



<b>CONTAINS</b>	A water dispersible granule formulation containing 250 g/kg (25.0% w/w) trifloxystrobin and 500 g/kg (50.0% w/w) tebuconazole.
<b>CONTROLS</b>	A broad spectrum systemic fungicide with protectant and curative properties for use on Brussels sprouts, cabbage, broccoli/calabrese, cauliflower, carrots and leeks.

MAPP 13057 / PCS 03226

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

**IMPORTANT:** This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

Nativo 75WG is recommended for control of a wide range of diseases on Brussels sprouts, cabbage, broccoli/calabrese, cauliflower, carrots and leeks.

For best disease control and yield benefit Nativo 75WG should be applied at an early stage of disease development, before infection spreads to new crop growth.

fungicide

## RATE OF USE

### IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL FUNGICIDE.

CROP	MAXIMUM INDIVIDUAL DOSE	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TREATMENTS	MAXIMUM TOTAL DOSE	LATEST TIME OF APPLICATION
Broccoli/Calabrese, Cauliflower	0.4 kg/ha	2 per crop	0.8 kg/ha	21 days before harvest
Brussels Sprout, Cabbage	0.4 kg/ha	3 per crop	1.2 kg/ha	21 days before harvest
Carrot	0.3 kg/ha	3 per crop	0.9 kg/ha	21 days before harvest
Leek	0.4 kg/ha	3 per crop	1.2 kg/ha	21 days before harvest

**Other specific restrictions:** In addition to the maximum number of treatments per crop a maximum of 3 applications of Nativo 75WG may be applied in one calendar year.

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.

## RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Nativo 75WG contains trifloxystrobin, a member of the QoI cross-resistance group. Use Nativo 75WG as part of an Integrated Crop Management (ICM) strategy incorporating other methods of control, including where appropriate other fungicides with a different mode of action. **DO NOT** spray more than 3 applications of Nativo 75WG to Brussels sprouts, cabbage, carrots or leeks and more than 2 applications to broccoli, calabrese or cauliflower.

Also in accordance with FRAC guidelines for pre-mix QoI fungicides the number of applications of QoI containing products should be no more than 50% of the spray programme.

## DISEASES CONTROLLED

Brussels sprouts, cabbage, broccoli/calabrese and cauliflower:	<b>Dark leaf spot</b> ( <i>Alternaria brassicae</i> & <i>Alternaria brassicicola</i> ), <b>Light leaf spot</b> ( <i>Pyrenopeziza brassicae</i> ), <b>Ring spot</b> ( <i>Mycosphaerella brassicicola</i> ), <b>Powdery mildew</b> ( <i>Erysiphe cruciferarum</i> ), <b>Phoma leaf spot</b> ( <i>Phoma lingam</i> ) and <b>White blister</b> ( <i>Albugo candida</i> )
Carrots:	<b>Leaf blight</b> ( <i>Alternaria dauci</i> ), <b>Sclerotinia rot</b> ( <i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i> ) <b>Powdery mildew</b> ( <i>Erysiphe heraclei</i> )
Leeks:	<b>Leek rust</b> ( <i>Puccinia allii</i> ), <b>White tip</b> ( <i>Phytophthora porri</i> ) and <b>Purple Blotch</b> ( <i>Alternaria porri</i> )

Based on limited data, useful reductions in *Stemphylium botryosum* in leeks would also be expected and some control of *Cladosporium allii* (leaf blotch) may also be achieved.

The possible development of disease strains resistant to Nativo 75WG cannot be excluded or predicted. Where such resistant strains occur, Nativo 75WG is unlikely to give satisfactory control.

## CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION

### Brussels sprouts, cabbage, broccoli/calabrese and cauliflower

Nativo 75WG may be applied to Brussels sprouts, cabbage, broccoli/calabrese and cauliflower as a foliar spray at a maximum individual dose of 0.4 kg product/ha in a water volume of 200 to 500 L/ha, using the higher volume in dense crops. The first application is recommended before disease establishes in the crop (making use of disease forecasting systems as appropriate). This should be followed by further doses at an interval of about 21 days.

As part of a disease resistance management strategy, Nativo 75WG should be used in a fungicide spray programme with other products based on different classes of chemistry. The maximum number of doses allowed per crops is 3 for Brussels sprouts and cabbage and 2 for broccoli/calabrese and cauliflower. At least 21 days must be allowed between the final application and harvest.

Use of an officially listed adjuvant with Nativo 75WG is likely to improve control of ringspot in a curative situation especially under cool conditions.

If the crop is intended for processing consult the processor before use of Nativo 75WG.

### Carrots

Nativo 75WG may be applied to carrots as a foliar spray at a maximum individual dose of 0.3 kg product/ha in a water volume of 200 to 500 L/ha, using the higher volume in dense crops. The first application is recommended before disease establishes itself in the crop (making use of disease forecasting systems as appropriate). This should be followed by further doses at an interval of about 21 days. Typically the first application should be made prior to canopy closure in June/July; this is particularly important for control of *Sclerotinia sclerotiorum* to ensure that all leaves are adequately protected as the micro-climate under the crop becomes optimal for ascospore release from soil germinating apothecia. To reduce *Alternaria* infection on the leaves Nativo 75WG should be applied in early/mid August, or when first signs of disease appear on the foliage after crop GS 15 if earlier.

As part of a disease resistance management strategy, Nativo 75WG should be used in a fungicide spray programme with other products based on different classes of chemistry. The maximum number of doses allowed per crops is 3. At least 21 days must be allowed between the final application and harvest.

Under certain circumstances e.g. where curative activity is required for *Alternaria* leaf blight, mixing with an approved sticker/wetter adjuvant may enhance the activity of Nativo 75WG.

If the crop is intended for processing consult the processor before use of Nativo 75WG.

## Leeks

Nativo 75WG may be applied to leeks as a foliar spray at a maximum individual dose of 0.4 kg product/ha in a water volume of 200 to 500 L/ha, using the higher volume in dense crops. The first application is recommended before disease establishes in the crop (making use of disease forecasting systems as appropriate). This should be followed by further doses at an interval of about 21 days.

As part of a disease resistance management strategy, Nativo 75WG should be used in a fungicide spray programme with other products based on different classes of chemistry. The maximum number of doses allowed per crop is 3. At least 21 days must be allowed between the final application and harvest.

For control of leek rust or *Alternaria porri*, mixing with an approved sticker /wetter adjuvant may enhance the activity of Nativo 75WG.

If the crop is intended for processing consult the processor before use of Nativo 75WG.

## MIXING

Add the required quantity of Nativo 75WG to the half-filled spray tank with the agitation system in operation and then fill to the required level. Continue agitation at all times during spraying and stoppages until the tank is completely empty. Spray immediately after mixing.

Sprayers should be **THOROUGHLY CLEANED** before use and filters and jets checked for damage and blockages.

Apply as a **MEDIUM** quality spray (as defined by BCPC).

Boom height and water volume should be adjusted to ensure good coverage of the crop, particularly at later growth stages. In dense crops at later growth stages, higher water volumes should be used as recommended.

## COMPATIBILITY

Nativo 75WG may be applied as a tank-mix with a range of products.

Contact Bayer CropScience for compatibility information on specific tank-mixes.

Full manufacturer's instructions must be followed for each tank-mix component.

## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS - All UK Only

### Operator Protection

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment:

**WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS) AND SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES** when handling the concentrate.

**WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS)** when applying the product.

**WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS) AND SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES** when in contact with contaminated surfaces.

However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.

**DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE.**

**WASH ANY CONTAMINATION** from eyes immediately.

**IF YOU FEEL UNWELL**, seek medical advice (show label where possible).

**WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN** before meals and after work.

### Environmental Protection

**DO NOT CONTAMINATE SURFACE WATERS OR DITCHES** with chemical or used container.

### Storage and Disposal

**KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER** tightly closed in a safe place.

**WASH OUT CONTAINER THOROUGHLY**, empty washings into spray tank and dispose of safely.

**DO NOT RE-USE CONTAINER** for any purpose.

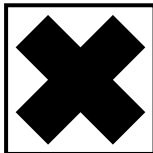
The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations may apply to the use of this product at work.

**READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE USE.**

## RISK AND SAFETY INFORMATION

### NATIVO 75WG

Contains 250 g/kg (25.0 % w/w) trifloxystrobin and 500 g/kg (50.0% w/w) tebuconazole.



**HARMFUL**



**DANGEROUS  
FOR THE  
ENVIRONMENT**

**VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT.**

**POSSIBLE RISK OF HARM TO UNBORN CHILD.**

Keep out of reach of children.

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

To avoid risks to man and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

### PACK SIZE

1 kg