TokyoTech OCW WG and Japan OCW Consortium

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Tokyo Institute of Technology

- Global Scientific Information and Computing Center
 - Advanced Computing and Education Infrastructure
 Division
 - Distance & Multimedia Education Group
- Graduate School of Decision Science and Technology
 - Department of Human System Science
- Foreign Language Research and Teaching Center

Global Scientific Information and Computing Center

Information Infrastructure Division

- 1. Information Networking Group
- 2. Information Storage and Application Group

Advanced Computing and Education Infrastructure Division

- 1. Problem Solving Environment Group
- 2. Distance & Multimedia Education Group

Global Scientific Collaboration Division

- Global Collaboration Activity Group
- Collaborative
 Research Group

A Brief History of Japan OCW Consortium

- About TokyoTech OCW
- · JOCW
 - Barrier or Problems to overcome

A Brief History of Japan OCW Alliance

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Introduction

 In this presentation, we introduce a brief history of Japan OCW Consortium, made up of loosely coupled multiple universities, focusing on how such an alliance is organized

A bit of History (1/3)

- Press Conference on MIT OpenCourseWare
 - April 4, 2001
- Visited MIT (Joined the NIME's study tour to MIT OCW)
 - May 2002
- GSIC of Tokyo Tech held an International Symposium, whose main theme was MIT OCW
 - June 2002
- Asked to be an early tester of MIT OCW (by the recommendation of Prof. Miyagawa)
 - September 2002
- Had a telephone interview from MIT OCW (by the recommendation of Prof. Miyagawa)
 - January 2003

A bit of History (2/3)

- Invited Prof. Shigeru Miyagawa as a visiting professor at GSIC
 - June 1 August 31, 2004
- GSIC and School of Engineering of Tokyo Tech coheld an invited lecture by Prof. Miyagawa
 - July 2004
 - GSIC Invited Lecture No .1, 2004

A bit of History (3/3)

- MIT OCW Consortium WG (later became Japan OCW Consortium), which consists of four candidate universities, was held at Tokyo Tech
 - Tokyo Tech, Keio University, University of Tokyo, and Waseda University
 - August 2004
- Prof. Miyagawa contacted candidate universities during his stay in Japan
 - President and four executive vice presidents successively meet Prof. Miyagawa during his visit at Tokyo Tech
 - President and some executive vice presidents meet Anne H. Margulies, the executive director of MIT OCW, at Tokyo Tech
 - August 2004
 - GSIC Invited Lecture No .2, 2004

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Joint Seminar with OECD / AIDE

How Japan OCW Alliance is inaugurated? (1/2)

- MIT initially thought selected US universities, CORE (Chinese Open Resource for Education), and some organizations from Europe as founding members of OCW consortium
- Japanese universities were not considered as initial partners!
- So, why Japan OCW Alliance exists now?

How Japan OCW Alliance is inaugurated? (2/2)

- Prof. Miyagawa, a MIT OCW advisory board member, suggested to consider Japanese leading universities as OCW consortium members, and the suggestion was accepted
- His initial plan was to incorporate Japanese four universities

Initial Contact Points of Candidate Universities (1/2)

- Keio University
 - Acquainted with Prof. Sugiyama (Director, Information Technology Center)
- Tokyo Institute of Technology
 - Acquainted with Prof. Makoshi
- The University of Tokyo
 - Charles M. Vest (President Emeritus, MIT) was acquainted with Prof. Sasaki (Former president)
- Waseda University
 - Directly contacted key persons

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Initial Contact Points of Candidate Universities (2/2)

- Osaka University
- Kyoto University
 - Prof. Sakai, Director of GSIC, mediated between Prof. Miyagawa and both university key persons

Difference between MIT OCW and Japan OCW Consortium

- MIT OCW
 - Need to publish all courses
 - Time schedule is limited (by 2008)
- Each university of Japan OCW Consortium
 - Needs to publish at least 10 courses
 - Does not have any obligations to publish all courses both in the mid- and long-term

Japan OCW Consortium Founding Members

 The Japan OCW Alliance (JOCW) was founded on May 13, 2005 by six top-ranking Japanese niversities



(in alphabetical order)

Japan OCW Consortium Website http://www.jocw.jp/

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<u>Massachusetts Institute of</u> <u>Technology (MIT) OCW</u>	About the Japan OCW Alliance The Japan OCW Alliance (JOCW) was founded on May 13, 2005 by six top-rankim universities, i.e. <u>Keio University, Kyoto University, Osaka University, Tokyo Ir</u> Technology, the University of Tokyo and Waseda University (in alphabetical or	stitute of					
<u>Japanese page</u>	six universities in cooperation with <u>the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT)</u> offering the content of their academic courses, including syllabi and lecture notes, to public.		I				
JAPAN OCW ALLIANCE contact: Research Institute of Digital Media	What is OCW ?						
Keisearch Institute of Digital Media and Content Keio University 2-17-22 Mita, Minato-ku, Tokyo 108-0073 Japan Tel/Fax: +81-003-5418-6571	Opencourseware (OCW) provides a wide range of free and open education resources via the Internet to any individual interested in higher educatio original content of academic courses taught in university classrooms is r available, free of charge, for educational use. Faculty, students, and self- anywhere in the world can study many academic subjects by accessing OC sites.	n. The Iow Iearners					
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	Keio Kvoto <u>Osaka Tokvo Tech Tokvo</u>	<u>Waseda</u>					
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Japan OCW Consortium (JOCW) Activities

- JOCW held a joint press conference at Hotel New Otani in Tokyo
 - May 2005
- Having regular meetings
 - The first meeting was held at Tokyo Tech
 - The second meeting was held at Keio University
 - The third meeting was held at University of Tokyo
 - The fourth meeting was held at Keio University
- Participated in the 2nd OCW Consortium meeting at Utah State University
 - September 28 29, 2005

New Members to Come

• More members are ready to launch



- Kyushu University
 - http://ocw.kyushu-u.ac.jp/



- Nagoya University
 - http://ocw.nagoya-u.jp/



Hokkaido University

• Coming soon!

National Institute of Multimedia Education (NIME)

- a penty of inofrmation
- IP (intellectual property)
- an organizer
- the hub

TokyoTech OCW

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TokyoTech OCW WG 01 for Collaboration with Japan OCW Consortium and Solution of IP Problems

- Vicepresident for Education Members of WG
- Assitant of Vicepresident for Education
- 4 Advisers •
 - Director of GSIC (CIO)
 - Leader of COE 21 LKR
 - Prof. of CRADLE (Center for Research and Development of Educational Technology
 - Vicedirector of Office of Industry Liaison

- - Chair: Prof. Makoshi
 - Others from
 - GSIC (Network, Database, Mobile)
 - CRADLE
 - Communications and Integrated System
 - Human System Science
 - Information Science and Engineering
 - Committee for IT Literacy Education

TokyoTech OCW WG 02

- For Developing of OCW_contents_up load_system and harmonizing with other Campus Network Systems.
- 6 Members
 - Chair : Prof. Majima (Eelectronic)
 - Committee for Educational Policy
 - Assitant of Vicepresident for Education
 - Others from
 - GSIC (Database, Network, Mobile)
 - Chemical Engineering

JOCW

Barrier or Problems to overcome

- various dimensions
 - cost, budget, found, ... money
 - human facters
 - consciousness
 - system of management at university
 - anxieties

cost, budget, found, ... money 1/4

- or to express more exactly
 lacking budget, ...
- finance of universities, especially the ex-national universities in Japan, is becoming tighter from year to year
- there is not yet a CIO at Japanese universities
- top of university does not recognize IT

cost, budget, found, ... money 2/4

- top of university thinks
 - with IT we can manage university with less budget, ...
- top of university does not think
 - after the initial investment in the first fiscal year, in the following years some money is required for the sustainability

cost, budget, found, ... money 3/4

 e-learning requires more budget than many people usually estimates

cost, budget, found, ... money 4/4

 because of the history and taxationsystem, for universities in Japan it is difficult to get money from the foundations

human factors 1/3

- concerning
 - re-training of the staff
 - we are lacking an large amount of people who can bridge between teaching faculty and IT technology

human factors 2/3

- concerning
 - skills of presentation
 - Jpanese university teachers are lacking experience in presentation
 - making digital contents

human factors 3/3

- concerning
 - IP (Intellectual property)
 - we have some experience in IP for industry liaison
 - but we have scarcely experience in IP(Intellectual Property) when we try to disseminate digital educational contents via Web

consciousness 1/3

- university top welcomes IT
 - because they think
 - IT can economize budget
 - IT can reduce the number of teachers
 - in reality
 - it requires more initial investment and more budget for maintenance

consciousness 2/3

 faculty should be more conscious
 IT can enhnace the quality of Higher Education

consciousness 3/3

 the university staff shows often allergy reraction against the introduction of IT

system of management 1/4

 only few Japanese universities has not yet a real CIO

system of management 2/4

- in relation to other on campus information systems
 - network infrastructure
 - campus computing system
 - campus wireless LAN system
 - UPKI system
 - university public key infrastructure
 - and so on

system of management 3/4

- in relation to other on campus information/network systems
 - e-learning
 - LMS
 - learning management system
 - CMS

contents management system

system of management 4/4

- in relation to other on campus information/network systems
 - University Library

discrepancy

- between
 - (a) national strategy of Japan
 - Japan will survivel with science and technology in the 21st century
 - (b) tendency in the young generation
 - from year to year fewer young people likes to study science and technology

anxieties

- M&A amoung the universities in global scale
 - as M&A in the industry

although why OCW ?

information disclosure

- without information disclosure
 - universities can not survive in the
 21th century
 - because
 - for example

-Japanese universities are now like à la recherche du patron perdu

OCW as a Disclosure

 OCW is a sort of university information disclosure

limited capacity of each university

- 21th century is a century of Global Competition also in Higher Education
- but
 - Collaboration and Co-use among universities are necessary
 - for example :
 - concerning IP (Intellectual Property)

unexpected effects at Tokyo Tech 1/2

- from
 - each other un-related systems on campus
- to
 - a integrated information sytem

unexpected effects at Tokyo Tech 2/2

- TokyoTech STAR Project
 - OCW for education
 - ORR for research
 - open research repository
 - OMR
 - · open museum repository

OCW as Open Educational Resources movement

- final goal of OCW is
 - to create on Web a huge scale of a free of charge repository of Higher Educational materials
 - and to create Consortia
 - which make possible to localize and to use those materials in local area

OCW as a dream of the human being

- in a sense
 - the OCW is for us a dream
 - if the human being can survive the 21th century

Thank you very much for your attention!

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