment, profile-line combination CG30a_RA_I_105_105

| | | | | | 30a_RA_ | A_I_105_105 | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------|---------------|---|---------|--------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Do | ownstrea | ım | | Upstream | | | | | | | | |
| gth ?-J1) | Sync 1 (kb) | | nt | CRC error count Pass/Fail Noise Margin, Reported (dB) | | Sync (kb) | | nt | | Reported | | | | |
| Loop Length (m, VLOOP-J1) | Expected | Measured | CRC error cou | | | Expected | Measured | CRC error count | Pass/Fail | Noise Margin, Rep (dB) | | | | |
| 100 | N/A | | | | | 30000 | | | | | | | | |
| 200 | N/A | | | | | 28000 | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | N/A | | | | | 13000 | | | | | | | | |
| 500 | N/A | | | | | 4500 | | | | | | | | |
| 700 | N/A | | | | | Link up | | | | | | | | |

D Annex D Alien noise disturbers for Annex A and Annex B testing

Linear interpolation of the PSD in dBm/Hz against log(f) SHALL be used to calculate the values between breakpoints.

D.1 PSD profiles for MD_EX scenario

Table 171: XA.LT and XA.NT component for MD_EX noise scenario

| | component for X scenario | | component for X scenario |
|----------|-----------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| [Hz] | [dBm/Hz] | [Hz] | [dBm/Hz] |
| 0.01 | -30.2 | 0.01 | -30.2 |
| 1000 | -30.2 | 1000 | -30.2 |
| 6500 | -30.1 | 6500 | -30.1 |
| 8500 | -30.1 | 8500 | -30.1 |
| 15000 | -30.3 | 15000 | -30.3 |
| 28000 | -31.4 | 22000 | -30.7 |
| 59000 | -35 | 24000 | -30.7 |
| 86000 | -35.6 | 25000 | -30.6 |
| 137000 | -36.6 | 28000 | -30.7 |
| 138000 | -35.5 | 56000 | -32.8 |
| 139000 | -35.4 | 66000 | -33 |
| 140000 | -34.8 | 109000 | -33.2 |
| 183000 | -35.5 | 119000 | -32.6 |
| 254000 | -35.8 | 131000 | -32.6 |
| 255000 | -35 | 136000 | -32.5 |
| 272000 | -35 | 138000 | -32.8 |
| 273000 | -34.3 | 139000 | -33 |
| 370000 | -34.6 | 140000 | -33 |
| 1104000 | -34.6 | 144000 | -33.4 |
| 1250000 | -38.6 | 165000 | -33.8 |
| 1300000 | -40.4 | 274000 | -34.2 |
| 1622000 | -46.4 | 284000 | -38 |
| 2208000 | -47.7 | 305000 | -41.5 |
| 3002000 | -79.7 | 385000 | -50 |
| 3093000 | -85.5 | 542000 | -74 |
| 3308000 | -90 | 650000 | -93.3 |
| 3750000 | -95 | 676000 | -93.3 |
| 4544000 | -105.3 | 759000 | -93.8 |
| 7255000 | -106.5 | 913000 | -94.4 |
| 30000000 | -106.5 | 1030000 | -94.6 |
| | | 1411000 | -94.6 |
| | | 1630000 | -104.5 |
| | | 5274000 | -106.5 |
| | | 30000000 | -106.5 |

D.2 PSD profiles for MD_CAB27 scenario

Table 172: XA.LT and XA.NT component for MD_CAB27 noise scenario

| | component for B27 scenario | | component for B27 scenario |
|----------|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| [Hz] | [dBm/Hz] | [Hz] | [dBm/Hz] |
| 0.01 | -30.2 | 0.01 | -30.2 |
| 6900 | -30.3 | 7000 | -30.2 |
| 15000 | -30.5 | 15000 | -30.5 |
| 29000 | -32 | 22000 | -31 |
| 45000 | -35.5 | 24000 | -31 |
| 74000 | -47.4 | 25000 | -30.9 |
| 86000 | -48 | 28000 | -30.9 |
| 102000 | -47.5 | 55000 | -33.3 |
| 137000 | -49.8 | 69000 | -33.6 |
| 138000 | -48.2 | 112000 | -33.7 |
| 139000 | -48 | 119000 | -32.9 |
| 140000 | -47.2 | 129000 | -33 |
| 254000 | -50.3 | 136000 | -32.8 |
| 255000 | -49.3 | 139000 | -33.3 |
| 272000 | -49.7 | 140000 | -33.3 |
| 273000 | -49 | 148000 | -33.9 |
| 560000 | -54.7 | 168000 | -34.1 |
| 1104000 | -63 | 274000 | -34.3 |
| 1250000 | -68.9 | 283000 | -38.1 |
| 1622000 | -81.2 | 301000 | -42.4 |
| 2208000 | -88.8 | 362000 | -48.8 |
| 2696000 | -113.1 | 512000 | -71 |
| 2830000 | -117.2 | 644000 | -93.3 |
| 3040000 | -118.2 | 676000 | -93.3 |
| 30000000 | -118.2 | 759000 | -94 |
| | | 918000 | -94.5 |
| | | 1030000 | -94.6 |
| | | 1411000 | -94.6 |
| | | 1630000 | -104.6 |
| | | 5274000 | -106.5 |
| | | 30000000 | -106.5 |

D.3 PSD profiles for MD_CAB72 scenario

Table 173: XA.LT and XA.NT component for MD_CAB72 noise scenario

| | component for B72 scenario | | component for B72 scenario |
|----------|-------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| [Hz] | [dBm/Hz] | [Hz] | [dBm/Hz] |
| 0.01 | -30.2 | 0.01 | -30.2 |
| 6500 | -30.3 | 9100 | -30.2 |
| 15000 | -30.7 | 16000 | -30.5 |
| 30000 | -32.4 | 24000 | -31 |
| 55000 | -39.4 | 26000 | -31 |
| 71000 | -50.4 | 28000 | -30.8 |
| 79000 | -65 | 55000 | -33.1 |
| 81000 | -65 | 70000 | -33.4 |
| 89000 | -54.6 | 129000 | -33.8 |
| 102000 | -50.1 | 136000 | -33.4 |
| 110000 | -50.1 | 138000 | -34.3 |
| 133000 | -55.1 | 140000 | -33.7 |
| 157000 | -68.2 | 142000 | -33.9 |
| 163000 | -68.7 | 175000 | -34.3 |
| 177000 | -64.8 | 216000 | -34.4 |
| 187000 | -63.3 | 274000 | -34.4 |
| 193000 | -63.3 | 291000 | -51.4 |
| 208000 | -65.3 | 292000 | -51.4 |
| 234000 | -73 | 321000 | -56.4 |
| 247000 | -73.6 | 322000 | -56.4 |
| 272000 | -71.7 | 338000 | -79.1 |
| 273000 | -71.1 | 352000 | -79.1 |
| 336000 | -76.6 | 516000 | -88.4 |
| 349000 | -76.5 | 676000 | -93.3 |
| 682000 | -92.8 | 838000 | -94.4 |
| 915000 | -101.8 | 1112000 | -94.6 |
| 1157000 | -109.4 | 1411000 | -94.6 |
| 1570000 | -118.2 | 1630000 | -104.5 |
| 30000000 | -118.2 | 5274000 | -106.5 |
| | | 3000000 | -106.5 |

D.4 Noise Sources for Combined Noise Tests

D.4.1 Repetitive Electrical Impulse Noise (REIN) Model

The REIN model is representative of self-install practice. The REIN test SHALL use a burst of pseudo random noise of 100µs duration whose differential signal power spectral density is described by equation

Formula D-1: REIN noise for high REIN portion of combined noise

$$Noise_{REIN}(f) = \begin{cases} -90 \, dbm/Hz : f(Hz) < 2.2 \times 10^6 \\ \max(-90 - 40 \times \log_{10}(f/2.2 \times 10^6), -150 \, dBm/Hz) : f(Hz) \ge 2.2 \times 10^6 \end{cases}$$

The repetition rate is regionally dependent and is 100Hz for Annex B testing.

D.4.2 Prolonged Electrical Impulse Noise (PEIN) Model

The PEIN test SHALL use "Bursts of pseudo random AWGN" of varying duration, 1.2, 2.4 and 3.6ms with probabilities of 0.647, 0.229 and 0.124 respectively.

The PSD/levels of the noise bursts in the differential mode SHALL be drawn from the distribution in Table 174.

Table 174: PEIN PSD levels

| PEIN PSD | n(V) |
|------------|---------------|
| X / dBm/Hz | p(X) |
| -86 | 0.0044 |
| -88 | 0.0133 |
| -90 | 0.0222 |
| -92 | 0.0311 |
| -94 | 0.0400 |
| -96 | 0.0489 |
| -98 | 0.0578 |
| -100 | 0.0667 |
| -102 | 0.0756 |
| -104 | 0.0844 |
| -106 | 0.0933 |
| -108 | 0.1022 |
| -110 | 0.1111 |
| -112 | 0.1200 |
| -114 | 0.1289 |

The inter-arrival times are chosen between 4 s and 1094 s, with the discrete probability of choosing an inter-arrival time of x seconds being proportional to 1/x, the median inter-arrival time will be 61 s and the average inter-arrival time will be roughly 190 seconds. This equates to a probability of p(x) = 1/(x*ln(273.5)).

D.4.3 Repeatable test pattern definition – (PEIN)

The PEIN test pattern contains a list of powers and time for each power. Between the PEIN pulses the background noise level is -140 dBm/Hz. The start of a possible test pattern is shown in Table 175.

The pulse lengths are truncated for implementations that are limited to INP_min=16 symbols and profiles using 4.3125 kHz tone spacing.

Table 175: PEIN test pattern definition

| PSD | Length |
|----------|----------|
| (dBm/Hz) | (s) |
| -114 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 239.6863 |
| -102 | 0.0036 |
| -140 | 356.9171 |
| -108 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 563.6294 |
| -106 | 0.0024 |
| -140 | 65.7596 |
| -108 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 338.3679 |
| -106 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 6.7483 |
| -112 | 0.0024 |
| -140 | 430.9218 |
| -90 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 4.0486 |
| -110 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 55.2019 |

The PEIN test sequence in Appendix E MAY be used optionally. It is defined in terms of a series of PSD levels and associated durations. The test begins with the first PSD level being applied for the first duration value. At the end of each duration, the PSD level switches to the next listed value and remains at that level for the associated duration. The defined test sequence requires 4 hours to complete. The PSD level of -140dBm/Hz is the background noise level.

D.4.4 Fluctuating Crosstalk Model

The Fluctuating Crosstalk Noise Model simulates a two day cycle, and starts from a quiet condition when all disturbers are assumed to be turned off. The number of active disturbers in a 20 pair cable ranges from zero to 19 twice during the test. The simulated crosstalk noise is made up of between 0 and 19 self-NEXT and FEXT noise sources.

The condition during training SHALL be 1 active disturber at the CPE and at the DSLAM. The DSLAM and CPE noise fluctuates between 1 and 19 disturbers. With all 19 disturbers active the crosstalk level SHALL be at the 99% worst case level for 19 disturbers. The number of NEXT, and FEXT, disturbers at the DSLAM and CPE SHALL be the same and varied synchronously.

The fluctuating noise model is based on a hypothetical 20 pair cable. In this model the pairs are ordered according to reducing crosstalk coupling factor with respect to a wire pair that is subject to the test. The coupling factors are such that if the cable is progressively filled with active systems in this order, from the highest coupling factor to the lowest coupling factor, then the crosstalk noise will vary according to the classical $0.6 \times \log(n)$ multi-pair crosstalk model. The maximum fill of 19 disturbers leads to a crosstalk power that is 7.67 dB greater than the largest single disturber model. A key feature of the model is that the crosstalk noise when there are n disturbers is variable depending on which pairs are active. So we define noise generator PSDs as follows:

Crosstalk coupling functions are defined in section 5.3.2 table 5 of TS 101 388 [8],

Formula D- 2

$$XS.NT.n_BA8c_FLX = \sum_{1}^{19} a_n \cdot P_{SingleSelfBA8c_FLX, NT}(n)$$

$$XS.LT.n_BA8c_FLX = \sum_{1}^{19} a_n \cdot P_{SingleSelfBA8c_FLX, LT}(n)$$

Pair number $n \in 1..19$

Activation $a_n \in True$, False

Per - line crosstalk contribution $P_{SingleSelfBA8c_D\&UPBO_FLX, NT}(n) = P_{SingleSelfBA8c_D\&UPBO, NT}(n) \cdot 10^{CCFV(n)/10}$

CCFV(n) = The crosstalk coupling factor variation for pair n in dB referenced to pair 1

Table 176: Crosstalk coupling factor for the nth pair in the set

| Pair-number | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
|---|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| CCF dB Referred to the section 5.3.2 table 5 of ETSI TS 101 388[8] | 0 | -2.88 | -3.79 | -4.39 | -4.83 | -5.18 | -5.47 | -5.72 | -5.93 | -6.13 | 6.3- | -6.46 | -6.61 | -6.74 | 98'9- | 86'9- | 60'2- | -7.19 | -7.29 |

At the start of the test, no other disturbers SHALL be active. One-by-one, additional disturbers SHALL be enabled at a pseudo-random time (random order is implied), in the first simulated ½ day, until at the time corresponding to noon, all disturbers are active. During the second half of the first simulated day, each disturber SHALL be disabled at a pseudo random time, until at the end of the first day all the disturbers are disabled. The second simulated day follows the same model as the first but with different times and order of disturbers.

D.4.5 Repeatable test pattern definition – (Fluctuating Crosstalk)

The lists the start of a possible test pattern for fluctuating crosstalk. The power rises much more rapidly than would be expected in an actual test.

| riuctuating cro | ssiaik powei test |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Time (s) | Power |
| 0 | -93.5 |
| 1 | -93.5 |
| 2 | -37.5 |
| 3 | -37.5 |
| 4 | -28.0 |
| 5 | |

Table 177: Fluctuating crosstalk power test pattern

The fluctuating crosstalk test sequence in Appendix F MAY be used optionally. It is defined for the 19 self crosstalk disturber scenario in terms of a series of relative power (i.e. relative to the 19 disturber power level) and times. The test begins at t=0 s with the relative power of -67.80 dB being applied. At t=72 s, the relative power level switches to -13.61 dB and so on. At t=14239 s, the relative power level switches to -67.80 s and remains at this level until t=14400s, at which point the test ends. Hence the defined test sequence also requires 4 hours to complete.

D.4.6 Fluctuating Broadband RFI Model

This model includes 100 AM broadcast and 10 radio amateur signals of interferers at different levels, each carrier modulated with noise fluctuating at the syllabic rate and subject to independent fading at a rate and with a time profile representative of night time reception conditions.

This could be achieved using two AWGs, clocked at slightly different frequencies or two deep memory AWGs with a small difference in pattern length. Whichever method is chosen, it is important that the sequences loaded into memory SHALL be different, in order to ensure that the fading occurs independently between carriers. This could be done by ensuring that the phase of each carrier and associated side band group is given an arbitrary phase offset with respect to the waveform in the other generator and the other carriers.

If the dual AWG method is used, in order to achieve a fade of approximately 1000 seconds duration for carriers in the region of 1 MHz, one of the generators SHALL produce a carrier at 1.000000001 MHz. This can be achieved using reference clocks of 10 MHz and 10.00000001 MHz for the two AWGs as shown in Figure 5. The absolute accuracy of the reference clock is not significant, 50 parts per million accuracy is sufficient for repeatability. It is important that the resolution of frequency setting of the synthesizers is better than 1 part in 10^9 .

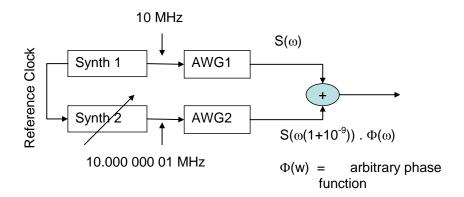


Figure 5: Example of creation of fluctuating noise

Table 178 below defines the carrier amplitudes and phases for one of the two AWGs. It also indicates those frequencies which have been carried forwards from the RF interferer list defined in ETSI TS 101 388 [8] and those frequencies which lie in the radio amateur bands. The frequencies have been chosen to allow testing of VDSL2 systems using frequencies up to 30 MHz.

The 100 radio broadcast carriers are amplitude modulated with double side bands and the 10 radio amateur signals with single side band suppressed carrier modulation (SSB). Each carrier SHOULD be independently modulated with speech weighted noise, each noise source being independently modulated at the syllabic rate.

Speech weighted noise SHALL be as defined in G.227 [6] and is limited to 4.2 kHz. The target modulation index for each carrier is 50% and the fade depth 100%.

Syllabic modulation SHALL be performed by periodically interrupting a continuous speech weighted noise source for a period of 150ms every 200ms. In the case of amateur band SSB signals the carrier power column data SHOULD be interpreted as the power of the SSB signal during the on period of the syllabic rate modulation.

Table 178: AM radio channel model

| | Table 1/8: AM radio channel model | | | | | |
|----|-----------------------------------|------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| RF | From ADSL plan | Band | Frequency (kHz) | Diff (Carrier) Power dBm | Phase Offset (rad) | Amateur Band |
| 1 | Yes | | 99 | -58 | 3.463 | |
| 2 | Yes | LW | 207 | -43 | 2.906 | |
| 3 | | LW | 270 | -93 | 4.292 | |
| 4 | | LW | 279 | -87 | 5.538 | |
| 5 | Yes | | 333 | -50 | 2.098 | |
| 6 | Yes | | 387 | -54 | 5.083 | |
| 7 | Yes | MW | 531 | -59 | 2.522 | |
| 8 | Yes | MW | 603 | -60 | 0.709 | |
| 9 | | MW | 630 | -82 | 2.914 | |
| 10 | | MW | 693 | -53 | 4.61 | |
| 11 | Yes | MW | 711 | -57 | 4.239 | |
| 12 | | MW | 792 | -84 | 1.167 | |
| 13 | Yes | MW | 801 | -62 | 5.793 | |
| 14 | | MW | 855 | -80 | 3.738 | |
| 15 | Yes | MW | 909 | -52 | 2.317 | |
| 16 | Yes | MW | 981 | -63 | 0.63 | |
| 17 | | MW | 999 | -63 | 6.102 | |
| 18 | | MW | 1080 | -76 | 1.94 | |
| 19 | | MW | 1269 | -83 | 0.56 | |
| 20 | | SW | 3235 | -83 | 1.156 | |
| 21 | | SW | 3250 | -56 | 5.164 | |
| 22 | | SW | 3300 | -61 | 5.097 | |
| 23 | | SW | 3330 | -71 | 3.493 | |
| 24 | | SW | 3355 | -74 | 6.011 | |
| 25 | | SW | 3365 | -59 | 1.922 | |
| 26 | | SW | 3390 | -70 | 4.95 | |
| 27 | | | 3695 | -75 | 3.353 | Y |
| 28 | | | 3720 | -56 | 5.75 | Y |
| 29 | | | 3730 | -56 | 3.738 | Y |
| 30 | | | 3770 | -90 | 0.393 | Y |
| 31 | | SW | 4810 | -55 | 4.996 | |
| 32 | | SW | 4845 | -80 | 5.656 | |
| 33 | | SW | 5015 | -55 | 5.013 | |
| 34 | | SW | 5035 | -93 | 4.841 | |
| 35 | | SW | 5970 | -54 | 5.68 | |
| 36 | | SW | 5980 | -56 | 3.055 | |
| 37 | | SW | 5995 | -87 | 2.994 | |
| 38 | | SW | 6005 | -85 | 5.659 | |
| | | · | 1 | 1 | | 1 |

| RF | From ADSL plan | Band | Frequency (kHz) | Diff (Carrier) Power dBm | Phase Offset (rad) | Amateur Band |
|----|----------------------|------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 39 | | SW | 6015 | -89 | 3.182 | |
| 40 | | SW | 6050 | -85 | 2.031 | |
| 41 | | SW | 6060 | -93 | 2.705 | |
| 42 | | SW | 6095 | -78 | 2.901 | |
| 43 | | SW | 6105 | -76 | 2.951 | |
| 44 | | SW | 6160 | -89 | 5.613 | |
| 45 | | SW | 6170 | -93 | 0.768 | |
| 46 | | SW | 6180 | -63 | 3.319 | |
| 47 | | SW | 7130 | -71 | 3.421 | Y |
| 48 | | SW | 7145 | -90 | 0.42 | Y |
| 49 | | SW | 7175 | -92 | 4.876 | Y |
| 50 | | SW | 7185 | -63 | 0.818 | Y |
| 51 | | SW | 7350 | -92 | 0.439 | |
| 52 | | SW | 9415 | -93 | 4.054 | |
| 53 | | SW | 9495 | -58 | 3.044 | |
| 54 | | SW | 9515 | -77 | 4.125 | |
| 55 | | SW | 9620 | -74 | 5.978 | |
| 56 | | SW | 9650 | -81 | 6.176 | |
| 57 | | SW | 9685 | -91 | 4.461 | |
| 58 | | SW | 9695 | -91 | 4.635 | |
| 59 | | SW | 9705 | -93 | 5.387 | |
| 60 | | SW | 9800 | -91 | 5.477 | |
| 61 | | SW | 9820 | -82 | 3.992 | |
| 62 | | SW | 11600 | -76 | 4.049 | |
| 63 | | SW | 11610 | -92 | 0.078 | |
| 64 | | SW | 11655 | -91 | 5.044 | |
| 65 | | SW | 11720 | -85 | 3.833 | |
| 66 | | SW | 11730 | -72 | 1.829 | |
| 67 | | SW | 11810 | -82 | 3.467 | |
| 68 | | SW | 11890 | -93 | 2.351 | |
| 69 | | SW | 11915 | -90 | 0.313 | |
| 70 | | SW | 11965 | -72 | 0.649 | |
| 71 | | SW | 12050 | -90 | 6.006 | |
| 72 | | SW | 12060 | -70 | 2.648 | |
| 73 | | SW | 12185 | -59 | 0.385 | |
| 74 | | SW | 13620 | -86 | 3.852 | |
| 75 | | SW | 13675 | -84 | 4.685 | |
| 76 | | SW | 13710 | -74 | 0.995 | |
| 77 | | SW | 13790 | -70 | 3.553 | |

| RF | From ADSL plan | Band | Frequency (kHz) | Diff (Carrier) Power dBm | Phase Offset (rad) | Amateur Band |
|-----|----------------------|------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 78 | | SW | 13830 | -79 | 1.205 | |
| 79 | | | 14115 | -60 | 3.316 | Y |
| 80 | | SW | 15130 | -93 | 0.34 | |
| 81 | | SW | 15140 | -87 | 6.108 | |
| 82 | | SW | 15150 | -77 | 0.79 | |
| 83 | | SW | 15385 | -87 | 3.954 | |
| 84 | | SW | 15490 | -91 | 4.853 | |
| 85 | | SW | 15535 | -93 | 5.685 | |
| 86 | | SW | 15735 | -68 | 4.193 | |
| 87 | | SW | 15760 | -77 | 5.347 | |
| 88 | | SW | 17500 | -91 | 3.477 | |
| 89 | | SW | 17560 | -93 | 1.664 | |
| 90 | | SW | 17585 | -65 | 0.468 | |
| 91 | | SW | 17595 | -59 | 3.72 | |
| 92 | | SW | 17625 | -77 | 4.62 | |
| 93 | | SW | 17685 | -93 | 2.864 | |
| 94 | | SW | 17780 | -78 | 0.826 | |
| 95 | | SW | 18905 | -60 | 3.551 | |
| 96 | | SW | 18915 | -91 | 2.09 | |
| 97 | | SW | 18995 | -93 | 0.823 | |
| 98 | | | 21040 | -93 | 1.601 | Y |
| 99 | | SW | 21485 | -89 | 4.111 | |
| 100 | | SW | 21550 | -91 | 4.507 | |
| 101 | | SW | 21660 | -93 | 2.196 | |
| 102 | | SW | 21670 | -68 | 2.135 | |
| 103 | | SW | 21680 | -74 | 0.743 | |
| 104 | | SW | 21690 | -92 | 0.092 | |
| 105 | | SW | 21705 | -85 | 0.138 | |
| 106 | | SW | 21710 | -93 | 2.839 | |
| 107 | | SW | 21745 | -93 | 5.946 | |
| 108 | | SW | 21755 | -75 | 0.846 | |
| 109 | | SW | 23945 | -90 | 4.689 | |
| 110 | | SW | 23960 | -86 | 4.349 | |

NOTE: Although the above table includes suggested carrier powers, with a bias towards lower powered signals, this item remains the subject of further study.

D.4.7 Synchronization of the multiple noise models

REIN is not synchronized with any other source. PEIN and fluctuating crosstalk noise sources SHOULD start simultaneously, but SHALL be aligned to start within 1 second.

The same PEIN and fluctuating crosstalk test patterns SHOULD be used for each of the four tests described.

E Annex E G.998.4 Retransmission Performance Tests

E.1 Retransmission testing for profile BA8c_D&UPBO

Three groups of tests are defined for profile BA8c_D&UPBO, to set requirements for VDSL2 in combination with G.998.4 [3].

These are:

- REIN immunity
- PEIN immunity
- Immunity to combined REIN and PEIN noise ingress

In general, the acronym SHINE (Singular High Impulse Noise Environment) refers to single impulses with duration in the range milliseconds to seconds that MAY or MAY NOT be correctable, as related to G.998.4 control parameters.

The acronym PEIN (Prolonged Electrical Impulse Noise) refers to a sequence of relatively short SHINE impulses spread over a prolonged time period.

The PEIN testing in this annex refers to tests with impulse noise having duration up to the upper limit of error correction capability for the method under test.

The SHINE testing in TR-114 refers to tests with high level impulse noises that are generally longer then the correction capability and lead to un-correctable error bursts.

Table 179: Basic test setup parameters

| Test Parameter | Value |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Test Loop | TP100 loop, length: |
| | 150 m, 450 m, 1050 m, 1200 m, 1500 m |
| Band-profile | BA8c_D&UPBO |
| Common Line Settings | Common Line Settings for BA8c_D&UPBO band |
| | profile as defined in Table 92 |
| Crosstalk Noise model | n_BA8c_D&UPBO_RTX which is identical to |
| | n_BA8c_D&UPBO as defined in Table 95, except |
| | calculated for 1 Self NEXT+FEXT noise disturber |
| | (1self_BA8c) + -140dBm/Hz AWGN |
| REIN repetition rate | 100Hz |
| REIN pulse amplitude | Nominal 0dB relative to the REIN noise impairment |
| | defined in D.4.1 |
| REIN duration (REIN_T) | {0 100µs} |
| PEIN test pattern | As defined in Table 188. |
| PEIN duration (PEIN_T) | {0 4.3ms 9.7ms} |
| PEIN repetition rate | 1 per second |
| Initialization | Rate adaptive start-up without PEIN and without REIN |
| Ethernet frame size for Down- | 300 bytes |
| and Upstream (FS) | |
| Ethernet frames per second DS | FLOOR(NDRds*1000*0.95/(8*(300+4)*65/64)) |
| (FpSds)(test group 0) | |
| Ethernet frames per second | 53 |
| upstream (FpSus) | |

E.1.1 Downstream retransmission performance test

Test Configuration

Table 180: RTX Common Line Settings

| Parameter | Setting | Description | | |
|--|---------|---------------|--|--|
| MAXSNRM | 15 dB | | | |
| RTX_MODE | 2 | RTX_FORCED | | |
| IAT_REIN_RTX | 0 | REIN at 100Hz | | |
| NOTE: Other Common Line Settings parameters are defined in Table 7 and Table 92. | | | | |

Table 181: RTX General Line Settings

| General line | Parameter | Setting | Description |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|---------|--|
| setting | | | |
| "R-10/2/0" | INPMIN_REIN_RTX | 2 | DMT symbols protection against REIN |
| (REIN only noise) | INPMIN_SHINE_RTX | 0 | No guaranteed protection against PEIN/SHINE |
| | SHINERATIO_RTX | 0 | No protection against SHINE |
| | LEFTR_THRESH | 0.80 | Low rate defect threshold |
| | DELAYMAX_RTX | 10 | ms |
| | DELAYMIN_RTX | 0 | Outlet shaper off |
| "R-15/0/41" | INPMIN_REIN_RTX | 0 | No guaranteed protection against REIN |
| (PEIN only noise) | INPMIN_SHINE_RTX | 41 | DMT symbols protection against PEIN/SHINE |
| | SHINERATIO_RTX | 2 | Worst case PEIN retransmission overhead (in %) |
| | LEFTR_THRESH | 0.98 | Low rate defect threshold |
| | DELAYMAX_RTX | 15 | ms |
| | DELAYMIN_RTX | 0 | Outlet shaper off |
| "R-17/2/41" | INPMIN_REIN_RTX | 2 | DMT symbols protection against REIN |
| (this setting is intended for use | INPMIN_SHINE_RTX | 41 | DMT symbols protection against PEIN/SHINE |
| with the REIN+ | SHINERATIO_RTX | 2 | Worst case PEIN retransmission |
| PEIN noise | | | overhead (in %) |
| impairment) | LEFTR_THRESH | 0.78 | Low rate defect threshold |
| | DELAYMAX_RTX | 17 | ms |
| | DELAYMIN_RTX | 0 | Outlet shaper off |

Table 182: RTX Specific Line Settings

| | | | | DS Expected | US Net |
|---------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------------|-----------|
| RTX Specific | DS RTX | US RTX | RA-Mode | throughput | data rate |
| line setting | General | General | 101111000 | (ETR_RTX) or | (NDR) |
| inic seeing | line | line | | Net data rate | (kbit/s) |
| | settings | settings | | (NDR, NDR_RTX) | (HOICIS) |
| | Security | seems | | (kbit/s) | |
| | F-1/0 | I-8/2 | AT_INIT | MAXNDR = | MAXNDR |
| RA_F*_150_150 | | | | 150000 | = 150000 |
| | | | | MINNDR = 128 | MINNDR |
| | | | | | = 64 |
| | | | | | |
| RA_R10/2/0_15 | R-10/2/0 | I-8/2 | AT_INIT | MAXETR_RTX = | MAXNDR |
| 0_150 | | | | 150000 | = 150000 |
| | | | | MAXNDR_RTX = | MINNDR |
| | | | | 150000 | = 160 |
| | | | | MINETR_RTX = | |
| | | | | 518 | |
| RA_R15/0/41_1 | R-15/0/41 | I-8/2 | AT_INIT | MAXETR_RTX = | MAXNDR |
| 50_150 | | | | 150000 | = 150000 |
| | | | | MAXNDR_RTX = | MINNDR |
| | | | | 150000 | = 160 |
| | | | | MINETR_RTX = | |
| | | | | 518 | |
| RA_R17/2/41_1 | R-17/2/41 | I-8/2 | AT_INIT | MAXETR_RTX = | MAXNDR |
| 50_150 | | | | 150000 | = 150000 |
| | | | | MAXNDR_RTX = | MINNDR |
| | | | | 150000 | = 160 |
| | | | | MINETR_RTX = | |
| | | | | 518 | |

NOTE: Latency and INP settings for RA_F*_150_150 specific line setting SHALL be F-1/0 in downstream and I-8/2 in upstream. F-1/0 and I-8/2 are defined in Table 8.

Test Profiles

The Common band-profile BA8c as described in Section B.11 is combined with the line settings described in Table 182 to specify the complete settings for a system under test.

Table 183: Test profiles for retransmission

| Band-profile | Specific line-setting | Profile-line combination |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_F*_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO _RA_F*_150_150 |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_R10/2/0_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO _RA_R10/2/0_150_150 |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_R15/0/41_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO _RA_R15/0/41_150_150 |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_R17/2/41_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO _RA_R17/2/41_150_150 |

DPBO and UPBO SHALL be configured as per band profile BA8c_D&UPBO.

Test Description

Test matrix showing mandatory (M) and optional (O) tests is described in Table 184.

Table 184: Test matrix showing mandatory and optional tests

| Test Loop TP100 (m) | Test Group | | | | |
|---------------------|------------|---|---|---|--|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| 150 | M | M | M | M | |
| 450 | О | О | О | О | |
| 1050 | M | M | M | M | |
| 1200 | О | О | О | О | |
| 1500 | M | M | M | M | |

Table 185: Summary of parameters for each Test Group

| Test Profile and Impulse Noise Configuration | Test Group | | | |
|---|------------|-----|-----|-----|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| BA8c_D&UPBO _RA_F*_150_150 | Y | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO _RA_R10/2/0_150_150 | | Y | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO _RA_R15/0/41_150_150 | | | Y | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO _RA_R17/2/41_150_150 | | | | Y |
| REIN_T (μs) | 0 | 100 | 0 | 100 |
| PEIN_T(ms) | 0 | 0 | 9.7 | 4.3 |

Table 186 describes the test procedure for the Downstream retransmission test. All MINEFTR values for each test group SHALL be read within the same monitoring period.

Table 186: Downstream retransmission test

| Test | (1) Test profiles SHALL be configured according to Table 183. |
|---------------|--|
| Configuration | (2) Line simulator SHALL be set up for the TP100 straight |
| | homogeneous loop. Its length SHALL be as defined in Table 184. |
| | (3) The crosstalk noise SHALL be injected at CO and CPE. |
| | (4) REIN & PEIN SHALL be injected at the CPE only. |
| Method of | (1) Configure the SUT in the test profile for test group 0 as defined in |
| Procedure | Table 185. |
| | (2) Set the first loop for test group 0 as specified in Table 184. |
| | (3) Enable crosstalk for this loop length and disable REIN and PEIN. |
| | (4) Allow modem to train and wait 1 minute. |
| | (5) Record the downstream net data rate NDRds. |
| | (6) Enable Ethernet traffic generation with a frame rate FpSds in the |
| | downstream direction as defined in Table 179 and FpSus in the |
| | upstream direction as defined in Table 179. |
| | (7) Allow traffic to run for 2 minutes. |
| | (8) Record the highest downstream packet delay as PDfds. |
| | (9) Repeat steps 3 to 8 for the next loop lengths from Table 184. |
| | (10)Configure the SUT in the test profile for test group 1 as defined in |
| | Table 185. Configure the REIN and PEIN parameters for test group |
| | 1 as defined in Table 185. |
| | (11)Set the first loop for test group 1 as specified in Table 184. |
| | (12)Enable crosstalk for this loop length and disable REIN and PEIN. |
| | (13)Allow modem to train. |
| | (14)Allow 1 minute after training for link to stabilize. |
| | (15)Enable Ethernet traffic generation with a frame rate FpSds in the |

| | downstream direction as defined in Table 187 and FpSus in the | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | upstream direction as defined in Table 179. | | | | | | | |
| | (16)Record the downstream ES, SES and CV counters. | | | | | | | |
| | (17)Allow traffic to run for 2 minutes. | | | | | | | |
| | (18)Record the downstream ES, SES and CV counters. Record the | | | | | | | |
| | number of dropped packets and the highest packet delay. | | | | | | | |
| | (19)Enable REIN and/or PEIN and repeat steps 16 to 18. | | | | | | | |
| | (20)Record MINEFTRds and ETRds. | | | | | | | |
| | (21)Record the difference between the E2E packet delay without and | | | | | | | |
| | with impulse noise impairment as Delay_diff. | | | | | | | |
| | (22)Repeat steps 12 to 21 for the next loop lengths from Table 184. | | | | | | | |
| | (23)Repeat steps 10 to 22 for the next test group from Table 184. | | | | | | | |
| Expected | For test group 1 to 3 and each loop length: | | | | | | | |
| Result | (1) MINEFTRds \geq ETRds – ETRds*0.02 | | | | | | | |
| | (2) Packet Delay without impulse noise - PDfds <= 3.5ms (NOTE1). | | | | | | | |
| | (3) Delay_diff <= DELAYMAX_RTX | | | | | | | |
| | (4) Within the 2 minutes traffic test periods there SHALL be (NOTE2): | | | | | | | |
| | a. no dropped packets | | | | | | | |
| | b. no increase in downstream CV, ES and SES counters | | | | | | | |

NOTE1: if the result is > 3.5ms then repeat the Packet Delay measurement without impulse noise once.

NOTE2: If the CV count is increased by 1, the test for this test group and loop length SHALL be repeated once.

Table 187: Minimum required Ethernet Throughput Frames per Second downstream (FpSds)

| Test Loop TP100 (m) | Test Group | | | | |
|---------------------|------------|-------|-------|--|--|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | | |
| 150 | 13562 | 14170 | 13441 | | |
| 450 | 12490 | 13117 | 12379 | | |
| 1050 | 9680 | 10246 | 9566 | | |
| 1200 | 8372 | 8766 | 8380 | | |
| 1500 | 5696 | 5910 | 5645 | | |

E.1.2 PEIN Test Pattern Definition

Table 188: PEIN Test Pattern Definition

| | | 1 abie | 188: PE | | |
|------------|----------|-----------|--------------------|--|--|
| PEIN test | pattern | PEIN test | pattern | | |
| fixed puls | | | fixed pulse length | | |
| PEIN_T | Part 1 | PEIN_T | Part 2 | | |
| PSD | Pulse | PSD | Pulse | | |
| (dBm/Hz) | Duration | (dBm/Hz) | Duration | | |
| -114 | T | -114 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | 1-T | | |
| -102 | T | -94 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | 1-T | | |
| -108 | T | -112 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | 1-T | | |
| -106 | T | -104 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | 1-T | | |
| -108 | T | -106 | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | | | |
| -106 | T | -112 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | 1-T | | |
| -112 | T | -112 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | 1-T | | |
| -90 | T | -92 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | | | |
| -110 | T | -108 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | | | |
| -102 | T | -114 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | | | |
| -98 | T | -114 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | | | |
| -104 | T | -108 | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | | | |
| -100 | T | -98 | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | | | |
| -114 | T | -114 | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | 1-T | | |
| -104 | T | -100 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | 1-T | | |
| -100 | T | -102 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | 1-T | | |
| -112 | T | -96 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | 1-T | | |
| -94 | T | -104 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | 1-T | | |
| -98 | T | -96 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | 1-T | | |
| -112 | T | -108 | T | | |
| -140 | 1-T | -140 | 1-T | | |

| Table | 188: PE |
|--------------|------------------|
| PEIN test | pattern |
| fixed puls | se length |
| PEIN_T | Part 2 |
| PSD | Pulse |
| (dBm/Hz) | Duration |
| -114 | T |
| -140 | |
| -94 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -112 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -104 | T |
| -140 | |
| -106 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -112 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -112 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -92 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -108 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -114 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -114 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -108 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -98 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -114 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -100 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -102 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -96 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -104 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -96 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -108 | T |
| -140 | 1 ₋ T |

| Test Patte | rn Defin |
|------------|----------|
| PEIN test | pattern |
| fixed puls | |
| PEIN_T | Part 3 |
| PSD | Pulse |
| (dBm/Hz) | Duration |
| -108 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -114 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -98 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -90 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -112 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -94 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -108 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -106 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -106 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -106 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -140 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| | |
| -110 | T 1-T |
| -140 | T |
| -100 | |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -114 | |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -114 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -114 | 1 T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -114 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -108 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -106 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |
| -102 | T |
| -140 | 1-T |

| PEIN test pattern fixed pulse length | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| PEIN_T | | | | | | |
| PSD | Pulse | | | | | |
| (dBm/Hz) | Duration | | | | | |
| -110 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -98 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -112 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -112 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -90 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -110 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -98 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -88 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -110 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -112 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -114 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -114 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -104 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -96 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -108 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -112 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -110 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -106 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| -110 | T | | | | | |
| -140 | 1-T | | | | | |
| Restart fi | | | | | | |
| begin | ning | | | | | |

Appendix A Amateur Radio Bands (informative)

Amateur radio bands MAY interfere with some regions of the VDSL2 spectrum. Table 189 below provides the frequency ranges of these amateur radio bands as related to frequencies relevant to VDSL2.

Table 189:Amateur Radio Band Frequency Ranges (MHz)

| ITU-R Region 1 (Europe) | ITU-R Region 2 (Americas) | ITU-R Region 3 (Asia-Pacific) | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1.81-1.85 | 1.80-2.00 | 1.80-2.00 | | | | | |
| 3.50-3.80 | 3.50-4.00 | 3.50-3.90 | | | | | |
| 7.00-7.20 | 7.00-7.30 | 7.00-7.20 | | | | | |
| | 10.1-10.15 | | | | | | |
| | 14-14.35 | | | | | | |
| | 18.068-18.168 | | | | | | |
| | 21-21.45 | | | | | | |
| | 24.89-24.99 | | | | | | |
| | 28-29.7 | | | | | | |

Appendix B Inside Wiring Topologies (informative)

Testing with inside wiring topologies are for further study.

The segment of twisted pair outside wire has been addressed by previous contributions to the DSL Forum (DSLF2005-560). The splitter is normally located at the NID (network interface device). While the DSL Forum VDSL2 testing specification MAY make reference to the applicable industry requirement for splitters, we recommend that the specific make and model of the splitter, balun, splitter/balun, and diplexer be chosen by the testing laboratory. An integrated splitter and balun is preferred, but alternatively a separate splitter and balun could be used.

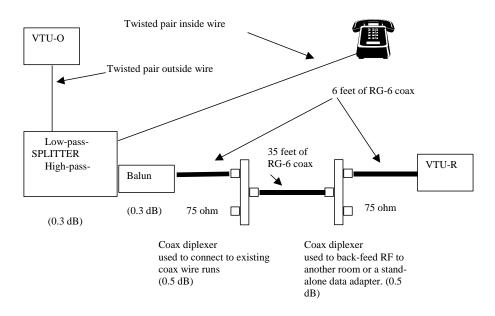


Figure 6: VDSL2 inside wire configuration 1

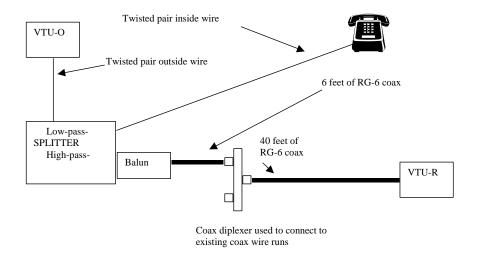


Figure 7: VDSL2 inside wire configuration 2

NOTE: Diplexer function and home data networking functions MAY be integrated within CPE.

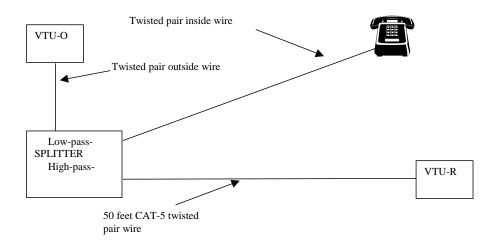


Figure 8: VDSL2 inside wire configuration 3

NOTE: Typical home without coax.

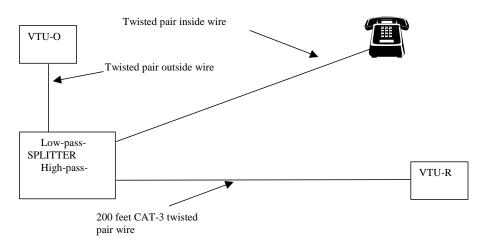


Figure 9: VDSL2 inside wire configuration 4

NOTE: Typical MDU without coax.

Appendix C Summary of Profile and Line Combinations (informative)

Table 190: Summary of profile-line combinations used in TR-114

| Table 190: Summary of profile-line combinations used in 1R-114 | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| VDSL2 Band- profile | Specific line-setting | Profile-line combination | | | | |
| AA8a | RA_I_098_058 | AA8a_UPBO_RA_I_098_058 | | | | |
| AA12a | RA_I_098_058 | AA12a_UPBO_RA_I_098_058 | | | | |
| AA17a | RA_I_150_096 | AA17a_UPBO_RA_I_150_096 | | | | |
| AA8d | RA_I_096_056 | AA8d_UPBO_RA_I_096_056 | | | | |
| AA8d | FX_I_027_002 | AA8d_UPBO_FX_I_027_002 | | | | |
| AA8d | FX_I_014_001 | AA8d_UPBO_FX_I_014_001 | | | | |
| AA8d | FX_I_040_006 | AA8d_UPBO_FX_I_040_006 | | | | |
| BA8b | RA_F_150_150 | BA8b_RA_F_150_150 | | | | |
| BA8b | RA_I_150_150 | BA8b_RA_I_150_150 | | | | |
| BB8b | RA_F_150_150 | BB8b_RA_F_150_150 | | | | |
| BB8b | RA_I_150_150 | BB8b_RA_I_150_150 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_F_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_I_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_HI_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_HI_150_150 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | FX_HI_0082_0032 | BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_HI_0082_0032 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | FX_HI_0080_0032 | BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_HI_0080_0032 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_F*_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_F*_150_150 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_R10/2/0_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_R10/2/0_150_150 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_R15/0/41_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_R15/0/41_150_150 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | RA_R17/2/41_150_150 | BA8c_D&UPBO_RA_R17/2/41_150_150 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | FX_I_023_008 | BA8cD&UPBO_FX_I_023_008 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | FX_I_021_008 | BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_I_021_008 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | FX_I_014_005 | BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_I_014_005 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | FX_I_010_0026 | BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_I_010_0026 | | | | |
| BA8c_D&UPBO | FX_I_007_0007 | BA8c_D&UPBO_FX_I_007_0007 | | | | |
| CG8d | RA_I_105_105 | CG8d_RA_I_105_105 | | | | |
| BA12a | RA_F_150_150 | BA12a_RA_F_150_150 | | | | |

| BA12a | RA_I_150_150 | BA12a_RA_I_150_150 |
|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| BB12a | RA_F_150_150 | BB12a_RA_F_150_150 |
| BB12a | RA_I_150_150 | BB12a_RA_I_150_150 |
| CG12a | RA_I_105_105 | CG12a_RA_I_105_105 |
| BA17a | RA F 150 150 | BA17a_RA_F_150_150 |
| | | |
| BA17a | RA_I_150_150 | BA17a_RA_I_150_150 |
| BA17a_D&UPBO | RA_F_150_150 | BA17a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 |
| BA17a_D&UPBO | RA_I_150_150 | BA17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 |
| BA17a_D&UPBO | FX_I_050_020 | BA17a_D&UPBO_FX_I_050_020 |
| BA30a | RA_F_150_150 | BA30a_RA_F_150_150 |
| BA30a | RA_I_150_150 | BA30a_RA_I_150_150 |
| BA30a_D&UPBO | RA_F_150_150 | BA30a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 |
| BA30a_D&UPBO | RA_I_150_150 | BA30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 |
| BA30a_D&UPBO | FX_I_075_025 | BA30a_D&UPBO_FX_I_075_025 |
| BB17a | RA_F_150_150 | BB17a_RA_F_150_150 |
| BB17a | RA_I_150_150 | BB17a_RA_I_150_150 |
| BB17a_D&UPBO | RA_F_150_150 | BB17a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 |
| BB17a_D&UPBO | RA_I_150_150 | BB17a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 |
| BB17a_D&UPBO | FX_I_050_015 | BB17a_D&UPBO_FX_I_050_015 |
| BB30a | RA_F_150_150 | BB30a_RA_F_150_150 |
| BB30a | RA_I_150_150 | BB30a_RA_I_150_150 |
| BB30a_D&UPBO | RA_F_150_150 | BB30a_D&UPBO_RA_F_150_150 |
| BB30a_D&UPBO | RA_I_150_150 | BB30a_D&UPBO_RA_I_150_150 |
| BB30a_D&UPBO | FX_I_080_015 | BB30a_D&UPBO_FX_I_080_015 |
| CG17a | RA_I_105_105 | CG17a_RA_I_105_105 |
| CG30a | RA_I_105_105 | CG30a_RA_I_105_105 |

Appendix D Crosstalk impairment for AA8d performance testing (informative)

Table 191: Annex A testing CPE Noise

| Freq | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.4 |
|-------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|
| (kHz) | (kft) | (kft) | (kft) | (kft) | (kft) | (kft) | 2.4 (kft) |
| 1 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 |
| 4 | -140.0 -140.0 | | -140.0 -140.0 | | -140.0 -140.0 | | -140.0 -140.0 |
| | | -140.0 | | -140.0 | | -140.0 | |
| 16 | -125.7 | -123.8 | -123.0 | -122.6 | -122.2 | -122.0 | -121.9 |
| 24 | -110.5 | -108.5 | -107.7 | -107.2 | -106.9 | -106.7 | -106.6 |
| 36 | -105.4 | -103.5 | -102.7 | -102.2 | -101.9 | -101.7 | -101.6 |
| 52 | -103.0 | -101.1 | -100.3 | -99.8 | -99.5 | -99.3 | -99.2 |
| 78 | -100.3 | -98.4 | −97.6 | -97.2 | -96.8 | -96.6 | -96.5 |
| 112 | -97.9 | -96.0 | -95.2 | -94.7 | -94.4 | -94.2 | -94.1 |
| 134 | -96.6 | -94.8 | -94.0 | -93.5 | -93.2 | -93.0 | -92.9 |
| 138 | -96.4 | -94.6 | -93.8 | -93.3 | -92.9 | -92.8 | -92.7 |
| 142 | -99.0 | -97.2 | -95.1 | -94.6 | -95.6 | -95.4 | -95.3 |
| 512 | -108.6 | -107.3 | -107.2 | -107.6 | -108.6 | -109.8 | -111.2 |
| 1104 | -103.4 | -102.2 | -102.9 | -104.1 | -106.1 | -108.4 | -110.8 |
| 1516 | -100.4 | -100.3 | -101.5 | -103.1 | -105.7 | -108.6 | -111.6 |
| 2208 | -97.8 | -98.3 | -100.1 | -102.4 | -105.8 | -109.6 | -113.5 |
| 3748 | -94.7 | -96.4 | -99.2 | -102.4 | -106.8 | -110.5 | -112.7 |
| 3750 | -119.3 | -117.4 | -114.0 | -113.7 | -113.7 | -113.8 | -113.8 |
| 3752 | -119.5 | -117.5 | -114.1 | -109.8 | -103.9 | -97.9 | -91.9 |
| 3880 | -123.9 | -119.1 | -114.6 | -110.0 | -103.9 | -97.8 | -91.7 |
| 4300 | -125.3 | -120.2 | -115.4 | -110.6 | -104.2 | -97.8 | -91.3 |
| 5000 | -127.2 | -121.9 | -116.7 | -111.5 | -104.6 | -97.7 | -90.8 |
| 5176 | -121.3 | -120.4 | -116.8 | -111.8 | -104.7 | -97.7 | -90.7 |
| 5198 | -118.9 | -119.2 | -116.6 | -111.8 | -104.8 | -97.7 | -90.6 |
| 5200 | -118.7 | -119.1 | -116.5 | -111.8 | -111.6 | -111.7 | -111.7 |
| 5202 | -94.3 | -96.8 | -100.5 | -104.1 | -108.5 | -110.8 | -111.6 |
| 6000 | -93.5 | -96.4 | -100.7 | -105.4 | -112.1 | -119.1 | -126.1 |
| 7000 | -92.6 | -96.1 | -100.8 | -106.1 | -113.4 | -121.1 | -128.6 |
| 8498 | -91.6 | -95.8 | -101.2 | -107.1 | -115.4 | -123.9 | -131.7 |
| 8500 | -116.6 | -120.7 | -126.0 | -131.2 | -136.3 | -138.0 | -138.3 |
| 8502 | -116.9 | -121.0 | -126.2 | -131.5 | -136.4 | -138.1 | -138.3 |
| 8752 | -137.2 | -137.9 | -138.2 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 |
| 9300 | -137.2 | -137.9 | -138.2 | -138.2 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 |
| 12000 | -137.2 | -137.9 | -138.2 | -138.2 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 |
| 16000 | -137.2 | -137.9 | -138.2 | -138.2 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 |

| Freq (kHz) | 2.8 (kft) | 3.2 (kft) | 3.6 (kft) | 4.0 (kft) | 4.5 (kft) | 5.5 (kft) | 6.5 (kft) |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 |
| 4 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 | -140.0 |
| 16 | -121.9 | -121.8 | -121.8 | -121.8 | -121.4 | -121.4 | -121.4 |
| 24 | -106.5 | -106.5 | -106.4 | -106.4 | -106.0 | -105.9 | -105.9 |
| 36 | -101.5 | -101.5 | -101.4 | -101.4 | -100.9 | -100.9 | -100.9 |
| 52 | -99.1 | -99.0 | -99.0 | -99.0 | -98.5 | -98.5 | -98.5 |
| 78 | -96.4 | -96.4 | -96.3 | -96.9 | -95.8 | -96.4 | -96.4 |
| 112 | -94.0 | -94.0 | -94 | -94.0 | -93.5 | -93.5 | -93.5 |
| 134 | -92.8 | -92.8 | -92.8 | -92.8 | -92.3 | -92.3 | -92.3 |
| 138 | -92.6 | -92.6 | -92.6 | -92.6 | -92.1 | -92.1 | -92.1 |
| 142 | -95.3 | -95.3 | -95.2 | -95.2 | -94.7 | -94.8 | -94.8 |
| 512 | -112.8 | -114.4 | -116.1 | -116.1 | -108.8 | -113.5 | -118.3 |
| 1104 | -113.4 | -116.1 | -118.8 | -118.8 | -113.9 | -121.1 | -128.3 |
| 1516 | -114.8 | -118.1 | -121.4 | -121.4 | -125.0 | -132.9 | -138.0 |
| 2208 | -117.5 | -121.6 | -125.7 | -125.7 | -132.6 | -138.4 | -139.5 |
| 3748 | -113.6 | -113.9 | -114 | -114.0 | -138.9 | -139.2 | -139.2 |
| 3750 | -113.8 | -113.8 | -113.8 | -113.8 | -139.2 | -139.2 | -139.2 |
| 3752 | -86.8 | -86.8 | -86.8 | -86.8 | -139.2 | -139.2 | -139.2 |
| 3880 | -86.6 | -86.6 | -86.6 | -86.6 | -139.2 | -139.2 | -139.2 |
| 4300 | -85.9 | -85.9 | -85.9 | -85.9 | -139.0 | -139.0 | -139.0 |
| 5000 | -84.9 | -84.9 | -84.9 | -84.9 | -138.8 | -138.8 | -138.8 |
| 5176 | -84.7 | -84.7 | -84.7 | -84.7 | -138.8 | -138.8 | -138.8 |
| 5198 | -84.7 | -84.7 | -84.7 | -84.7 | -138.7 | -138.7 | -138.7 |
| 5200 | -111.7 | -111.7 | -111.7 | -111.7 | -138.7 | -138.7 | -138.7 |
| 5202 | -111.8 | -111.9 | -138.5 | -111.9 | -138.7 | -138.7 | -138.7 |
| 6000 | -132.5 | -136.9 | -138.6 | -138.5 | -138.5 | -138.5 | -138.5 |
| 7000 | -134.8 | -137.8 | -138.4 | -138.6 | -138.2 | -138.2 | -138.2 |
| 8498 | -136.7 | -138.1 | -138.4 | -138.4 | -137.7 | -137.7 | -137.7 |
| 8500 | -138.4 | -138.4 | -138.4 | -138.4 | -137.7 | -137.7 | -137.7 |
| 8502 | -138.4 | -138.4 | -138.3 | -138.4 | -137.7 | -137.7 | -137.7 |
| 8752 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -137.6 | -137.6 | -137.6 |
| 9300 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 |
| 12000 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 |
| 16000 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 | -138.3 |

Table 192: Annex A testing DSLAM noise

| | | | | | LAM noise | | |
|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|--------|--------|
| Freq | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.4 |
| (kHz) | (kft) | (kft) | (kft) | (kft) | (kft) | (kft) | (kft) |
| 0.001 | -140 | -140 | -140 | -140 | -140 | -140 | -140 |
| 4 | -140 | -140 | -140 | -140 | -140 | -140 | -140 |
| 16 | -135.5 | -134.1 | -133.4 | -133 | -132.8 | -132.7 | -132.7 |
| 24 | -121.1 | -119.1 | -118.2 | -117.7 | -117.5 | -117.4 | -117.4 |
| 36 | -115.3 | -113.2 | -112.4 | -111.9 | -111.6 | -111.6 | -111.7 |
| 52 | -112.1 | -110.1 | -109.2 | -108.7 | -108.5 | -108.6 | -108.8 |
| 78 | -108.6 | -106.6 | -105.7 | -105.3 | -105.2 | -105.4 | -105.8 |
| 112 | -105.4 | -103.4 | -102.6 | -102.2 | -102.2 | -102.6 | -103.2 |
| 134 | -103.5 | -101.6 | -100.7 | -100.4 | -100.5 | -100.9 | -101.5 |
| 138 | -103.2 | -101.2 | -100.4 | -100.1 | -100.2 | -100.5 | -101.1 |
| 142 | -105.3 | -103.3 | -102.5 | -102.2 | -102.3 | -102.6 | -103 |
| 512 | -102.6 | -100.9 | -100.3 | -100.1 | -99.9 | -99.9 | -99.9 |
| 1104 | -96.6 | -95.3 | -95 | -94.9 | -94.9 | -94.9 | -94.9 |
| 1516 | -94.1 | -93.1 | -92.9 | -92.8 | -92.8 | -92.8 | -92.8 |
| 2208 | -91.3 | -90.5 | -90.4 | -90.4 | -90.3 | -90.3 | -90.3 |
| 3748 | -87.8 | -87.4 | -87.3 | -87.3 | -87.3 | -87.3 | -87.3 |
| 3750 | -114.2 | -113.7 | -113.6 | -113.7 | -113.7 | -113.8 | -113.8 |
| 3752 | -114.4 | -113.9 | -113.8 | -113.7 | -113.6 | -113.6 | -113.5 |
| 3880 | -126.7 | -125.3 | -124.4 | -123.8 | -123.1 | -122.6 | -122.2 |
| 4300 | -131.4 | -129.1 | -127.7 | -126.8 | -125.9 | -125.2 | -124.7 |
| 5000 | -131.5 | -129.9 | -128.9 | -128.2 | -127.4 | -126.9 | -126.6 |
| 5176 | -115.1 | -114.8 | -114.7 | -114.7 | -114.7 | -114.7 | -114.6 |
| 5198 | -112.3 | -111.9 | -111.9 | -111.9 | -111.8 | -111.8 | -111.8 |
| 5200 | -112 | -111.7 | -111.6 | -111.6 | -111.6 | -111.7 | -111.7 |
| 5202 | -87 | -86.7 | -86.7 | -86.7 | -86.7 | -86.7 | -86.7 |
| 6000 | -86 | -85.8 | -85.7 | -85.7 | -85.7 | -85.7 | -85.7 |
| 7000 | -85 | -84.7 | -84.7 | -84.7 | -84.7 | -84.7 | -84.7 |
| 8498 | -83.6 | -83.5 | -83.5 | -83.5 | -83.5 | -83.5 | -83.5 |
| 8500 | -108.6 | -108.5 | -108.5 | -108.5 | -108.5 | -108.5 | -108.5 |
| 8502 | -108.9 | -108.8 | -108.8 | -108.8 | -108.8 | -108.8 | -108.8 |
| 8752 | -134.1 | -134.1 | -134.1 | -134.1 | -134.1 | -134.1 | -134.1 |
| 9300 | -134.3 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 |
| 12000 | -134.3 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 |
| 16000 | -134.3 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 |

| Freq | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 5.5 | 6.5 |
|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| (kHz) 0.001 | (kft) -140 |
| 4 | -140 | -140 | -140 | -140 | -140 | -140 | -140 |
| 16 | -132.8 | -132.9 | -133.1 | -133.3 | 133.3 | -134 | -134.9 |
| 24 | -117.6 | -117.8 | -118.1 | -118.5 | -118.6 | -120 | -121.5 |
| 36 | -112 | -112.4 | -112.8 | -113.4 | -113.7 | -115.5 | -117.4 |
| 52 | -109.2 | -109.8 | -110.4 | -111.1 | -111.6 | -113.6 | -115.8 |
| 78 | -106.4 | -107.1 | -107.9 | -108.7 | -109.3 | -111.5 | -113.9 |
| 112 | -103.9 | -104.6 | -105.4 | -106.1 | -106.6 | -108.7 | -110.6 |
| 134 | -102.1 | -102.7 | -103.4 | -103.3 | -102.6 | -103.6 | -104.2 |
| 138 | -101.6 | -102.2 | -102.9 | -102.5 | -101.5 | -102.3 | -102.8 |
| 142 | -103.5 | -104 | -104.6 | -103.6 | -96.6 | -96.7 | -96.8 |
| 512 | -99.9 | -99.9 | -99.9 | -97.2 | -88.5 | -88.5 | -88.5 |
| 1104 | -94.9 | -94.9 | -94.9 | -92.2 | -83.5 | -83.5 | -83.5 |
| 1516 | -92.8 | -92.8 | -92.8 | -90.1 | -88.8 | -88.8 | -88.8 |
| 2208 | -90.3 | -90.3 | -90.3 | -88.2 | -88.4 | -88.4 | -88.4 |
| 3748 | -87.3 | -87.3 | -87.3 | -87.3 | -89.1 | -89.1 | -89.1 |
| 3750 | -113.8 | -113.8 | -113.8 | -113.8 | -115.6 | -115.6 | -115.6 |
| 3752 | -113.5 | -113.9 | -114.0 | -114.0 | -115.8 | -115.8 | -115.8 |
| 3880 | -122.6 | -125.9 | -127.4 | -127.9 | -129.8 | -129.8 | -129.8 |
| 4300 | -125.3 | -130.6 | -134.6 | -136.5 | -137.8 | -137.8 | -137.8 |
| 5000 | -127.1 | -131.4 | -133.4 | -138.1 | -138.7 | -138.7 | -138.7 |
| 5176 | -114.7 | -114.8 | -114.8 | -138.1 | -138.6 | -138.6 | -138.6 |
| 5198 | -111.8 | -111.9 | -111.9 | -138.1 | -138.6 | -138.6 | -138.6 |
| 5200 | -111.7 | -111.7 | -111.7 | -138.4 | -138.6 | -138.6 | -138.6 |
| 5202 | -86.7 | -86.7 | -86.7 | -138.4 | -138.6 | -138.6 | -138.6 |
| 6000 | -85.7 | -85.7 | -85.7 | -138.1 | -138.4 | -138.4 | -138.4 |
| 7000 | -84.7 | -84.7 | -84.7 | -137.8 | -138.0 | -138.0 | -138.0 |
| 8498 | -83.5 | -83.5 | -83.5 | -137.2 | -137.5 | -137.5 | -137.5 |
| 8500 | -108.5 | -108.5 | -108.5 | -137.2 | -137.5 | -137.5 | -137.5 |
| 8502 | -108.8 | -108.8 | -108.8 | -137.2 | -137.5 | -137.5 | -137.5 |
| 8752 | -134.1 | -134.1 | -134.1 | -137.1 | -137.4 | -137.4 | -137.4 |
| 9300 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -137 | -137.3 | -137.3 | -137.3 |
| 12000 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -137 | -137.3 | -137.3 | -137.3 |
| 16000 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -134.2 | -137 | -137.3 | -137.3 | -137.3 |

Appendix E Definition of the PEIN Test Sequence (informative)

Table 193: PEIN test sequence

| DCD | | | | | | | |
|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|
| PSD | Pulse | PSD | Pulse | PSD | Pulse | PSD | Pulse |
| (dBm/ | Duration | (dBm/ | Duration | (dBm/ | Duration | (dBm/ | Duration |
| Hz) | (s) | Hz) | (s) | Hz) | (s) | Hz) | (s) |
| -114 | 0.0012 | -114 | 0.0024 | -108 | 0.0012 | -110 | 0.0024 |
| -140 | 239.6863 | -140 | 77.1503 | -140 | 332.1614 | -140 | 80.4826 |
| -102 | 0.0036 | -94 | 0.0012 | -114 | 0.0012 | -98 | 0.0036 |
| -140 | 356.9171 | -140 | 10.1132 | -140 | 10.8805 | -140 | 439.2413 |
| -108 | 0.0012 | -112 | 0.0024 | -98 | 0.0024 | -112 | 0.0036 |
| -140 | 563.6294 | -140 | 586.1201 | -140 | 96.0786 | -140 | 10.0494 |
| -106 | 0.0024 | -104 | 0.0012 | -90 | 0.0024 | -112 | 0.0024 |
| -140 | 65.7596 | -140 | 20.5420 | -140 | 201.8782 | -140 | 11.1764 |
| -108 | 0.0012 | -106 | 0.0012 | -112 | 0.0012 | -90 | 0.0036 |
| -140 | 338.3679 | -140 | 5.0986 | -140 | 24.0057 | -140 | 317.8878 |
| -106 | 0.0012 | -112 | 0.0012 | -94 | 0.0024 | -110 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 6.7483 | -140 | 79.7198 | -140 | 10.7293 | -140 | 46.2431 |
| -112 | 0.0024 | -112 | 0.0012 | -108 | 0.0024 | -98 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 430.9218 | -140 | 86.3793 | -140 | 776.8734 | -140 | 324.9239 |
| -90 | 0.0012 | -92 | 0.0012 | -106 | 0.0012 | -88 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 4.0486 | -140 | 45.9375 | -140 | 285.0463 | -140 | 10.0279 |
| -110 | 0.0012 | -108 | 0.0012 | -106 | 0.0012 | -110 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 55.2019 | -140 | 22.0592 | -140 | 38.0893 | -140 | 307.7382 |
| -102 | 0.0036 | -114 | 0.0036 | -106 | 0.0036 | -112 | 0.0036 |
| -140 | 30.1464 | -140 | 12.2951 | -140 | 278.8883 | -140 | 4.6997 |
| -98 | 0.0024 | -114 | 0.0012 | -92 | 0.0012 | -114 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 465.2506 | -140 | 19.2707 | -140 | 146.2292 | -140 | 1034.461 |
| -104 | 0.0012 | -108 | 0.0036 | -110 | 0.0012 | -114 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 186.3316 | -140 | 12.0422 | -140 | 232.6348 | -140 | 607.3705 |
| -100 | 0.0012 | -98 | 0.0036 | -100 | 0.0012 | -104 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 5.1288 | -140 | 27.6377 | -140 | 493.7815 | -140 | 6.0715 |
| -114 | 0.0012 | -114 | 0.0012 | -114 | 0.0024 | -96 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 36.2142 | -140 | 58.8883 | -140 | 32.7880 | -140 | 8.2482 |
| -104 | 0.0012 | -100 | 0.0012 | -114 | 0.0024 | -108 | 0.0024 |
| -140 | 7.5879 | -140 | 57.1679 | -140 | 99.8566 | -140 | 30.9200 |
| -100 | 0.0012 | -102 | 0.0036 | -114 | 0.0024 | -112 | 0.0024 |
| -140 | 535.9689 | -140 | 804.6132 | -140 | 6.8442 | -140 | 989.6293 |
| -112 | 0.0012 | -96 | 0.0012 | -114 | 0.0012 | -110 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 69.7433 | -140 | 8.9752 | -140 | 8.1342 | -140 | 400.7583 |
| -94 | 0.0012 | -104 | 0.0036 | -108 | 0.0036 | -106 | 0.0036 |
| -140 | 59.3769 | -140 | 136.6322 | -140 | 7.3911 | -140 | 111.1603 |
| -98 | 0.0024 | -96 | 0.0024 | -106 | 0.0012 | -110 | 0.0012 |
| -140 | 4.8960 | -140 | 57.0489 | -140 | 111.6616 | TOTAL | 14400 |
| -112 | 0.0012 | -108 | 0.0012 | -102 | 0.0024 | | |
| -140 | 126.0826 | -140 | 155.2323 | -140 | 233.5790 | | |

PEIN Test Sequence Graphs

The following three charts present compare the target probability distributions against the actual probability distributions embodied within the PEIN test sequence. This comparison is presented for the parameters of inter-arrival time, pulse duration and pulse power.

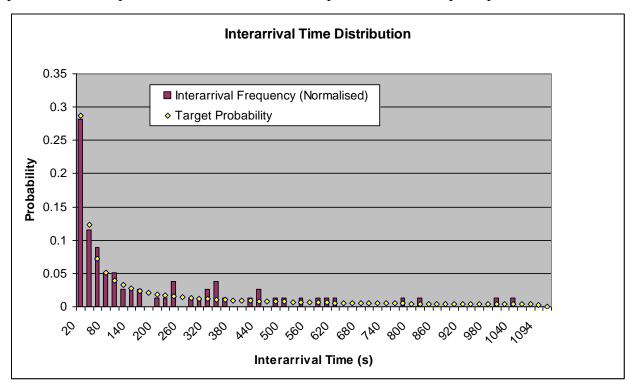


Figure 10: Interarrival Time Distribution

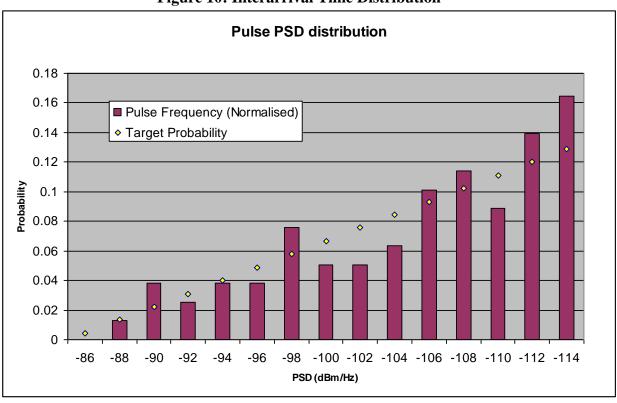


Figure 11: Pulse PSD Distribution

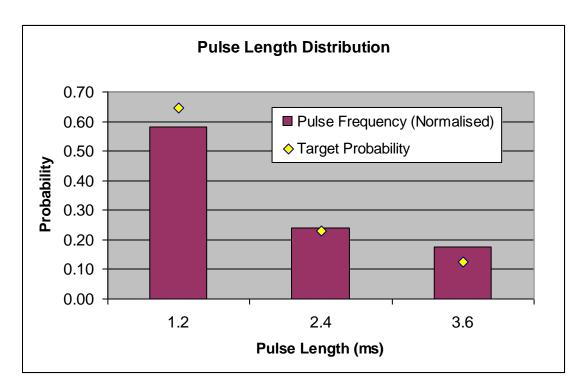


Figure 12: Pulse Length Distribution

Appendix F Definition of the Fluctuating Crosstalk Noise Power Test Sequence (19 Self Crosstalk disturbers)

Table 194: Fluctuating crosstalk test sequence

| | : Fluctuating c | | st sequence |
|------|-----------------|-------|-------------|
| Time | Relative | Time | Relative |
| (s) | Power (dB) | (s) | Power (dB) |
| 0 | -67.80 | 7472 | -6.91 |
| 72 | -13.61 | 7643 | -5.61 |
| 223 | -8.80 | 7726 | -4.72 |
| 409 | -7.86 | 7906 | -4.30 |
| 416 | -4.76 | 7994 | -3.82 |
| 451 | -4.08 | 8184 | -3.46 |
| 539 | -3.73 | 8416 | -3.11 |
| 816 | -3.38 | 8500 | -2.76 |
| 849 | -3.08 | 8624 | -2.50 |
| 1073 | -2.67 | 8727 | -2.14 |
| 1801 | -2.32 | 8945 | -1.91 |
| 2336 | -2.02 | 9014 | -1.66 |
| 2399 | -1.77 | 9174 | -1.41 |
| 2489 | -1.38 | 9388 | -1.11 |
| 2526 | -1.15 | 9822 | -0.64 |
| 2640 | -0.95 | 9850 | -0.37 |
| 2740 | -0.74 | 10385 | -0.16 |
| 3277 | -0.48 | 10477 | 0.00 |
| 3299 | -0.32 | 10974 | -0.14 |
| 3507 | 0.00 | 11329 | -0.31 |
| 3779 | -0.17 | 11745 | -0.61 |
| 3913 | -0.33 | 12188 | -0.78 |
| 4113 | -0.50 | 12196 | -1.26 |
| 4213 | -0.78 | 12374 | -1.47 |
| 4406 | -1.12 | 12402 | -1.93 |
| 4484 | -1.34 | 12899 | -2.17 |
| 4608 | -1.55 | 13067 | -2.56 |
| 4655 | -1.76 | 13074 | -2.91 |
| 4767 | -2.25 | 13145 | -3.32 |
| 4849 | -2.56 | 13147 | -3.88 |
| 5143 | -2.82 | 13331 | -6.23 |
| 5240 | -3.62 | 13453 | -7.06 |
| 5296 | -4.08 | 13552 | -7.87 |
| 5513 | -4.47 | 13777 | -9.40 |
| 5623 | -5.07 | 13849 | -11.26 |
| 6163 | -5.86 | 13887 | -14.13 |
| 6349 | -10.53 | 14239 | -67.80 |
| 6708 | -13.14 | 14400 | END |
| 7072 | -67.80 | | |
| 7201 | -7.67 | | |

End of Broadband Forum Technical Report TR-114