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## Brazil

## CITRUS SEMI-ANNUAL

## Citrus Semi-Annual Report

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## Report Highlights:

The Brazilian orange crop for MY 2009/10 is estimated at 407 MBx, down 6 MBx from MY 2008/09, due to adverse weather conditions and reduced investment in crop management. The Sao Paulo and western Minas Gerais commercial areas should produce 310 MBx . Total FCOJ production (65 Brix equivalent) for MY 2009/10 is forecast at 1.24 mmt ( 65 Brix), similar to the previous MY. FCOJ equivalent exports for MY 2008/09 are projected at 1.226 mmt ( 65 Brix), a 6 percent decrease compared to the last crop.

## Commodities:

Oranges, Fresh

## Production:

Production

## PS\&D Tables

The following tables provide revised data for Sao Paulo and total Brazilian fresh orange production, supply and demand (PS\&D) for marketing years (MY) 2007/08, 2008/09 and MY 2009/10. (July-June)

| Brazil: Fresh Oranges PS\& |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1,000 ha, million trees \& million 40.8 kg boxes) |  |  |  |
| Item/Marketing Year | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 |
| (Bloom/Harvest) | (06.07) | (07/08) | (08/09) |
| Area Planted | 832.0 | 845.0 | 840.0 |
| Soo Poulo | 632.0 | 645.0 | 640.0 |
| Others | 200.0 | 200.0 | 200.0 |
| Area Harvested | 727.6 | 729.6 | 727.6 |
| Soo Poulo | 535.0 | 537.0 | 535.0 |
| Others | 192.6 | 192.6 | 192.6 |
| Bearing Trees | 217.0 | 218.0 | 218.0 |
| Sao Paulo | 165.0 | 166.0 | 166.0 |
| Others | 52.0 | 52.0 | 52.0 |
| Nor-Bearing Trees | 39.0 | 43.0 | 44.0 |
| Soo Paulo | 35.0 | 39.0 | 40.0 |
| Others | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Total Trees | 256.0 | 261.0 | 262.0 |
| Total Production | 453.0 | 413.0 | 407.0 |
| Soo Paulo | 360.0 | 315.0 | 310.0 |
| Others | 93.0 | 98.0 | 97.0 |
| Exports | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Soo Poulo | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Domestic Consumption | 111.8 | 122.0 | 116.0 |
| Delvered to processors | 340.0 | 290.0 | 290.0 |
| Soo Paulo (FCOJ + NFC exports) | 325.0 | 277.0 | 275.0 |
| Others | 15.0 | 13.0 | 15.0 |
| Sour ce: USD A/F AS/ A TO/S̃o Paulo |  |  |  |

## General

The Agricultural Trade Office (ATO)/Sao Paulo estimates the MY 2009/10 (July-June) Brazilian orange crop at 407 million 40.8 kg boxes (Mbx), down 6 MBx from the previous season. The commercial area of the state of Sao Paulo and the western part of Minas Gerais are expected to produce 310 Mbx , down 2 percent from both the previous figure and the revised estimate for MY 2008/09 (315 Mbx). Note that this figure takes into account only limited volumes of citrus other than the 4 major orange varieties used for processing orange juice (Hamlin, Pera Rio, Natal and Valencia). Other growing regions should
contribute 97Mbx, similar to MY 2008/09 (98 Mbx) , according to updated information provided by the Brazilian Geography and Statistics Institute (IBGE).

The projected decrease in production for MY 2009/10 in the Sao Paulo and Minas Gerais commercial areas are mostly a consequence of adverse weather patterns during blossoming and fruit development and below average crop management. The first and second blossomings (September and October 2008) were affected by warm weather, which reduced fruit setting. The late third blossoming in December 2008/January 2009 developed well and should partially contribute to the total size of the crop.

The industry expects a late crushing season for the Sao Paulo orange juice processing plants. Although crushing started in May (Hamlim variety), orange juice plants are likely to fully operate only as of June/July with the harvest of the Pera variety. Moreover, as a consequence of irregular blossomings, a good volume of fruits is likely to be harvested only as of September/October with the picking of the second and third blossomings of Pera, followed by Natal and Valencia varieties.

The Sao Paulo State Institute of Agricultural Economics (IEA) released the results of the first orange crop survey (February 2009) for the 2008/09 crop (MY 2009/10). The IEA 2008/09 crop estimate covers production from 2008 blossoming which is harvested in 2009. This corresponds to USDA'S MY 2009/10 production estimate. The Sao Paulo crop, including both commercial and non-commercial areas, is estimated at 352.57 MBx , down 2.1 MBx compared to MY 2008/09 (354.7 Mbx). Note that IEA takes into account the entire state of Sao Paulo, while ATO estimates follow the citrus industry methodology with production estimates limited to the commercial production area of the state plus the western part of Minas Gerais. IEA also reports that the state of Sao Paulo orange tree inventory is estimated at 221.2 million trees ( 191.9 million bearing and 39.7 million nonbearing trees).

## Area, Tree Inventory and Yields

The MY 2009/10 Brazilian agricultural yield is estimated at 1.87 boxes/tree, a 1 percent drop compared to MY 2008/09 (1.89 boxes/tree). The Sao Paulo commercial grove yield for MY 2009/10 is projected at 1.87 boxes/tree, down 2 percent from revised MY 2008/09 yield ( 1.90 boxes/tree), due to adverse weather patterns during blossoming fruit development, disease related problems and reduced investment in crop management.

## Diseases

According to a recent survey conducted by Fundecitrus, approximately 0.868 percent of the citrus trees of the commercial areas of the states of Sao Paulo and Minas Gerais show greening symptoms, up 49 percent compared to 2008.

## Producers' Prices

The Orange Index price series, published by the University of Sao Paulo's College of Agriculture "Luiz de Queiroz" (ESALQ), for both the fresh domestic market and product delivered to orange juice processing plants in the state of Sao Paulo follow. Both series track orange prices since September 1994. Prices for the fresh market are for fruit on the
tree. Dollar based prices varied between US\$ 2.49-6.99/box (spot prices - industry) along the MY 2008/09 processing season.

The Center for Advanced Studies on Applied Economics (CEPEA) reports that contract negotiation for MY 2009/10 has moved extremely slowly. According to CEPEA, 74 percent of the citrus growers interviewed by the institution in April 2009 had not set fruit contracts for the upcoming crop. Contracts that have been negotiated were set between US\$ 2.90 and 4.50/box for MY 2009/10.

Citrus growers report that approximately 40 percent of the fruit for delivery to the industry still has not been contracted. The late crushing season and the uncertainties with regard to the international orange juice market as a consequence of the global financial crisis could explain the delay in contract negotiation. In addition, the amount of fruit from processing sourced at orange juice processors' citrus groves has increased, thus reducing the need to contract third party fruit.

Increased production costs and the low prices for fruits delivered to processors during the off-season create more uncertainties among producers' profitability to remain in business. Indeed, prices paid by Sao Paulo industry in the spot market during March-mid June 2009 were the lowest since 2001.

Orange Frices paid by Sao Paulo industry - spot market (Fera, Natal, Valencia varieties, average prices in Reais - R $\$, 40.8 \mathrm{~kg}$ box, fruts delivered to the processing plant).

| Month | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Jon | 9.87 | 7.08 | 12.13 | 15.46 | 13.46 | 6.80 |
| Feb | 7.05 | 6.83 | 9.90 | 15.50 | 12.39 | 5.92 |
| Mar | 5.29 | 6.01 | 8.66 | 13.68 | 9.66 | 4.95 |
| Apr | 4.91 | 5.85 | 7.58 | 8.79 | 8.38 | 4.50 |
| May | 5.03 | 6.10 | 7.21 | 7.88 | 8.27 | 4.05 |
| Junl/ | 4.99 | 7.14 | 8.10 | 7.97 | 9.72 | 3.57 |
| Jul | 5.51 | 8.71 | 10.06 | 10.93 | 10.95 |  |
| Aug | 6.22 | 8.44 | 10.76 | 10.16 | 9.71 |  |
| Sep | 5.98 | 7.94 | 11.04 | 9.78 | 9.33 |  |
| Oct | 6.39 | 7.86 | 11.52 | 9.89 | 9.57 |  |
| Nov | 7.23 | 9.70 | 12.51 | 11.77 | 8.63 |  |
| Dec | 7.31 | 11.53 | 14.26 | 12.61 | 7.27 |  |
| Source:CEPE A/ESALQ $1 /$ June 2009 refers to June 12. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Orange Prices received by Producers in the Domestic Market (Peravariety, average prices in Reais - R $\$, 40.8 \mathrm{~kg}$ box, fruits on the tree).

| Month | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Jan | 11.29 | 9.13 | 15.68 | 15.08 | 15.38 | 10.00 |
| Feb | 10.43 | 9.78 | 19.53 | 17.10 | 16.95 | 9.82 |
| Mar | 9.42 | 12.64 | 19.08 | 19.02 | 17.03 | 11.13 |
| A.pr | 8.95 | 11.66 | 13.72 | 16.60 | 14.65 | 10.46 |
| May | 8.68 | 9.36 | 10.68 | 13.82 | 12.04 | 9.13 |
| Jun1/ | 7.86 | 8.79 | 9.38 | 11.28 | 11.39 | 7.88 |
| Jul | 6.97 | 8.97 | 10.12 | 10.98 | 11.38 |  |
| Aug | 6.78 | 9.13 | 11.47 | 11.06 | 11.01 |  |
| Sep | 6.85 | 9.73 | 12.51 | 10.48 | 10.64 |  |
| Oct | 7.91 | 11.04 | 12.60 | 11.48 | 10.83 |  |
| Nou | 8.62 | 12.51 | 12.76 | 13.45 | 10.24 |  |
| Dec | 9.00 | 13.85 | 13.48 | 14.10 | 9.70 |  |
| Source:CEPEA/ESALQ | 1/June 2009 refers to June 12. |  |  |  |  |  |

## Consumption:

Total Brazilian orange consumption for MY 2009/10 is estimated at 116 MBx, a 6 Mbx drop from MY 2008/09. Domestic consumption estimates are taken as the difference between production and the volume of oranges delivered to processors for FCOJ and NFC production for exports. Note that these figures include actual domestic consumption plus losses from natural drop, harvesting, transportation and packing. Fruit delivered to processors for "not from concentrate (NFC)" orange production for the domestic market is also included in these figures.

## Trade:

The total fresh orange export estimate for MY 2009/10 remains unchanged from previous forecast at 1 Mbx . The table below shows official fresh orange exports (NCM 0805.10.00) by country of destination, for Calendar Year (CY) 2008 and MY (July-June) 2007/08, and MY-to-date (July-May) 2008/09 (July-May), according to SECEX.

| FreshOrange by Country of Destination (MT \& US\$ 1,000 FOB) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | CY 2008 |  | WY 2007/08 |  | MY 2008/092/ |  |
| Country | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
| Nether lands | 9.911 | 5,066 | 6.172 | 2,227 | 9.931 | 5.086 |
| Spain | 7,259 | 3,565 | 10,161 | 4,098 | 6,399 | 3,152 |
| Soudi Arab ia | 4.945 | 2,457 | 3,437 | 1,406 | 3.553 | 1,771 |
| Portugal | 2,736 | 1,395 | 1,224 | 480 | 2,760 | 1,406 |
| Ireland | 1,763 | 885 | 1.067 | 410 | 1,812 | 913 |
| United Kingdom | 1.921 | 969 | 10,060 | 3,559 | 1,802 | 917 |
| Russia. | 3.192 | 1,520 | 3,336 | 1,231 | 1,416 | 720 |
| Belgium | 1,296 | 648 | 203 | 139 | 1,272 | 636 |
| U.E.A. | 924 | 442 | 886 | 319 | 780 | 376 |
| Kuwait | 1,122 | 561 | 648 | 243 | 714 | 360 |
| Others | 3,188 | 1,610 | 9.009 | 3,613 | 2,280 | 1,063 |
| Total | 38,257 | 19.118 | 46,203 | 17.724 | 32,719 | 16,401 |
| Source: Brazilian Department of Foreign Trade (SECEX), NCM, 2009.11.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1/Jon-Dec- 2/July-May |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Production, Supply and Demand Data Statistics: <br> PS\&D Table



## Commodities:

Orange Juice

## Production: <br> PS\&D Tables

The following tables provide revised data for Sao Paulo and total Brazilian orange juice production, supply and demand (PS\&D) for marketing years (MY) 2007/08, 2008/09 and MY 2009/10. (July-June)

| Erazil: FCOJ PS\&D (Jul-Jun) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (M illion 40.8 kg boxes, TMT, 65 degrees brix) |  |  |  |
| Item/弱arketing Year | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 |
| (Bloom/Harvest) | (06/07) | (07/08) | (08/09) |
| Delvered to Processors | 340.0 | 290.0 | 290.0 |
| Soo Poulo (FCOJ + NFC exports) | 325.0 | 277.0 | 275.0 |
| Others | 15.0 | 13.0 | 15.0 |
| Beginning Stocks* | 15.0 | 166.0 | 72.0 |
| Total Production | 1,480.0 | 1,235.0 | 1,240.0 |
| Soo Paulo FCOJ | 1,240,0 | 1,010.0 | 1,000.0 |
| Soo Poulo NFC (FCOJ equiv) | 180.0 | 170.0 | 180.0 |
| Others | 60.0 | 55.0 | 60.0 |
| Total Supply | 1,495.0 | 1,401.0 | 1,312.0 |
| Exports | 1,298.0 | 1,295.0 | 1,220.0 |
| Soo Poulo FCOJ | 1,076.0 | 1,070.0 | 980.0 |
| Soo Poulo NFC (FCOJ equiv) | 162.0 | 170.0 | 180.0 |
| Others FCOJ | 60.0 | 55.0 | 60.0 |
| Domestic Consumption | 31.0 | 34.0 | 34.0 |
| Ending Stocks | 166.0 | 72.0 | 58.0 |
| Total Distribution | 1,495.0 | 1,401.0 | 1,312.0 |
| * Sao Paulo FCOJ equivalent stocks only |  |  |  |
| Source: USD A/F A.S/A TO/Sõo Poulo |  |  |  |

To reiterate, the tables include Not From Concentrate (NFC) production for exports converted to Frozen Concentrate Orange Juice (FCOJ) 65 Brix equivalent using the following conversion factor: 1 metric ton of FCOJ 65 Brix equals 5.6 metric tons of NFC 11.6 Brix.

## General

ATO/Sao Paulo estimates total Brazilian FCOJ 65 Brix equivalent production for MY 2009/10 (July-June) at 1.24 million metric ton (mmt), relatively unchanged from the previous MY $(1.235 \mathrm{mmt}$ ), due to similar volume of fruit for processing.

The Sao Paulo industry is forecast to process 275 MBx of oranges for FCOJ and NFC production, yielding 1.18 mmt of juice ( 1 mmt and 180,000 metric tons of FCOJ and NFC, respectively). Other producing states are expected to deliver 15 MBx for processing. Processing plants began operations in May, but the bulk of processing should start as of

July. The sector is highly concentrated with only four major processors: Cutrale, Citrosuco, Citrovita, and Louis Dreyfus.

Total Brazilian FCOJ 65 Brix equivalent production for MY 2008/09 is estimated at 1.235 mmt, down 245,000 metric tons relative to previous MY. The Sao Paulo industry has crushed 277 MBx of oranges for FCOJ and NFC production.

Note that orange juice figures include NFC production for exports converted to FCOJ 65 Brix equivalent. There is no official estimate for NFC supply and demand in Brazil.

## Consumption:

ATO/Sao Paulo's estimates for FCOJ domestic consumption for MY 2009/09 and MY 2009/10 remain unchanged at 34,000 mt ( 65 Brix ).

## Trade: <br> Trade

Total Brazilian FCOJ exports for MY 2009/10 are projected at 1.22 mmt ( 65 Brix), down 75,000 metric tons relative to MY 2008/09 ( 1.295 mmt ), due to reduced demand as a result of the financial crisis. The Sao Paulo industry is expected to contribute 980,000 mt of FCOJ (65 Brix) and $180,000 \mathrm{mt}$ of NFC (converted to FCOJ equivalent), whereas other FCOJ producing states are expected to export 60,000 mt. Major destinations include Europe and the U.S. As reported by trade sources, current FCOJ export prices to Europe are reported at US $\$ 1,000$ per metric ton FOB (bulk).

The tables below show official FCOJ exports (NCM 2009.11.00, NCM 2009.12.00 and 2009.19.00) by country of destination for Calendar Year (CY) 2008 and MY 2007/08 and 2008/09 (July-May), according to SECEX. Note that the "Others" category includes both FCOJ and NFC exports. Post considers the average monthly price by country of destination for the "Others" category as a criterion to distinguish between FCOJ and NFC exports.

| FrozenConcentrated/ Non-Concentrated Orange Juice Exports (MT and US\$ 1,000 FOB) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | CY 2008 |  | MY $2007 / 08$ |  | MY 2008/09 |  |
| Country | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
| Belgium | 384,805 | 552,126 | 379.259 | 567.874 | 274,122 | 379,477 |
| USA | 127,944 | 181,758 | 187,103 | 266,272 | 72,365 | 102,928 |
| Japon | 53,340 | 82,349 | 55,555 | 86,668 | 49,246 | 71,629 |
| Switzer land | 54,592 | 78,678 | 44,902 | 64,732 | 41,006 | 57.514 |
| Netherlands | 39.982 | 55,155 | 36,657 | 63,342 | 36,139 | 44,546 |
| China | 32,334 | 56,212 | 29,260 | 53.050 | 27.537 | 43.749 |
| South Korea | 16,141 | 26,011 | 12,539 | 20.724 | 13.594 | 20.445 |
| Australia | 14,542 | 24,793 | 18,608 | 34,059 | 9.104 | 12,980 |
| Puerto Rico | 11,244 | 16,869 | 10.241 | 15,362 | 7.178 | 10.457 |
| Isroel | 7,365 | 10,620 | 7,851 | 13,162 | 4,728 | 6.082 |
| Others | 36,492 | 60.042 | 39,557 | 71,014 | 31,562 | 47.946 |
| Total | 778,781 | 1,144,612 | 821,531 | 1,256,258 | 566.580 | 797,753 |
| Source: Brazilian Department of Foreign Trade (SECEX), NCM 2009.11.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1/ Jan-Dec- 2/ July-May |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Brazilian Orange Juice Exports, Not Frozen and Brix under 20 ( M T and US\$1,000 FOB)

|  | CY 2008 |  | MY 2007/08 |  | MY 2008/09 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Country | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
| Belgium | 357.747 | 94,276 | 272,767 | 68,192 | 325,514 | 90,580 |
| Netherlands | 364,597 | 129,320 | 262,865 | 91,859 | 310,216 | 119.205 |
| USA | 206,670 | 64,446 | 285,819 | 75,501 | 223,074 | 69.454 |
| Switzerland | 232 | 288 | 2,984 | 972 | 7.746 | 2,467 |
| China | 1,138 | 696 | 988 | 602 | 911 | 557 |
| Singapore | 781 | 478 | 630 | 396 | 527 | 307 |
| Chile | 563 | 394 | 524 | 345 | 502 | 384 |
| Japan | 237 | 99 | 0 | 0 | 237 | 99 |
| Angola | 97 | 89 | 48 | 31 | 91 | 84 |
| Hong Kong | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 35 |
| Others | 24 | 20 | 354 | 345 | 9 | 8 |
| Total | 932,086 | 290,107 | 826,979 | 238,244 | 868,877 | 283,180 |
| Source: Brazilian Department of Foreign Trade (SECEX), NCM 2009.12 .00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1/Jon-Dec-2/ July-May |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Brazilian Orange Juice Exports, Others ( ( T and US\$ 1,000 FOB) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | CY 2008 |  | MY 2007/082/ |  | MY 2008/092/ |  |
| Country | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
| Belgium | 103.640 | 159,431 | 8.873 | 10,191 | 187,253 | 264,728 |
| Netherlands | 157.733 | 266.729 | 130,582 | 243.192 | 165,842 | 243,151 |
| United Kingdom | 48,084 | 83,353 | 43.013 | 82,489 | 48,237 | 65.885 |
| USA, | 17,922 | 28,237 | 2,053 | 3,549 | 28,494 | 38,969 |
| Australin | 9.086 | 14,105 | 718 | 1,329 | 13,668 | 19.232 |
| Switzerland | 2,130 | 3,345 | 4,130 | 7.995 | 2.024 | 3,191 |
| Puerto Rico | 2,012 | 3,219 | 0 | 0 | 2,012 | 3.219 |
| Jopon | 94 | 174 | 4,508 | 7.714 | 354 | 558 |
| Argentina | 211 | 646 | 376 | 1.197 | 272 | 583 |
| Denmark | 538 | 845 | 630 | 1,170 | 270 | 368 |
| Others | 1,599 | 2,043 | 7,991 | 10,528 | 1.091 | 1,514 |
| Total | 343,048 | 562,127 | 202,875 | 369,355 | 449,517 | 641,398 |
| Source: Brazilian Department of Foreign Trade (SECEX) , NC. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 2009.19.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1/Jan-Dec- $2 /$ | July-May |  |  |  |  |  |

## Stocks:

Total ending stocks for MY 2009/10 are estimated at 58,000 mt, 65 Brix, down 14,000 mt relative to revised MY 2008/09 stocks. Actual stocks data is not available.

## Author Defined:

## Exchange Rate

| Exchange Rate (R\$/US\$1.00-official rate, kest day of period) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
| January | 3.53 | 2.94 | 2.62 | 2.22 | 2.12 | 1.76 | 2.32 |
| February | 3.56 | 2.91 | 2.60 | 2.14 | 2.12 | 1.68 | 2.38 |
| March | 3.35 | 2.91 | 2.67 | 2.17 | 2.05 | 1.75 | 2.25 |
| A.pril | 2.89 | 2.94 | 2.53 | 2.09 | 2.03 | 1.69 | 2.18 |
| May | 2.97 | 3.13 | 2.40 | 2.30 | 1.93 | 1.63 | 1.97 |
| June 1/ | 2.87 | 3.11 | 2.35 | 2.16 | 1.93 | 1.64 | 1.93 |
| July | 2.97 | 3.03 | 2.39 | 2.18 | 1.88 | 1.57 | -- |
| Augus $\dagger$ | 2.97 | 2.93 | 2.36 | 2.14 | 1.96 | 1.63 | -- |
| September | 2.92 | 2.86 | 2.22 | 2.17 | 1.84 | 1.92 | -- |
| October | 2.86 | 2.09 | 2.25 | 2.14 | 1.74 | 2.12 | -- |
| November | 2.95 | 2.73 | 2.21 | 2.17 | 1.78 | 2.33 | -- |
| December | 2.89 | 2.65 | 2.26 | 2.14 | 1.77 | 2.34 | -- |
| Source: Gazeta Mercantil and BACEN (as of October 2006) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1/ June 2009 refers to June 12. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

