

OCF Device Specification

VERSION 2.0.4 | July 2019



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129 **1 Scope**

130 ISO/IEC 30118-5 is an Application Profile specification.

131 The Device definitions use Resource definitions from the ISO/IEC 30118-4:2018.

132 This document is built on top of ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018. ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 specifies the core
133 architecture, interfaces protocols and services to enable the implementation of profiles for IoT
134 usages and ecosystems. ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 also defines the main architectural components of
135 network connectivity, discovery, data transmission, device & service management and ID & security.
136 The core architecture is scalable to support simple devices (constrained devices) and more capable
137 devices (smart devices).

138 **2 Normative references**

139 The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content
140 constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For
141 undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments)
142 applies.

143 ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 Information technology -- Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF)
144 Specification -- Part 1: Core specification
145 <https://www.iso.org/standard/53238.html>
146 Latest version available at: https://openconnectivity.org/specs/OCF_Core_Specification.pdf

147 ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 Information technology -- Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF)
148 Specification -- Part 2: Security specification
149 <https://www.iso.org/standard/74239.html>
150 Latest version available at: https://openconnectivity.org/specs/OCF_Security_Specification.pdf

151 ISO/IEC 30118-4:2018 Information technology -- Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF)
152 Specification -- Part 4: Resource type specification
153 <https://www.iso.org/standard/74241.html>
154 Latest version available at:
155 https://openconnectivity.org/specs/OCF_Resource_Type_Specification.pdf

156 OpenAPI specification, fka *Swagger RESTful API Documentation Specification*, Version 2.0
157 <https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md>

158 IETF RFC 4566, SDP: Session Description Protocol, July 2006
159 <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4566>

160 Draft Report: A Basic Classification System for Energy-Using Products--Universal Device
161 Classification, December 2013
162 <https://eta-intranet.lbl.gov/sites/default/files/lbnl-classification-v1.pdf>

163 **3 Terms, definitions, and abbreviated terms**

164 **3.1 Terms and definitions**

165 ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following
166 addresses:

- 167 – ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- 168 – IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

169 **3.1.1**

170 **Actuator**

171 resource with support of the UPDATE operation.

172 **3.1.2**
173 **Sensor**
174 resource without support of the UPDATE operation.

175 **3.1.3**
176 **Healthcare Device**
177 a Device that is conformant to the normative requirements contained in Annex C of this document.

178 **3.2 Abbreviated terms**

179 **3.2.1**
180 **CGM**
181 Continuous Glucose Monitor
182 Device that continuously measures patient's glucose information throughout the day and night, and
183 notifies highs and lows for control of patient blood sugar levels.

184 **3.2.2**
185 **CRUDN**
186 Create Retrieve Update Delete Notify
187 This is an acronym indicating which operations are possible on the Resource.

188 **3.2.3**
189 **CSV**
190 Comma Separated Value
191 Comma Separated Value is a construction to have more fields in 1 string separated by commas. If
192 a value itself contains a comma, then the comma can be escaped by adding "\" in front of the
193 comma.

194 **3.2.4**
195 **NREM**
196 Non Rapid Eye Movement
197 Type of sleep including 3 to 4 stages of the sleep cycle defining Light Sleep and Deep Sleep, which
198 are cycled through before the REM type of sleep.

199 **3.2.5**
200 **REM**
201 Rapid Eye Movement
202 Type of sleep where the eyes are moving rapidly from side to side beneath the closed eyelids.

203 **3.2.6**
204 **Representational State Transfer**
205 **REST**
206 REST is an architecture style for designing networked applications that relies on a stateless, client-
207 server, cacheable communications protocol.

208 **3.2.7**
209 **SDP**
210 Session Description Protocol
211 SDP describes multimedia sessions for the purposes of session announcement, session invitation,
212 and other forms of multimedia session initiation. It is fully defined in IETF RFC 4566.

213 **3.2.8**
214 **UDC**
215 Universal Device Classification
216 An enumeration of device types published as A Basic Classification System for Energy-Using
217 Products--Universal Device Classification

218 **4 Document conventions and organization**

219 **4.1 Conventions**

220 In this document a number of terms, conditions, mechanisms, sequences, parameters, events,
221 states, or similar terms are printed with the first letter of each word in uppercase and the rest
222 lowercase (e.g., Network Architecture). Any lowercase uses of these words have the normal
223 technical English meaning.

224 **4.2 Notation**

225 In this document, features are described as required, recommended, allowed or DEPRECATED as
226 follows:

227 Required (or shall or mandatory).

228 These basic features shall be implemented. The phrases "shall not", and "PROHIBITED"
229 indicate behaviour that is prohibited, i.e. that if performed means the implementation is not in
230 compliance.

231 Recommended (or should).

232 These features add functionality supported by a Device and should be implemented.
233 Recommended features take advantage of the capabilities a Device, usually without imposing
234 major increase of complexity. Notice that for compliance testing, if a recommended feature is
235 implemented, it shall meet the specified requirements to be in compliance with these guidelines.
236 Some recommended features could become requirements in the future. The phrase "should
237 not" indicates behavior that is permitted but not recommended.

238 Allowed (or allowed).

239 These features are neither required nor recommended by a Device, but if the feature is
240 implemented, it shall meet the specified requirements to be in compliance with these guidelines.

241 Conditionally allowed (CA).

242 The definition or behaviour depends on a condition. If the specified condition is met, then the
243 definition or behaviour is allowed, otherwise it is not allowed.

244 Conditionally required (CR).

245 The definition or behaviour depends on a condition. If the specified condition is met, then the
246 definition or behaviour is required. Otherwise the definition or behaviour is allowed as default
247 unless specifically defined as not allowed.

248 DEPRECATED

249 Although these features are still described in this document, they should not be implemented
250 except for backward compatibility. The occurrence of a deprecated feature during operation of
251 an implementation compliant with the current document has no effect on the implementation's
252 operation and does not produce any error conditions. Backward compatibility may require that
253 a feature is implemented and functions as specified but it shall never be used by
254 implementations compliant with this document.

255 Strings that are to be taken literally are enclosed in "double quotes".

256 Words that are emphasized are printed in *italic*.

257 **4.3 Data types**

258 See ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018.

259 **4.4 Document structure**

260 This document describes specific requirements governing the indication of Device Types on
261 Devices and the requirements that are associated with specific Device Types themselves. The
262 document makes use of functionality defined in the ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 and ISO/IEC 30118-
263 4:2018.

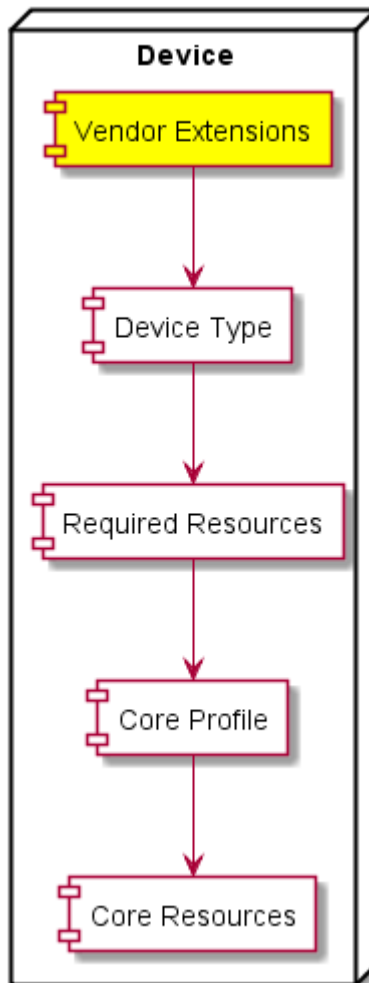
264 Annex A specifies the Device Types that shall be used by an OCF Device.

265 Annex B specifies the profiles that shall be used by an OCF Device that is part of the Smart
266 Home vertical.

267 Annex C specifies the profiles that shall be used by an OCF Device that is part of the Healthcare
268 vertical.

269 Annex D specifies the profiles that shall be used by an OCF Device that is part of the Industrial
270 vertical.

271 This document further describes which constructs are used for a Device and which Resources are
272 mandated to be implemented for each Device. A typical Device consisting of data elements defined
273 in the referenced documents is depicted in Figure 1.



274

275

Figure 1 – Device building blocks

276 **5 Operational scenarios**

277 **5.1 Document version**

278 All Devices conformant to this document shall add the string "ocf.sh.1.3.0" to the dmv Property in
279 oic.wk.d. This Property is for legacy Device support only and will no longer be revised in alignment
280 with document versions.

281 **6 Core resource model**

282 **6.1 Introduction**

283 The Core Resource model is described in ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018.

284 **6.2 Device type**

285 The Device Types of all devices shall have a Resource Type name ("rt") prefixed with "oic.d."

286 Examples of Device Types are:

- 287 – oic.d.fan
- 288 – oic.d.thermostat

289 The full list of defined Device names and types are in Table A.2, Annex B and Annex C detail the
290 minimal Resource(s) that a Device shall implement for a specific Device Type where required by a
291 vertical. A Device may expose additional OCF and 3rd party defined Resources other than those
292 indicated in these Annexes.

293 ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 defines a Device Resource with a URI of "/oic/d". A Device shall include in
294 the "Resource type" Property of "/oic/d" the Device Type (or Device Types) from Table A.2 of the
295 physical device hosting the Server; the inclusion of the Device Type shall be done using one of the
296 methods provided by clause 11.3.4 of ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 (i.e. add to the array of values).

297 Therefore a Device may be discovered by adding a query for the "rt" of the Device Type itself (e.g.
298 "?rt=oic.d.fan") to the multicast Endpoint discovery method (see 8.1).

299 **6.3 Profile of ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018**

300 This clause describes the profiling of the Core Resources and transport mechanisms and functions
301 that are defined in ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018.

302 The required ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 Resources are also required for a profile implementation.

303 In addition to the required Resources the optional ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 Resources in Table 1
304 shall be required.

305 **Table 1 – Required resources for devices**

Resource ("rt")	Required in Profile
Intentionally left blank	Intentionally left blank

306 For each of the Resources listed in Table 1, Table 2 details the Properties within those Resources
307 that shall be required.

308 **Table 2 – Required properties in resource**

Resource ("rt")	Property name	Required in Profile
Intentionally left blank	Intentionally left blank	Intentionally left blank

309 A Device shall support CoAP based endpoint discovery as defined in clause 10.3 of ISO/IEC 30118-
310 1:2018.

311 The messaging protocol for a Device shall be CoAP (see ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018).

312 A Device shall support a network layer as defined in clause 9 of ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 including
313 any necessary defined bridging functions that ensure inter-operability with IPv6.

314 **7 Modelling of multiple logical devices**

315 **7.1 Introduction**

316 A physical Device may be modelled as a single Platform and Device, a single Platform with multiple
317 Devices, multiple separately discoverable discrete Platforms and Devices, or as a single Platform
318 and Device where the Device is represented as a composition of other Devices.

319 For example, a door that includes the functionality of a contact sensor, a lock and a camera may
320 be modeled as a single-Platform, a multi-Platform, or a Composite Device. Each of these three
321 options will be detailed in clauses 7.2, 7.3, and 7.4.

322 **7.2 Single platform model**

323 The physical Device exposes one or more logical Devices that are independently discoverable (i.e.
324 they separately respond to multicast discovery request messages as defined in clause 11.3 of
325 ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018). Given the door example there could be a single discovery response with
326 an instance of "/oic/d" that exposes a single Device Type (such as "oic.d.door") or multiple
327 discovery responses, each response having a single Device Type in the "rt" of "/oic/d" that
328 represents the logical Device. The common denominator being that for all discovered logical
329 Devices the Properties of "/oic/p" have the same values.

330 **7.3 Multi-platform model**

331 Just like the single-Platform model, one or more logical Devices that make up a physical Device
332 respond independently to multicast discovery request messages and expose their own Resources.
333 Like the single-platform model, each logical Device exposes a single Device Type in the "rt" value
334 of "/oic/d". The difference from the single-platform model is that each logical Device does not have
335 the same values for the Properties of "oic/p".

336 **7.4 Composite device model**

337 When modelling a Server as a Composite Device there shall be a single Platform which represents
338 the Composite Device. The Resource Type Property Value of "/oic/d" exposed should contain all
339 of the Device Types of the Devices that compose the Composite Device. For each Device that is
340 part of the Composite Device when using this approach there shall exist a Collection that represents
341 one of the distinct Devices in the composition. Further each Collection shall have a Resource Type
342 that at a minimum includes the Device Type that the Collection represents (e.g. ["oic.d.door"]).

343 Figure 2 illustrates the response to a discovery request using the baseline Interface on "/oic/res"
344 for a Composite Device modeled as described in this clause. Figure 3 illustrates the response to a
345 unicast RETRIEVE request using the baseline Interface to the Collection that represents the door
346 Device.

347

```

[
  {
    "rt": ["oic.wk.res"],
    "if": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll" ],
    "links":
      [
        {
          "anchor": "ocf://dc70373c-1e8d-4fb3-962e-017eaa863989",
          "href": "/oic/d",
          "rt": ["oic.wk.d","oic.d.door","oic.d.sensor","oic.d.lock","oic.d.camera"],
          "if": ["oic.if.r","oic.if.baseline"],
          "p": {"bm": 3},
          "eps": [{"ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:1111"}]
        },
        {
          "anchor": "ocf://dc70373c-1e8d-4fb3-962e-017eaa863989",
          "href": "/mydevice/mydoor",
          "rt": ["oic.d.door"],
          "if": ["oic.if.ll","oic.if.baseline","oic.if.r"],
          "p": {"bm": 3},
          "eps": [{"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1111"}]
        },
        {
          "anchor": "ocf://dc70373c-1e8d-4fb3-962e-017eaa863989",
          "href": "/mydevice/mysensor",
          "rt": ["oic.d.sensor"],
          "if": ["oic.if.ll","oic.if.baseline","oic.if.r"],
          "p": {"bm": 3},
          "eps": [{"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1111"}]
        },
        {
          "anchor": "ocf://dc70373c-1e8d-4fb3-962e-017eaa863989",
          "href": "/mydevice/mylock",
          "rt": ["oic.d.lock"],
          "if": ["oic.if.ll","oic.if.baseline","oic.if.r"],
          "p": {"bm": 3},
          "eps": [{"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1111"}]
        },
        {
          "anchor": "ocf://dc70373c-1e8d-4fb3-962e-017eaa863989",
          "href": "/mydevice/mycamera",
          "rt": ["oic.d.camera"],
          "if": ["oic.if.ll","oic.if.baseline","oic.if.r"],
          "p": {"bm": 3},
          "eps": [{"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1111"}]
        }
      ]
  }
]

```

Figure 2 – Example composite device model

```

{
  "rt": ["oic.d.door"],
  "if": ["oic.if.ll", "oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
  "id": "unique_example_id",
  "di": "dc70373c-1e8d-4fb3-962e-017eaa863989",
  "icv": "ocf.1.3.0",
  "dmv": "ocf.res.1.3.0, ocf.sh.1.3.0",
  "piid": "6F0AAC04-2BB0-468D-B57C-16570A26AE48",
  "links": [
    {
      "href": "/mydoor/openlevel",
      "rt": ["oic.r.openlevel"],
      "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
      "p": {"bm": 2},
      "eps": [
        {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122"}
      ]
    }
  ]
}

```

Figure 3 – RETRIEVE response to example door from composite device model

350

351 8 Discovery

352 8.1 Endpoint discovery

353 Clients may discover Servers by using the mechanisms defined by ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 clause
 354 10. A Client may populate an "rt" query parameter with the Device Types that the Client wants to
 355 discover, or if no "rt" query parameter is provided then the search is for all available Device Types
 356 irrespective.

357 Devices may be discovered by Device Type or implemented Resource Type. This difference is
 358 conveyed by the population of any "rt" query parameter included as part of discovery (see clause
 359 11.3 of ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018).

360 The values that may be used for discovering a specific Device Type are listed in Table A.2. The
 361 values that may be used to discover a specific Resource Type are listed in clause 6 of ISO/IEC
 362 30118-4:2018.

363 The discovery process provides the base URI of the Device that is acting as a Server to the Client.
 364 The structure of the detected Device can then be retrieved by Resource Discovery.

365 8.2 Resource discovery

366 Clause intentionally left blank

367

368 **9 Security**

369 A Device shall implement the mandated Security Virtual Resources specified in the ISO/IEC 30118-
370 2:2018. Additionally, all exposed ISO/IEC 30118-4:2018 defined Resources shall be accessible
371 via at least one secure Endpoint (i.e. use of a "coaps" or "coaps+tcp" scheme locator within the
372 "eps" Parameter exposed by /oic/res; see ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 clause 10.2.4). A Device shall
373 not expose ISO/IEC 30118-4:2018 defined Resources using unsecured Endpoints (i.e. "coap" or
374 "coap+tcp" scheme locator in the "eps" Parameter).

375 With the exception of those Resources related to Discovery that are explicitly identified by the
376 ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 as not requiring secured access (see ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 clause 11.3.4),
377 all other Resources defined in ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 implemented in the Smart Home Device shall
378 be accessible via at least one secure Endpoint (i.e. use of a "coaps" or "coaps+tcp" scheme locator
379 within the "eps" Parameter exposed by /oic/res). Similarly, any Resources defined in ISO/IEC
380 30118-1:2018 that do not require unsecured access that are not listed in /oic/res shall also be
381 accessible via "coaps" or "coaps+tcp".

Annex A
(normative)

Device categories and device types

A.1 Device categories

Devices are grouped into Device Categories based on the Universal Device Classification (UDC) (see A Basic Classification System for Energy-Using Products--Universal Device Classification), all Device Categories are listed in Table A.1.

Table A.1 – List of device categories

Device Category Name	Description
Space Conditioning	Heating and cooling systems
Lighting	
Appliance	Also known as "white goods"; covers major appliances only.
Electronics	Personal electronics
Miscellaneous	Small appliances, other
Infrastructure	Physical building and infrastructure
Transportation	Vehicles, fixed devices that provide movement (e.g. Escalators)
Fitness	Includes lifestyle
Medical	
Personal Health	
Other	

A.2 Device types

The complete Universal Device Classification with Device Types per Device Category is provided in Table A.2. Note that not all Devices within the UDC classification have equivalent OCF defined Device Types. All defined Device Types are of the form "oic.d.<thing>" where <thing> is a single alphanumeric string (lower case [a..z],[0..9] only) no more than 24 characters in length giving a total maximum length of the Device Type of 32 characters. Where an abbreviated form of the Device Type is required (applicable only to population of a Wi-Fi beacon IE) then the "oic.d." portion of the Device Type may be omitted.

Table A.2 does not specify the mandatory resources that are implemented by an instance of such a Device Type; the set of applicable mandatory Resources is dependent on the application domain. In this document the following domains are specified: Smart Home, Healthcare. The "Reference" column in the table references vertical specific annexes where the Device Type is further refined (e.g. mandatory Resources).

Table A.2 – Per category list of device types

Device Category Name	UDC Device Name	Device Name	Device Type (Normative)	Reference
Space Conditioning	Unitary System	Air Conditioner	oic.d.airconditioner	B.1
	Boiler	Water Heater	oic.d.waterheater	B.1
	Furnace	Furnace	oic.d.furnace	

	Pump	Pump	oic.d.pump	
	Fan	Fan	oic.d.fan	B.1
	Condensing Unit	Condensing Unit	oic.d.condensingunit	
	Condenser	Condenser	oic.d.condenser	
	Humidifier	Humidifier	oic.d.humidifier	B.1
	Dehumidifier	Dehumidifier	oic.d.dehumidifier	B.1
	HVAC – Control	Thermostat	oic.d.thermostat	B.1
	HVAC - Other	HVAC	oic.d.hvac	
		Air Purifier	oic.d.airpurifier	B.1
		Air Quality Monitor	oic.d.airqualitymonitor	B.1
Lighting	Lighting - Controls	Lighting Controls	oic.d.lightingcontrol	
	Lighting - Other	Light	oic.d.light	B.1
Appliance	Clothes Dryer	Dryer (Laundry)	oic.d.dryer	B.1
	Clothes Washer	Washer (Laundry)	oic.d.washer	B.1
		Clothes Washer Dryer	oic.d.washerdryer	B.1
	Dishwasher	Dishwasher	oic.d.dishwasher	B.1
	Freezer	Freezer	oic.d.freezer	B.1
	Ice Machine	Ice Machine	oic.d.icemachine	
	Oven	Oven	oic.d.oven	B.1
	Range	Range	oic.d.range	
	Refrigerator	Refrigerator	oic.d.refrigerator	B.1
	Water Heater	Water Heater	oic.d.waterheater	B.1
	Appliance - Other	Cooker Hood	oic.d.cookerhood	B.1
		Cooktop	oic.d.cooktop	B.1
		Steam Closet	oic.d.steamcloset	B.1
Electronics	Audio System	Audio System	oic.d.audiosystem	
	A/V Player	AV Player	oic.d.avplayer	
	Camera	Camera	oic.d.camera	B.1
	Computer – Desktop	Desktop PC	oic.d.desktoppc	
	Computer - Notebook	Notebook PC	oic.d.notebookpc	
	Computer - Server	Server	oic.d.server	
	Computer – Other	Computer	oic.d.pc	

	Data Storage	Data Storage Unit	oic.d.datastorageunit	
	Display	Display	oic.d.display	
	Electronics - Portable	Portable Electronics	oic.d.portableelectronics	
	Game Console	Game Console	oic.d.gameconsole	
	Imaging Equipment	3D Printer	oic.d.3dprinter	B.1
		Printer	oic.d.printer	B.1
		Printer Multi-Function	oic.d.multifunctionprinter	B.1
		Scanner	oic.d.scanner	B.1
	Musical Instrument	Musical Instrument	oic.d.musicalinstrument	
	Networking Equipment	Networking Equipment	oic.d.networking	
	Phone Handset	Handset	oic.d.handset	
	Receiver	Receiver	oic.d.receiver	B.1
	Set Top Box	Set Top Box	oic.d.stb	B.1
	Telephony	Telephony	oic.d.telephonydevice	
	Television	Television	oic.d.tv	B.1
	A/V - Other	Active Speaker	oic.d.speaker	
	Electronics – Other	Electronics	oic.d.smallelectrical	
Miscellaneous	Air Compressors	Air Compressor	oic.d.aircompressor	
	Bathroom Device	Bathroom General	oic.d.bathroomdevice	
	Battery Charger	Battery Charger	oic.d.batterycharger	
	Business Equipment	Business Equipment	oic.d.businessequipment	
	Cleaning Equipment	Robot Cleaner	oic.d.robotcleaner	B.1
	Cooking – Portable	Portable Stove	oic.d.portablestove	
	Exercise Machine	Exercise Machine	oic.d.exercisemachine	
	HVAC – Portable	Portable HVAC	oic.d.hvacportable	
	Industrial	Optical augmented RFID Reader	oic.d.orfid	D.1
	Kitchen	Coffee Machine	oic.d.coffeemachine	B.1
		Food Probe	oic.d.foodprobe	B.1
		Grinder	oic.d.grinder	B.1

		Kettle	oic.d.kettle	B.1
	Lighting – Decorative	Decorative Lighting	oic.d.lightdecorative	
	Lighting – Emergency	Emergency Lighting	oic.d.lightemergency	
	Microwave Oven	Microwave Oven	oic.d.microwave	B.1
	Vending Machine	Vending Machine	oic.d.vendingmachine	
	Water Dispenser	Water Dispenser	oic.d.waterdispenser	
		Battery	oic.d.battery	B.1
Infrastructure	Breakers	Water Valve	oic.d.watervalve	B.1
	Doors/Windows	Blind	oic.d.blind	B.1
		Door	oic.d.door	B.1
		Garage Door	oic.d.garagedoor	B.1
		Smart Lock	oic.d.smartlock	B.1
		Window	oic.d.window	B.1
	Fireplace	Fireplace	oic.d.fireplace	
	Pump	Pump	oic.d.pump	
	Power - Portable	Energy Generator	oic.d.energygenerator	B.1
		Smart Plug	oic.d.smartplug	B.1
	Power - Fixed	Switch	oic.d.switch	B.1
	Security	Security Panel	oic.d.securitypanel	B.1
	Sensors	Generic Sensor	oic.d.sensor	B.1
	Meter	Electric Meter	oic.d.electrictmeter	B.1
		Energy Monitor	oic.d.energymonitor	B.1
Transportation	Transport - Other	Electric Vehicle Charger	oic.d.electricvehiclecharger	B.1
Fitness		Fitness Device	oic.d.fitnessdevice	
		Blood Pressure Monitor	oic.d.bloodpressuremonitor	C.4
		Body Thermometer	oic.d.bodythermometer	C.4
		Heart Rate Monitor	oic.d.heartratemonitor	C.4
		Activity Tracker	oic.d.activitytracker	C.4
Medical		Medical Device	oic.d.medicaldevice	
		Blood Pressure Monitor	oic.d.bloodpressuremonitor	C.4
		Glucose Meter	oic.d.glucosemeter	C.4

		Body Scale	oic.d.bodyscale	C.4
		Body Thermometer	oic.d.bodythermometer	C.4
		Heart Rate Monitor	oic.d.heartratemonitor	C.4
		Pulse Oximeter	oic.d.pulseoximeter	C.4
		Sleep Monitor	oic.d.sleepmonitor	C.4
		CGM	oic.d.cgm	C.4
Personal Health		Personal Health Device	oic.d.personalhealthdevice	
		Blood Pressure Monitor	oic.d.bloodpressuremonitor	C.4
		Glucose Meter	oic.d.glucosemeter	C.4
		Body Scale	oic.d.bodyscale	C.4
		Body Thermometer	oic.d.bodythermometer	C.4
		Heart Rate Monitor	oic.d.heartratemonitor	C.4
		Pulse Oximeter	oic.d.pulseoximeter	C.4
		Sleep Monitor	oic.d.sleepmonitor	C.4
		Activity Tracker	oic.d.activitytracker	C.4
		CGM	oic.d.cgm	C.4
Other	Other		oic.d.unknown	
		Access Management Service	oic.d.ams	
		Credential Management Service	oic.d.cms	
		Device Ownership Transfer Service	oic.d.dots	

Annex B
(normative)

Smart home device types

B.1 Smart home required resources per device type

Device Types may mandate that specific Resources be implemented. The required Resource per Device Type where mandated is listed in Table B.1. Additionally, specific Resources that use enumeration values to indicate supported states or modes may mandate usage of standardized enumeration values. The mandated allowed values are indicated for each applicable Resource Type, the Property of interest on that Resource Type and to which Device Type it applies.

Per Table B.1, some Device types support two instances of the same Resource Type. When this is the case, the Resources shall support different CRUDN actions, e.g. one Resource acts as a Sensor (CRUDN action write not supported) and the other Resource acts as an Actuator (CRUDN actions read and write supported at a minimum) unless otherwise specified.

Table B.1 – Alphabetical list of device types ("rt"), including required resources for smart home

Device Name (informative)	Device Type ("rt") (Normative)	Required Resource name	Required Resource Type
3D Printer	oic.d.3dprinter	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		3D Printer	oic.r.printer.3d
		Operational State	oic.r.operational.state
		Temperature	oic.r.temperature
		Print Queue	oic.r.printer.queue
Active Speaker	oic.d.speaker	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Audio Controls	oic.r.audio
Air Conditioner	oic.d.airconditioner	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Temperature	oic.r.temperature
Air Purifier	oic.d.airpurifier	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
Air Quality Monitor	oic.d.airqualitymonitor	Air Quality Collection	oic.r.airqualitycollection
Battery	oic.d.battery	Battery	oic.r.battery
Blind	oic.d.blind	Open Level	oic.r.openlevel
Camera	oic.d.camera	Media	oic.r.media
Clothes Washer Dryer	oic.d.washerdryer	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Operational State	oic.r.operational.state
Coffee Machine	oic.d.coffeemachine	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Operational State	oic.r.operational.state
Cooker Hood	oic.d.cookerhood	Airflow Control	oic.r.airflowcontrol
		Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Mode	oic.r.mode
Cooktop	oic.d.cooktop	Heating Zone Collection	oic.r.heatingzonecollection

Dehumidifier	oic.d.dehumidifier	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Humidity	oic.r.humidity
Dishwasher	oic.d.dishwasher	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Mode	oic.r.mode
Door	oic.d.door	Open Level	oic.r.openlevel
Dryer (Laundry)	oic.d.dryer	Binary switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Mode	oic.r.mode
Electric Vehicle Charger	oic.d.electricvehiclecharger	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Operational State	oic.r.operational.state
		Battery	oic.r.battery
		Vehicle Connector	oic.r.vehicleconnector
Electric Meter	oic.d.electrictmeter	Energy Consumption	oic.r.energy.consumption
Energy Generator	oic.d.energygenerator	Energy Generation	oic.r.energy.generation
Energy Monitor	oic.d.energymonitor	One of: Energy Consumption, Gas Consumption	oic.r.energy.consumption or oic.r.gas.consumption
Fan	oic.d.fan	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
Food Probe	oic.d.foodprobe	Temperature (Sensor)	oic.r.temperature
Freezer	oic.d.freezer	Temperature(2)(1 Sensor and 1 Actuator)	oic.r.temperature
Garage Door	oic.d.garagedoor	Door	oic.r.door
Generic Sensor	oic.d.sensor	Any Resource Type that supports and exposes in "/oic/res" the oic.if.s interface.	oic.r. <x> Where this equates to any Resource Type that supports the oic.if.s Interface.
Grinder	oic.d.grinder	Operational State	oic.r.operational.state
		Grinder Settings	oic.r.grinder
Humidifier	oic.d.humidifier	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
Kettle	oic.d.kettle	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
Light	oic.d.light	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
Oven	oic.d.oven	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Temperature (2) (1 Sensor and 1 Actuator)	oic.r.temperature
Printer	oic.d.printer	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Operational State	oic.r.operational.state
Printer Multi-Function	oic.d.multifunctionprinter	Binary switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Operational State (2) ^a	oic.r.operational.state
		Automatic Document Feeder	oic.r.automaticdocumentfeeder ^b
Receiver	oic.d.receiver	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Audio Controls	oic.r.audio

		Media Source List (2)	oic.r.media.input, oic.r.media.output
Refrigerator	oic.d.refrigerator	Temperature (2) (1 Sensor and 1 Actuator)	oic.r.temperature
Robot Cleaner	oic.d.robotcleaner	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Mode	oic.r.mode
Scanner	oic.d.scanner	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Operational State	oic.r.operational.state
		Automatic Document Feeder	oic.r.automaticdocumentfeeder
Security Panel	oic.d.securitypanel	Mode	oic.r.mode
Set Top Box	oic.d.stb	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
Smart Lock	oic.d.smartlock	Lock Status	oic.r.lock.status
Smart Plug	oic.d.smartplug	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
Steam Closet	oic.d.steamcloset	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Mode	oic.r.mode
		Operational State	oic.r.operational.state
Switch	oic.d.switch	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
Television	oic.d.tv	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Audio Controls	oic.r.audio
		Media Source List	oic.r.media.input
Thermostat	oic.d.thermostat	Temperature (2) (1 Sensor and 1 Actuator)	oic.r.temperature
Washer (Laundry)	oic.d.washer	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Operational State	oic.r.operational.state
Water Heater	oic.d.waterheater	Binary Switch	oic.r.switch.binary
		Temperature(2) (1 Sensor and 1 Actuator)	oic.r.temperature
Water Valve	oic.d.watervalve	Open Level	oic.r.openlevel
Window	oic.d.window	Open Level	oic.r.openlevel
<p>^a A Multi-Function Printer shall expose two instances of an Operational State resource; each in discrete Collections, one for the Printer specific operational state information and one for the Scanner specific operational state information. The friendly name for the Collections should indicate the device modality (printer or scanner).</p> <p>^b A Multi-Function Printer shall only expose an Automatic Document Feeder resource if the device has the Automatic Document Feeder capability.</p>			

421 **B.2 Standardized enumeration values**

422 **B.2.1 Introduction**

423 Resource Types may have a list of supported enumeration values. The supported enumeration
424 values may differ when applied in different devices. In this clause the affected Resource Types are
425 described by:

- 426 – Generic list of supported values
- 427 – Mandated list of supported values when applied to a specific Device

428 **B.2.2 Alphabetical list of standardized enumeration types**

429 This clause lists the standardized enumeration types that are used in the oic.r.mode,
430 oic.r.operational.state, and oic.r.consumable Resources.

- 431 – aborted
- 432 – An internal device, communication or security error
- 433 – active
- 434 – Unit is active
- 435 – airDry
- 436 – unit is air drying
- 437 – armedAway
- 438 – unit is armed for away
- 439 – armedInstant
- 440 – unit is armed instantly
- 441 – armedMaximum
- 442 – unit is armed at maximum level
- 443 – armedNightStay
- 444 – unit is armed in night stay
- 445 – armedStay
- 446 – unit is armed in stay mode
- 447 – aroma
- 448 – unit is armed in aroma mode
- 449 – artificialintelligence
- 450 – unit is in artificial intelligence mode
- 451 – auto
- 452 – unit is in auto mode or state
- 453 – boiling
- 454 – unit is in boiling state or mode
- 455 – brewing
- 456 – unit is in brewing state or mode
- 457 – cancelled
- 458 – the job was cancelled either by the remote client or by the user
- 459 – circulating
- 460 – unit is in circulating model or state
- 461 – cleaning
- 462 – unit is in cleaning mode or state
- 463 – clothes
- 464 – unit is in clothes mode
- 465 – completed
- 466 – job finished successfully
- 467 – cool

- 468 – unit is in cooling mode or state
- 469 – delicate
- 470 – unit is in delicate mode or state
- 471 – disabled
- 472 – unit’s current operational mode is disabled
- 473 – down
- 474 – unit is unavailable
- 475 – dual
- 476 – unit is in dual mode
- 477 – dry
- 478 – unit is dry mode
- 479 – enabled
- 480 – unit’s current operational mode is enabled
- 481 – extended
- 482 – unit is in extended mode or state
- 483 – fan
- 484 – unit is in fan mode or state
- 485 – fast
- 486 – unit is in fast mode or state
- 487 – filterMaterial
- 488 – filter material that is used by a device
- 489 – focused
- 490 – unit is in focused mode or state
- 491 – grinding
- 492 – unit is in grinding state or mode
- 493 – heating
- 494 – unit is in heating mode or state
- 495 – heavy
- 496 – unit is in heavy mode or state
- 497 – idle
- 498 – new jobs can start processing without waiting
- 499 – ink
- 500 – generic ink cartridge for a device
- 501 – inkBlack
- 502 – black ink cartridge for a device
- 503 – inkCyan
- 504 – cyan ink cartridge for a device
- 505 – inkMagenta
- 506 – magenta ink cartridge for a device
- 507 – inkTricolour

- 508 – tricolour ink cartridge for a device
- 509 – inkYellow
- 510 – yellow ink cartridge for a device
- 511 – keepwarm
- 512 – unit is in keep warm state or mode
- 513 – normal
- 514 – unit is in a normal operational state
- 515 – notsupported
- 516 – ability to set a specific operational mode by a client is not supported
- 517 – pause
- 518 – unit is paused (by user)
- 519 – pending
- 520 – job initiated, engine is preparing
- 521 – pendingHeld
- 522 – job is not a candidate for processing for any number of reasons, will return to pending state
- 523 if reasons are solved.
- 524 – permapress
- 525 – unit is in permanent press mode or state
- 526 – preWash
- 527 – unit is pre wash mode
- 528 – processing
- 529 – processing the job
- 530 – pure
- 531 – unit is in pure mode or state
- 532 – quick
- 533 – unit is in quick mode or state
- 534 – quiet
- 535 – unit is in quiet mode
- 536 – rinse
- 537 – unit is rinse mode
- 538 – sectored
- 539 – unit is in sectored mode or state
- 540 – silent
- 541 – unit is in silent mode or state
- 542 – sleep
- 543 – unit is in sleep mode or state
- 544 – smart
- 545 – unit is in smart mode or state
- 546 – spot
- 547 – unit is in spot mode or state

- 548 – steam
- 549 – unit is in steam mode or state
- 550 – stopped
- 551 – error condition occurred
- 552 – spin
- 553 – unit is in spin mode
- 554 – testing
- 555 – calibrating, preparing the unit
- 556 – toner
- 557 – generic toner cartridge for a device
- 558 – tonerBlack
- 559 – black toner cartridge for a device
- 560 – tonerCyan
- 561 – cyan toner cartridge for a device
- 562 – tonerMagenta
- 563 – magenta toner cartridge for a device
- 564 – tonerYellow
- 565 – yellow toner cartridge for a device
- 566 – warm
- 567 – unit is in warm mode
- 568 – wash
- 569 – unit is in wash mode
- 570 – wet
- 571 – unit is in wet mode or state
- 572 – wind
- 573 – unit is in wind mode
- 574 – wrinklePrevent
- 575 – unit is in wrinkle prevent mode
- 576 – zigzag
- 577 – unit is in zigzag mode or state

578 **B.2.3 Standardized list of supported values for mode resource type (oic.r.mode)**

579 Table B.2 lists the enumeration values that apply to both the supportedModes and modes
 580 Properties within the Mode Resource Type.

581 **Table B.2 – List of required oic.r.mode supported values per Device Type ("rt")**

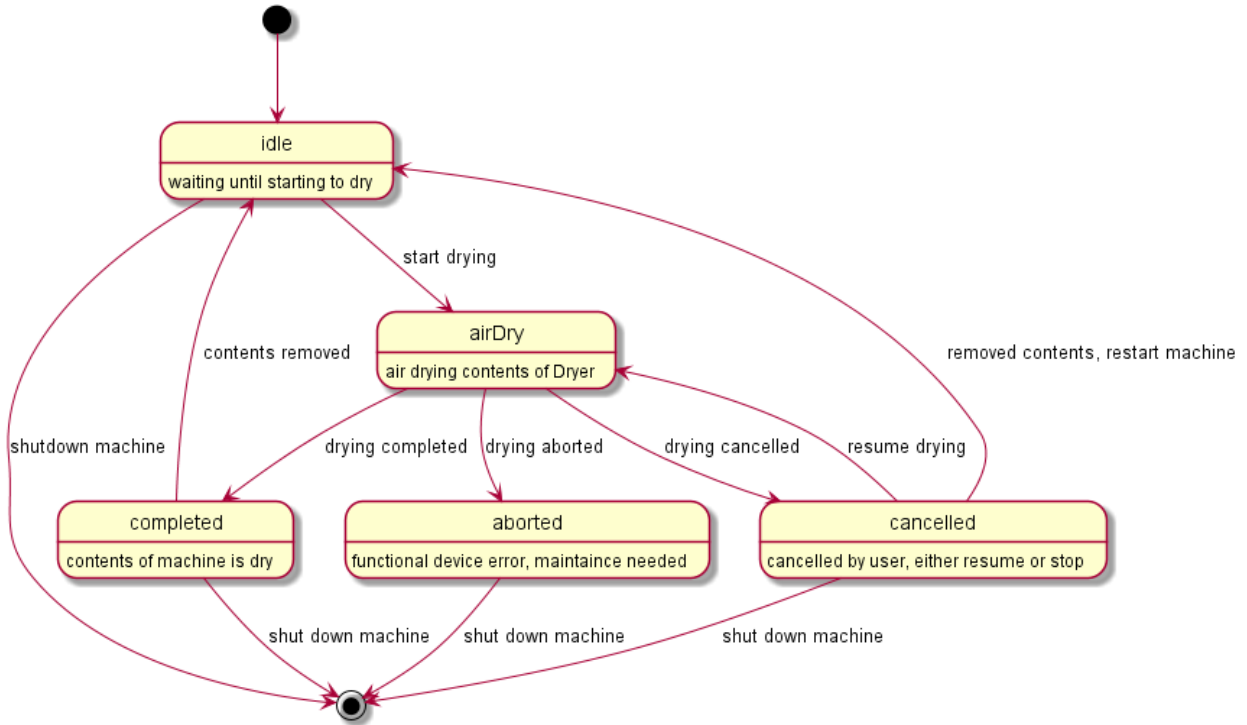
Device Name (informative)	Device Type (rt) (Normative)	Required enumeration value
Security Panel	oic.d.securityPanel	active
		armedAway
		armedInstant
		armedMaximum

		armedNightStay
		armedStay

582 The modes can be viewed upon as mode changes of the device. However this document does not
 583 impose any relationship between the different modes of a Device. Hence all mode changes are
 584 expected to occur from a Client point of view.

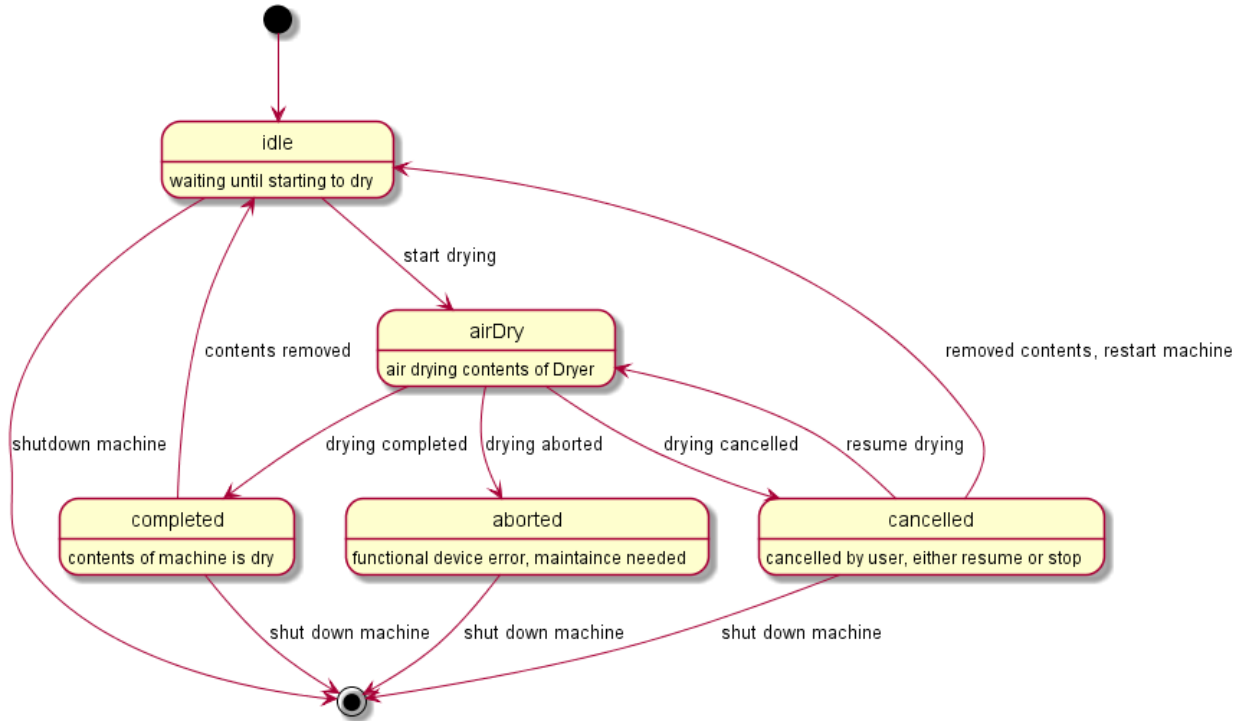
585 Figure B.1 provides an illustrative example of a possible set of modes and the transitions between
 586 them for a Dryer Device Type (oic.d.dryer).

An example mode transition diagram of a Dryer, not all mode transitions are listed.



587

An example mode transition diagram of an Dryer, not all mode transistions are listed.



588

589

Figure B.1 – Example of mode transitions of a dryer

590

591 **B.2.4 Standardized list of supported values for operational state resource type**
 592 **(oic.r.operational.state)**

593 Table B.3 lists the enumeration values that apply to the "jobStates" and "machineStates" Properties
 594 within the operational state Resource Type.

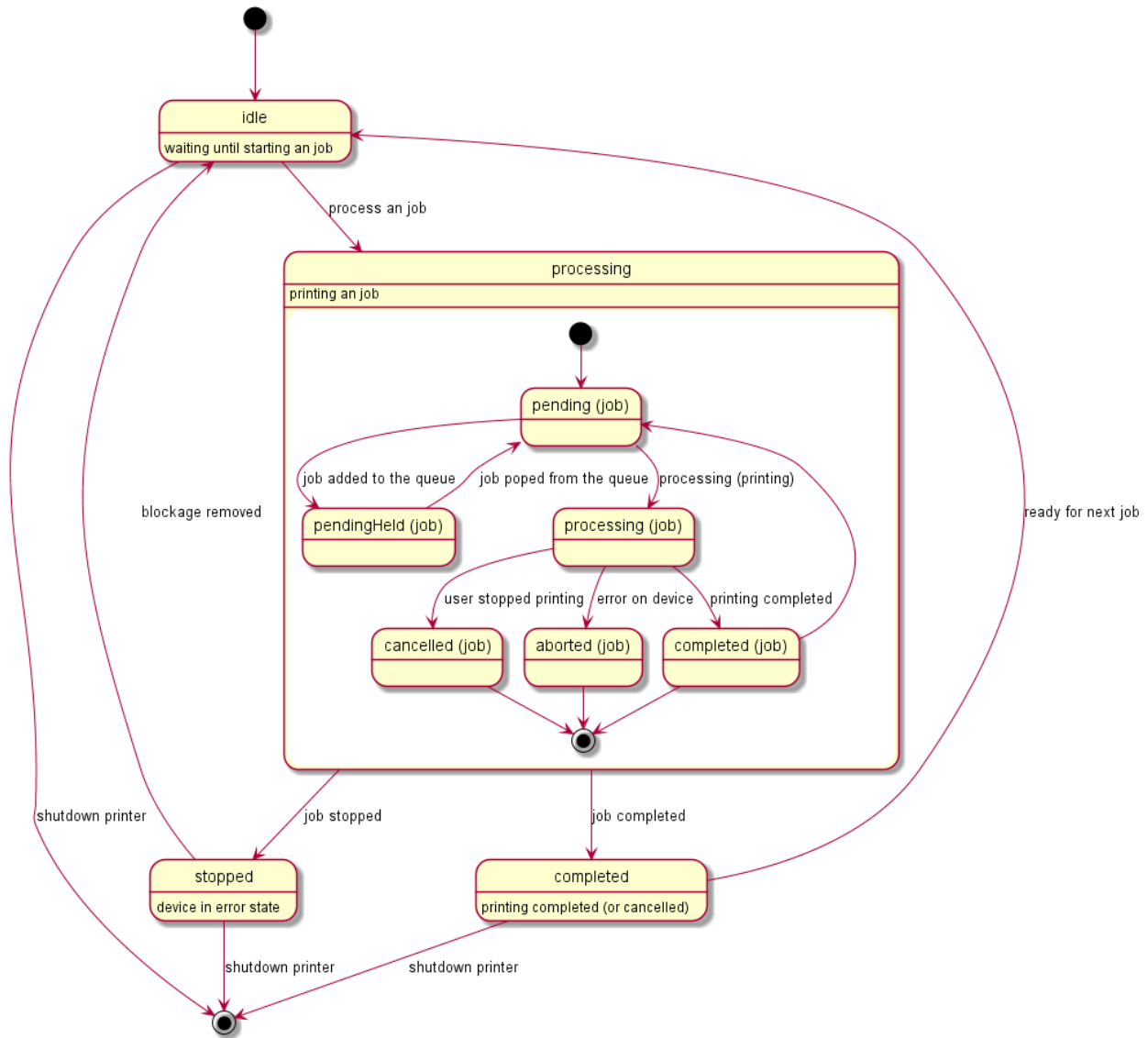
595 **Table B.3 – List of required oic.r.operational.state supported values per Device Type ("rt")**

Device Name (informative)	Device Type (rt) (Normative)	Required enumeration value machineStates	Required enumeration value jobStates
Printer	oic.d.printer	idle	pending
		processing	pendingHeld
		stopped	processing
			cancelled
			aborted
completed			
Printer Multi-Function	oic.d.multifunctionPrinter	See printer	See printer
		See scanner	See scanner
scanner	oic.d.scanner	idle	cancelled
		processing	aborted
		testing	completed
		stopped	pending
		down	processing

596 The operational state can be viewed as state changes of the device that includes separate handling
 597 of jobs within the overall machine state. However, this document does not impose any relationship
 598 between the different machine or job states of a device. Hence all "machinestate" and or "jobStates"
 599 changes are expected to occur from a Client point of view.

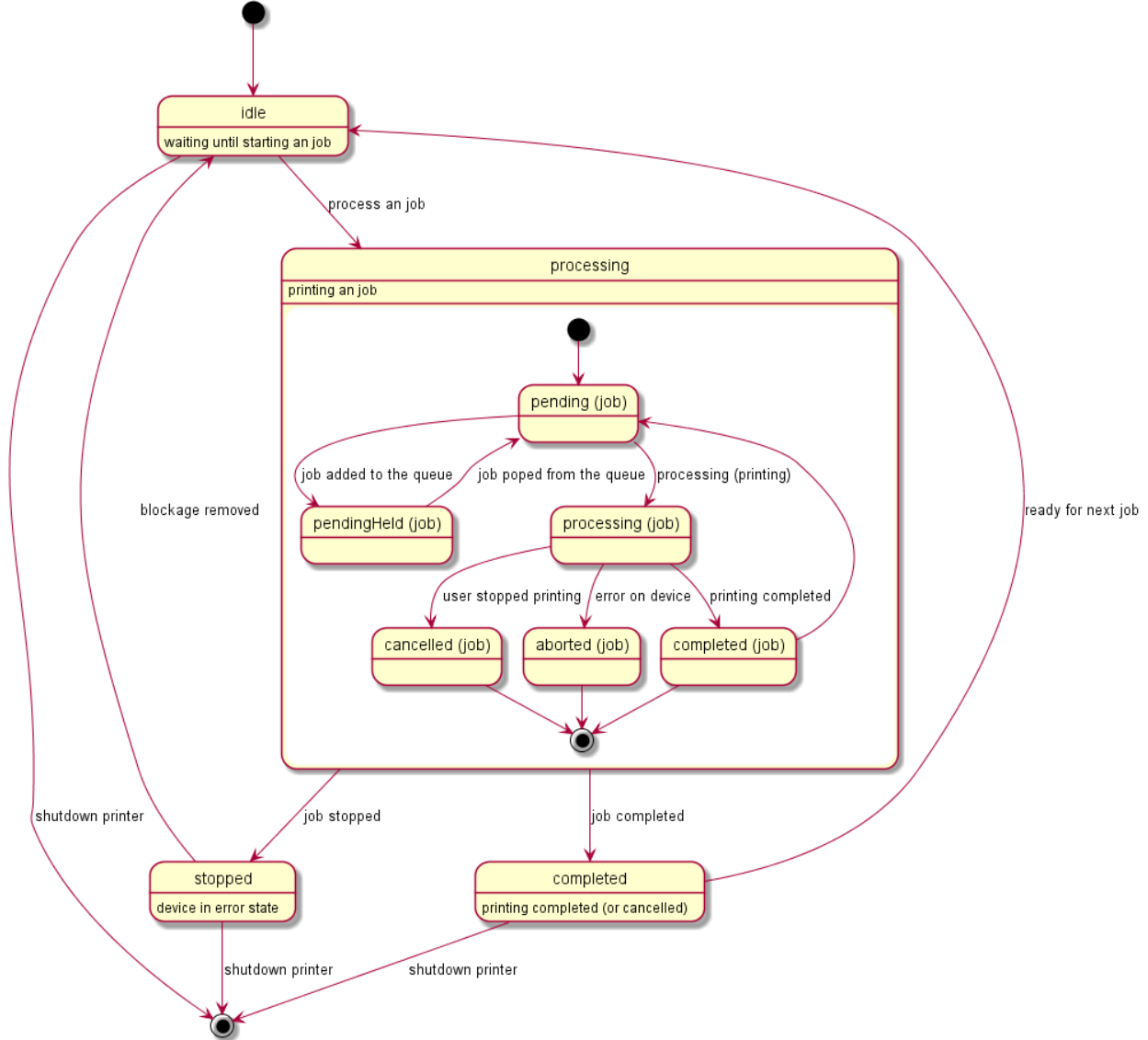
600 Figure B.2 provides an illustrative example of a possible set of job states and the transitions
 601 between them for a Printer Device Type ("oic.d.printer").

An example machine and job states of a Printer, not all state transistions are listed.



602

An example machine and job states of a Printer, not all state transitions are listed.



603

604

Figure B.2 – Example of job state transitions of a printer

605 **B.2.5 Standardized list of supported values for consumable and consumable collection**
 606 **resource types (oic.r.consumable, oic.r.consumablecollection)**

607 Table B.4 lists the enumeration values that may be populated in both the supportedconsumables
 608 (in oic.r.consumablecollection) and typeofconsumable (in oic.r.consumable) Properties within the
 609 Consumable and Consumable Collection Resource Types. The typeofconsumable Property shall
 610 only be populated with a value exposed within the supportedconsumables Property in a specific
 611 instance of the Consumable Collection Resource Type.

612 This constitutes the known set of possible values for these Properties in the Consumable and
 613 Consumable Collection Resources. A vendor may extend this set by providing vendor defined
 614 enumerations following the convention defined in ISO/IEC 30118-4:2018.

615
616

Table B.4 – List of defined enumeration values for oic.r.consumable, oic.r.consumablecollection

Friendly Name (informative)	Enumeration Value (Normative)	Description (Informative)
Toner Cartridge	toner	Generic toner cartridge.
Black Toner Cartridge	tonerBlack	Black toner cartridge
Cyan Toner Cartridge	tonerCyan	Cyan toner cartridge
Magenta Toner Cartridge	tonerMagenta	Magenta toner cartridge
Yellow Toner Cartridge	tonerYellow	Yellow toner cartridge
Filter Material	filterMaterial	Any replaceable or reusable filter material; such as water filters, air filters, dust filters etc.
Ink Cartridge	ink	Generic ink cartridge
Black Ink Cartridge	inkBlack	Black ink cartridge
Cyan Ink Cartridge	inkCyan	Cyan ink cartridge
Magenta Ink Cartridge	inkMagenta	Magenta ink cartridge
Yellow Ink Cartridge	inkYellow	Yellow ink cartridge
Tricolour Ink Cartridge	inkTricolour	Tri-colour ink cartridge; typically Cyan plus Magenta plus Yellow.

617

618 **B.3 Camera media format (oic.r.media)**

619 The supported camera media formats can be discovered by looking at the SDP (see IETF RFC
620 4566) list of the media Resource Type. The recommended list of supported media formats are listed
621 in Table B.5.

622

Table B.5 – Recommended media profiles

Mediatype	codec	Content container format	transport	Additional information
Audio	AAC		RTP	
Video	H.264		RTP	Recommended minimal resolution 1920x1080 (width, height)
Video	H.264/AAC	MPEG-2 TS	RTP	Recommended minimal resolution 1920x1080 (width, height)
Still image	JPEG	JPEG	RTP	Recommended minimal resolution 1920x1080 (width, height)

623

624 **B.4 Additional requirements per device type**

625 This clause is intentionally left blank

626 **Annex C**
627 (normative)

628 **Healthcare device types**
629

630 **C.1 Scope**

631 This Annex defines Device Types for use in the healthcare and fitness vertical, and describes
632 general use cases to which OCF Healthcare Devices apply, along with common functional
633 requirements.

634 Although some common requirements are defined in this document, implementation is responsible
635 for checking appropriate security, safety, environmental, and health practices, and applicable
636 regulatory requirements from national health authorities.

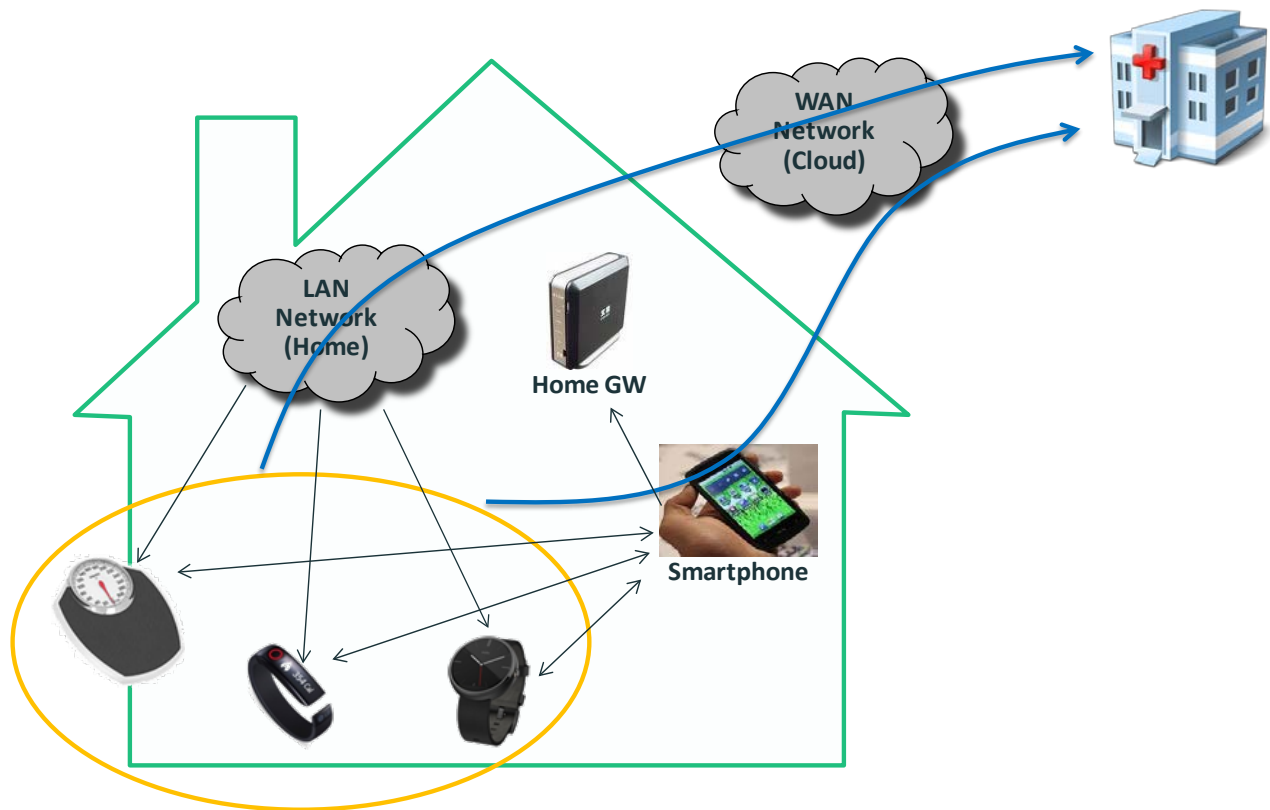
637 **C.2 Introduction to OCF healthcare devices**

638 This Annex references and inherits data models defined in the ISO/IEC 30118-4:2018, to define
639 OCF Healthcare Device Types in clause C.4.

640 **C.3 Operational scenarios**

641 Personal fitness and/or medical data are read by a monitoring Device (OCF Client role) from
642 Healthcare Devices (OCF Server role), and the monitoring Device triggers appropriate actions
643 based on the data collected. Many of the target usages are for personal health or fitness, although
644 clinical use cases can be realized with similar modelling.

645 As shown in Figure C.1, data from various fitness and healthcare devices can be gathered on a
646 smart phone for monitoring and can be transmitted to the healthcare services through a gateway
647 or through the smartphone. The protocol to be used for transmission is defined in ISO/IEC 30118-
648 1:2018. Collected personal fitness and/or medical data are used for condition monitoring or medical
649 research, receiving advice from a trainer/doctor, or triggering an emergency notification.



650

651

Figure C.1 – Schematic diagram of healthcare usages

652 **C.4 Standardized device types**

653 **C.4.1 Introduction**

654 OCF Healthcare Device Types specify Devices in the healthcare and fitness domains of the OCF
 655 ecosystem. The Device Type exposed by the "rt" value of /oic/d of all Healthcare Devices shall
 656 have a Resource Type value ("rt") prefixed with "oic.d." The Healthcare Device Types are listed in
 657 Table C.1.

658

Table C.1 – Alphabetical list of healthcare device types

Clause	Device Name	Device Type ("rt")
C.3.1	Blood Pressure Monitor	oic.d.bloodpressuremonitor
C.3.2	Glucose Meter	oic.d.glucosemeter
C.3.3	Body Scale	oic.d.bodyscale
C.3.4	Body Thermometer	oic.d.bodythermometer
C.4.x	Heart Rate Monitor	oic.d.heartratemonitor
C.4.x	Pulse Oximeter	oic.d.pulseoximeter
C.4.x	Sleep Monitor	oic.d.sleepmonitor
C.4.x	Activity Tracker	oic.d.activitytracker
C.4.x	CGM(Continuous Glucose Monitor)	oic.d.cgm

659 The remainder of this Annex defines Resource Types for each Device Type, but for full definitions
 660 of Resource Types, see ISO/IEC 30118-4:2018.

661 Each Device Type defines a minimal set of Resource Types that are implemented by that Device
 662 Type as required Resource Types. A Healthcare Device may expose additional OCF-defined
 663 optional Resource Types. It should be noted that all Resource Types are commonly available for
 664 all Device Types, but if a Device Type aims to implement optional Resource Types related to
 665 healthcare, it shall expose such Resource Types using the definitions provided in this annex.

666 When a Resource Type is listed as Mandatory (M) in this Annex, the Device shall:

- 667 – expose that Atomic Measurement Resource Type in /oic/res
- 668 – expose that Resource Type as a Link in the Atomic Measurement

669 The mandatory Resource Types for an Atomic Measurement shall be listed in the "rts-m" Property
 670 Value.

671 When a Resource Type is listed as Optional (O) in this Annex, a Device may expose that Resource
 672 Type as a Link in the Atomic Measurement or may also expose that Resource Type as a discretely
 673 discoverable Resource outside of the Atomic Measurement. For example, if a blood pressure
 674 monitor (i.e. oic.d.bloodpressuremonitor) measures pulse rate and chooses to expose that feature
 675 over OCF, it exposes the oic.r.pulserate Resource Type as a Link in the blood pressure monitor
 676 Atomic Measurement (oic.r. bloodpressuremonitor-am). The allowed Resource Types for an
 677 instance of an Atomic Measurement (which includes both the M and O Resource Types that are
 678 implemented) shall be listed in the "rts" Property Value.

679 Some Resource Types are commonly used for all Healthcare Device Types; these are provided in
 680 Table C.2. Users may want to associate timestamps to the measurements when they access their
 681 healthcare information (in RFC3339 date and time format, oic.r.time.stamp). A Healthcare Device
 682 may be used by different users, so identifying a specific user with an ID may be appropriate
 683 (oic.r.userid). These Resource Types are exposed as Conditionally Required Resource Types of
 684 an Atomic Measurement (as defined per clause 7.8.4 of ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018) of a specific
 685 Healthcare Device. The "rt" value of Resource Types that use Atomic Measurements are suffixed
 686 by -am (Atomic Measurements). When present in an Atomic Measurement, oic.r.time.stamp and
 687 oic.r.userid indicate the time when a sample of data is measured by a certain user.

688 **Table C.2 – Commonly used resource types of healthcare device types**

Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement (M, S, O, CA, CR)
Observed Time	oic.r.time.stamp	O
User ID	oic.r.userid	O

689 It should also be noted that Resource-level and Property-level requirements can be different. All
 690 OCF Resource Types are specified using OpenAPI 2.0 and the Properties which are defined in a
 691 specific schema can either be mandatory or optional. In other words, even if a Resource Type is
 692 mandatory for a Device Type, some of its Properties may not be mandatory.

693 **C.4.2 Blood pressure monitor**

694 **C.4.2.1 Introduction**

695 A blood pressure monitor measures blood pressure [i.e., systolic, diastolic, and mean arterial
 696 pressure (MAP)]. Blood pressure is most frequently measured using the units of millimetres of
 697 mercury (mmHg). Blood pressure is often denoted as 120/80 mmHg, which means systolic blood
 698 pressure of 120 and diastolic blood pressure of 80.

699 Table C.3 describes the Device Type for a blood pressure monitor. Table C.4 describes the Atomic
 700 Measurement that is present in all instances of a blood pressure monitor.

701

Table C.3 – Healthcare device type of blood pressure monitor

Device Type (rt)	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.d.bloodpressuremonitor	Blood pressure monitor Atomic Measurement	oic.r.bloodpressuremonitor-am	M

702

Table C.4 – Atomic measurement of blood pressure monitor

Atomic Measurement Resource Type Value	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.r.bloodpressuremonitor-am	Blood pressure	oic.r.blood.pressure	M
	Pulse rate	oic.r.pulserate	O

703

C.4.2.2 Required resource types

704 A blood pressure monitor shall expose oic.r.blood.pressure to report the blood pressure (systolic and diastolic) and optionally MAP.

C.4.2.3 OCF-defined optional resource types

707 A blood pressure monitor measures pulse rate using the oic.r.pulserate Resource Type.

708 See Table C.2 for additional commonly used Resource Types that could be used here.

C.4.3 Glucose meter**C.4.3.1 Introduction**

712 A glucose meter measures the concentration of glucose in the blood. Glucose, or blood sugar, is the human body's primary source of energy. The blood glucose level is a key parameter that diabetics measure multiple times per day.

715 Table C.5 describes the Device Type for a glucose meter. Table C.6 describes the Atomic Measurement that is present in all instances of a glucose meter.

Table C.5 – Healthcare device type of glucose meter

Device Type (rt)	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.d.glucosemeter	Glucose meter Atomic Measurement	oic.r.glucosemeter-am	M

718

Table C.6 – Atomic measurement of glucose meter

Atomic Measurement Resource Type Value	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.r.glucosemeter-am	Glucose	oic.r.glucose	M
	Context Carbohydrates	oic.r.glucose.carb	O
	Context Exercise	oic.r.glucose.exercise	O
	Hemoglobin Bound to Glucose A1c Form (HbA1c)	oic.r.glucose.hba1c	O
	Context Health	oic.r.glucose.health	O
	Context Meal	oic.r.glucose.meal	O
	Context Medication	oic.r.glucose.medication	O
	Context Sample Location	oic.r.glucose.samplelocation	O

	Context Tester	oic.r.glucose.testers	O
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- 719
- 720 **C.4.3.2 Required resource types**
- 721 A glucose meter shall expose oic.r.glucose to report the blood glucose level in mg/dL or mmol/L.
- 722 **C.4.3.3 OCF-defined optional resource types**
- 723 A glucose meter measures context carbohydrates, then it shall expose the context carbohydrates
- 724 using oic.r.glucose.carb Resource Type.
- 725 A glucose meter measures context exercise using the oic.r.glucose.exercise Resource Type.
- 726 A glucose meter measures Hemoglobin Bound to Glucose A1c Form (HbA1c) using the
- 727 oic.r.glucose.hba1c Resource Type.
- 728 A glucose meter measures context health using the oic.r.glucose.health Resource Type.
- 729 A glucose meter measures context meal using the oic.r.glucose.meal Resource Type.
- 730 A glucose meter measures context medication using the oic.r.glucose.medication Resource Type.
- 731 A glucose meter measures context sample location using the oic.r.glucose.samplelocation
- 732 Resource Type.
- 733 A glucose meter measures context tester using the oic.r.glucose.testers Resource Type.
- 734 See Table C.2 for additional commonly used Resource Types that could be used here.

735 **C.4.4 Body scale**

736 **C.4.4.1 Introduction**

- 737 A body scale measures the weight. The weight is most frequently measured using the units of
- 738 kilograms (kg) or pounds (lb).
- 739 Table C.7 describes the Device Type for a body scale. Table C.8 describes the Atomic
- 740 Measurement that is present in all instances of a body scale.

741 **Table C.7 – Healthcare device type of body scale**

Device Type (rt)	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.d.bodyscale	Body scale Atomic Measurement	oic.r.bodyscale-am	M

742

743 **Table C.8 – Atomic measurement type of body scale**

Atomic Measurement Resource Type Value	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.r.bodyscale-am	Weight	oic.r.weight	M
	Body Mass Index (BMI)	oic.r.bmi	O
	Height	oic.r.height	O
	Body Fat	oic.r.body.fat	O
	Body Water	oic.r.body.water	O
	Body Soft Lean Mass	oic.r.body.slm	O

	Body Fat Free Mass	oic.r.body.ffm	O
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744 **C.4.4.2 Required resource types**

745 A body scale shall expose oic.r.weight to report the body weight of a person.

746 **C.4.4.3 OCF-defined optional resource types**

747 A body scale measures height using the oic.r.height Resource Type. Especially, a body scale
748 measures the height if BMI is also reported because the height is used when a body scale measures
749 BMI.

750 A body scale measures Body Mass Index (BMI) using the oic.r.bmi Resource Type.

751 A body scale measures body fat using the oic.r.body.fat Resource Type.

752 A body scale measures body water using the oic.r.body.water Resource Type.

753 A body scale measures body soft lean mass using the oic.r.body.slm Resource Type.

754 A body scale measures body fat free mass using the oic.r.body.ffm Resource Type.

755 See Table C.2 for additional commonly used Resource Types that could be used here.

756 **C.4.5 Body thermometer**

757 **C.4.5.1 Introduction**

758 A body thermometer measures the temperature at some point. In general, the body thermometer
759 is placed at the measurement site for sufficient time for the measuring probe to reach the same
760 temperature as the body site, and when stable, a direct digital reading of the probe temperature is
761 taken.

762 Table C.9 describes the Device Type for a body thermometer. Table C.10 describes the Atomic
763 Measurement that is present in all instances of a body thermometer.

764 **Table C.9 – Healthcare device type of body thermometer**

Device Type (rt)	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.d.bodythermometer	Body thermometer Atomic Measurement	oic.r.bodythermometer-am	M

765 **Table C.10 – Atomic measurement type of body thermometer**

Atomic Measurement Resource Type Value	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.r.bodythermometer-am	Temperature	oic.r.temperature	M
	Body Location for temperature	oic.r.body.location.temperature	O

766 **C.4.5.2 Required resource types**

767 A body thermometer shall expose oic.r.body.temperature to report the temperature level and the
768 unit of a measured temperature is reported either in C, F or K.

769 **C.4.5.3 OCF-defined optional resource types**

770 A body thermometer measures temperature site using the oic.r.body.location.temperature
771 Resource Type.

772 See Table C.2 for additional commonly used Resource Types that could be used here.

773 **C.4.6 Heart Rate Monitor**

774 A heart rate monitor measures heart rate. Heart rate is most frequently measured using the units
 775 of beats per minute (bpm). While normal heart rate varies from person to person depending on the
 776 individual, age, body size, heart conditions, posture, medication use, etc., normal resting heart rate
 777 range for adults is from 60 to 100 according to the American Heart Association.

778 Table C.11 describes the Device Type for a heart rate monitor. Table C.12 describes the Atomic
 779 Measurement that is present in all instances of a heart rate monitor.

780 **Table C.11 – Healthcare device type of heart rate monitor**

Device Type (rt)	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.d.heartratemonitor	Heart Rate Monitor Atomic Measurement	oic.r.heartratemonitor -am	M

781 **Table C.12 – Atomic measurement of heart rate monitor**

Atomic Measurement Resource Type Value	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.r.heartratemonitor -am	Heart Rate	oic.r.heartrate	M

782 **C.4.6.1 Required Resource Types**

783 A heart rate monitor shall expose "oic.r.heartrate" to report the heart rate of a person.

784 **C.4.6.2 OCF-defined Optional Resource Types**

785 See Table C.2 for additional commonly used Resource Types that could be used here.

786 **C.4.7 Pulse Oximeter**

787 A pulse oximeter measures peripheral capillary oxygen saturation (SpO₂), an estimate of the
 788 amount of oxygen in the blood. Oxygen saturation is most frequently measured using percentage
 789 (%). Normal oxygen saturation is 95% or above according to the World Health Organization (WHO).

790 Table C.13 describes the Device Type for a pulse oximeter. Table C.14 describes the Atomic
 791 Measurement that is present in all instances of a pulse oximeter.

792 **Table C.13 – Healthcare device type of pulse oximeter**

Device Type (rt)	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.d.pulseoximeter	Pulse Oximeter Atomic Measurement	oic.r.pulseoximeter-am	M

793 **Table C.14 – Atomic measurement of pulse oximeter**

Atomic Measurement Resource Type Value	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.r.pulseoximeter-am	SpO ₂	oic.r.spo2	M

	Pulse Rate	oic.r.pulserate	M
	Pulsatile Occurrence	oic.r.pulsatileoccurrence	O
	Pulsatile Characteristic	oic.r.pulsatilecharacteristic	O

794 **C.4.7.1 Required Resource Types**

795 A pulse oximeter shall expose "oic.r.spo2" to report the oxygen saturation of a person.

796 A pulse oximeter shall expose "oic.r.pulserate" to report the pulse rate of a person.

797

798 **C.4.7.2 OCF-defined Optional Resource Types**

799 A pulse oximeter measures pulsatile occurrence using the "oic.r.pulsatileoccurrence" Resource
800 Type.

801 A pulse oximeter measures pulsatile characteristic using the "oic.r.pulsatilecharacteristic"
802 Resource Type.

803 See Table C.2 for additional commonly used Resource Types that could be used here.

804 **C.4.8 Sleep Monitor**

805 A sleep monitor measures the duration of each one of the sleep stages, and can also compute a
806 "Sleep Score" from these data. The stages of sleep are: NREM stage 1 (Light Sleep stage 1),
807 NREM stage 2 (Light Sleep stage 2), NREM stage 3 (Deep Sleep stage 1), NREM stage 4 (Deep
808 Sleep stage 2), REM.

809 A night of sleep is composed of several sleep cycles, with each sleep cycle progressing from
810 Light Sleep to Deep Sleep, before reversing back from Deep Sleep to Light Sleep, ending with
811 REM.

812 The first cycle takes about 90 minutes. After that, the cycles average between 100 minutes and
813 120 minutes. Typically, an individual will go through 4 to 5 sleep cycles per night. Dreams occur
814 during REM stages.

815 NREM stage 4 is not recognized in every country: in 2007, the USA merged NREM stages 3 and
816 4 into only one stage, NREM stage 3, thus effectively removing NREM stage 4.

817 Light Sleep consists of NREM stages 1 and 2. Deep Sleep consists of NREM stages 3 and 4.

818 Table C.15 describes the Device Type for a sleep monitor. Table C.16 describes the Atomic
819 Measurement that is present in all instances of a sleep monitor.

820 **Table C.15 – Healthcare device type of sleep monitor**

Device Type (rt)	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Require ment level
oic.d.sleepmonitor	Sleep Monitor Atomic Measurement	oic.r.sleepmonitor-am	M

821

822 **Table C.16 – Atomic measurement of sleep monitor**

Atomic Measurement Resource Type Value	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Require ment level
---	--------------------	---------------------	--------------------------

oic.r.sleepmonitor-am	Sleep	oic.r.sleep	M
	Heart Rate	oic.r.heartrate	O

823 **C.4.8.1 Required Resource Types**

824 A sleep monitor shall expose "oic.r.sleep" to report the time spent in the Awake, NREM1,
825 NREM2, NREM3 and REM stages, and optionally the time spent in the NREM4, Light Sleep,
826 Deep Sleep stages, and the sleep score.

827 **C.4.8.2 OCF-defined Optional Resource Types**

828 A sleep monitor measures the heartrate using the "oic.r.heartrate" Resource Type.

829 See Table C.2 for additional commonly used Resource Types that could be used here.

830 **C.4.9 Activity Tracker**

831 An Activity Tracker measures a user's activities. An Activity Tracker shows a user's current activity
832 type, accumulated step counts per day since the beginning of the day (or last reset), consumed
833 calories per day since the beginning of the day (or last reset), and alarm status.

834 Table C.17 describes the Device Type for an activity tracker. Table C.18 describes the Atomic
835 Measurement that is present in all instances of an activity tracker.

836 **Table C.17 – Healthcare device type of activity tracker**

Device Type (rt)	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.d.activitytracker	Activity Tracker Atomic Measurement	oic.r.activitytracker-am	M
	Clock	oic.r.clock	O
	Battery	oic.r.energy.battery	O
	Alarm	oic.r.alarm	O

837

838 **Table C.18 – Atomic measurement of activity tracker**

Atomic Measurement Resource Type Value	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.r.activitytracker-am	Activity	oic.r.activity	M
	Heartrate	oic.r.heartrate	O

839 **C.4.9.1 Required Resource Types**

840 An activity tracker shall expose "oic.r.activity" to report the activity of a person, and optionally the
841 number of steps per day or since last reset, plus the consumed calories per day or since last reset.

842 **C.4.9.2 OCF-defined Optional Resource Types**

843 An activity tracker manages the alarm status using the "oic.r.alarm" Resource Type.

844 An activity tracker measures heart rate using the "oic.r.heartrate" Resource Type.

845 An activity tracker measures time using the "oic.r.clock" Resource Type.
 846 An activity tracker measures battery status using the "oic.r.energy.battery" Resource Type.
 847 See Table C.2 for additional commonly used Resource Types that could be used here.

848

849 **C.4.10 CGM (Continuous Glucose Meter)**

850 A CGM is a device that measures the concentration of glucose in the blood, typically measured
 851 from interstitial fluid (ISF). The glucose concentration is available on a continual basis at a periodic
 852 interval from a sensor. Glucose, or blood sugar, is the human body's primary source of energy.
 853 Frequent measurements provided by a CGM give a patient greater insight as to the fluctuations in
 854 blood glucose levels throughout the day, and in turn, can reduce the risk of developing diabetic
 855 complications.

856 Table C.19 describes the Device Type for a CGM. Table C.20 describes the Atomic Measurement
 857 that is present in all instances of a CGM.

858 **Table C.19 – Healthcare device type of CGM**

Device Type (rt)	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.d.cgm	CGM Atomic Measurement	oic.r.cgm-am	M
	Glucose sample interval	oic.r.cgm.sample	M
	CGM Calibration	oic.r.cgm.calibrate	M
	CGM Threshold	oic.r.cgm.threshold	M
	CGM Status	oic.r.cgm.status	O
	Battery	oic.r.energy.battery	O

859

860 **Table C.20 – Atomic measurement of CGM**

Atomic Measurement Resource Type Value	Resource Type Name	Resource Type Value	Requirement level
oic.r.cgm-am	Glucose	oic.r.glucose	M
	CGM Sensor	oic.r.cgm.sensor	O

861 **C.4.10.1 Required Resource Types**

862 A CGM shall expose "oic.r.glucose" to report the blood glucose level in mg/dL or mmol/L.
 863 A CGM shall manage (RETRIEVE and UPDATE) the Glucose sample interval using the
 864 "oic.r.cgm.sample" Resource Type.

865 A CGM shall manage (RETRIEVE and UPDATE) CGM Calibration using the "oic.r.cgm.calibrate"
866 Resource Type.

867 A CGM shall manage (RETRIEVE and UPDATE) CGM Threshold using the "oic.r.cgm.threshold"
868 Resource Type.

869 **C.4.10.2 OCF-defined Optional Resource Types**

870 A CGM measures CGM sensor information using the "oic.r.cgm.sensor" Resource Type.

871 A CGM measures CGM Status using the "oic.r.cgm.status" Resource Type.

872 A CGM measures Battery using the "oic.r.energy.battery" Resource Type.

873 See Table C.2 for additional commonly used Resource Types that could be used here.

874 **Annex D**
875 (normative)

876 **Industrial device types**
877

878 **D.1 Operational scenarios**

879 The Optical RFID Tag and Optical RFID Station Resource Types describe the attributes associated
880 with an optical augmented RFID system of a smart factory environment for integrating the
881 observation and the actuation in production lines of plants.

882 Commercial observation is the real-time monitoring to collect broad series of data from each
883 product on the production line and machineries from the plant floor. This collected big data can be
884 sent to OCF cloud and/or manufacturer's internal OCF network where it is analysed and used to
885 estimate overall production flow, productivity and identify failure parts.

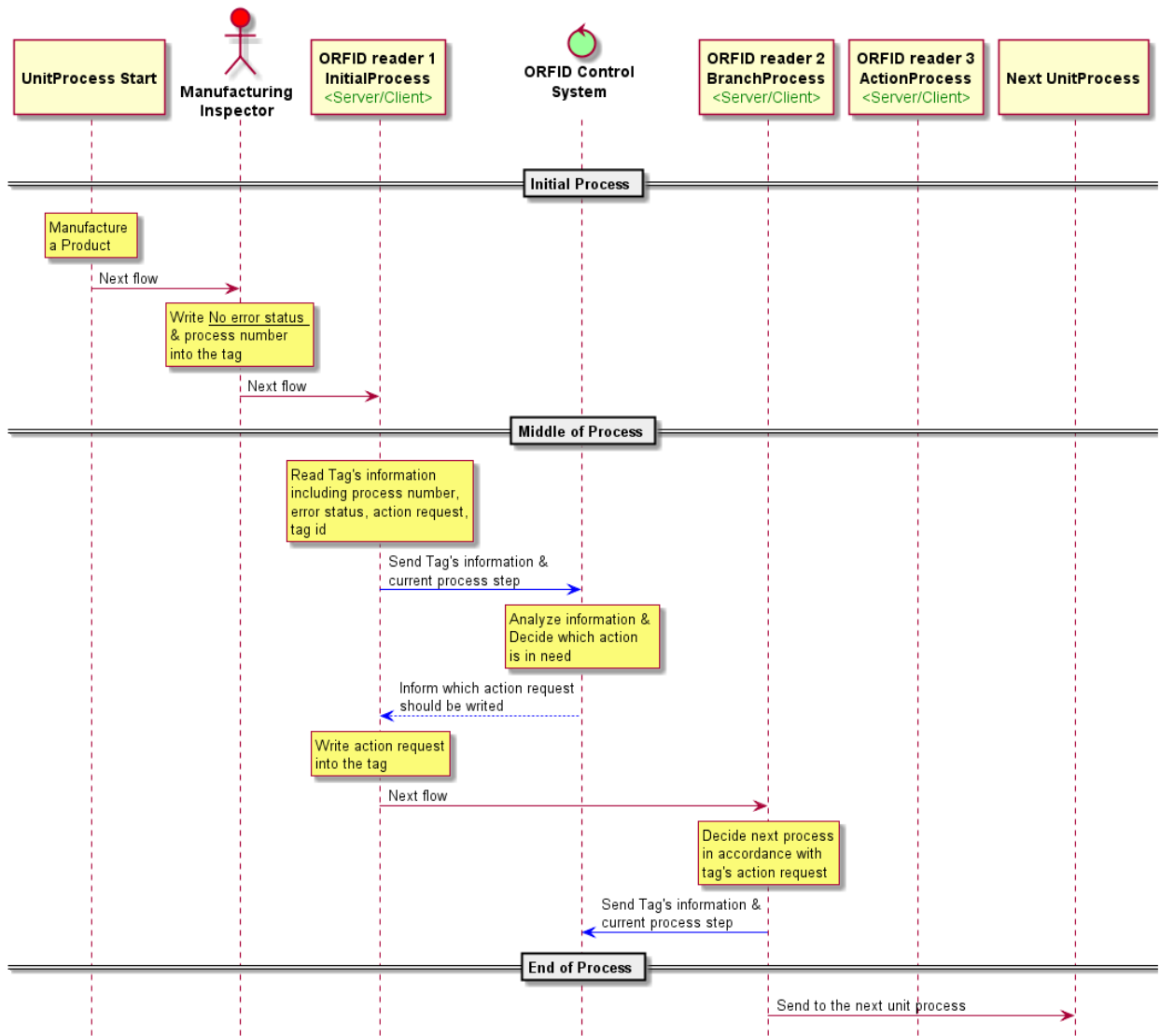
886 Commercial actuation is the real-time interaction to take actions on system failures such as
887 defected product's isolation, possibly sending the product into a repair line, alarming, such as
888 production line status, display panels and hazard issues such as fire and flood of the Commercial
889 environment by sending actuation requests to actuators directly and/or to client(s).

890 Optical augmented RFID reader and tag assist in production line control utilizing the OCF
891 ecosystem for smart factory environment. The optical augmented RFID reader is represented by
892 the RFID Station Resource Type, the tag by the RFID Tag Resource Type.

893 In the RFID Tag Resource Type the tagid is an integer showing the currently read optical
894 augmented RFID tag's identity information.

895 In the RFID Station Resource Type the process represents the stage of the product in the product
896 line which has an optical RFID tag on its body. Event is represented by a Boolean value set to
897 "True" or "False" alarming the issue when additional action is requested for the tagged product.
898 actionrequest represents necessary actions like the isolation of the product, to send the product
899 back to another specific line to modify or fix an issue.

900 Figure D.1 shows a normal, non-error case process flow in the smart factory. Blue arrow lines are
901 where OCF communication exists. ORFID tag ID is only readable to maintain consistent identity.



902

903

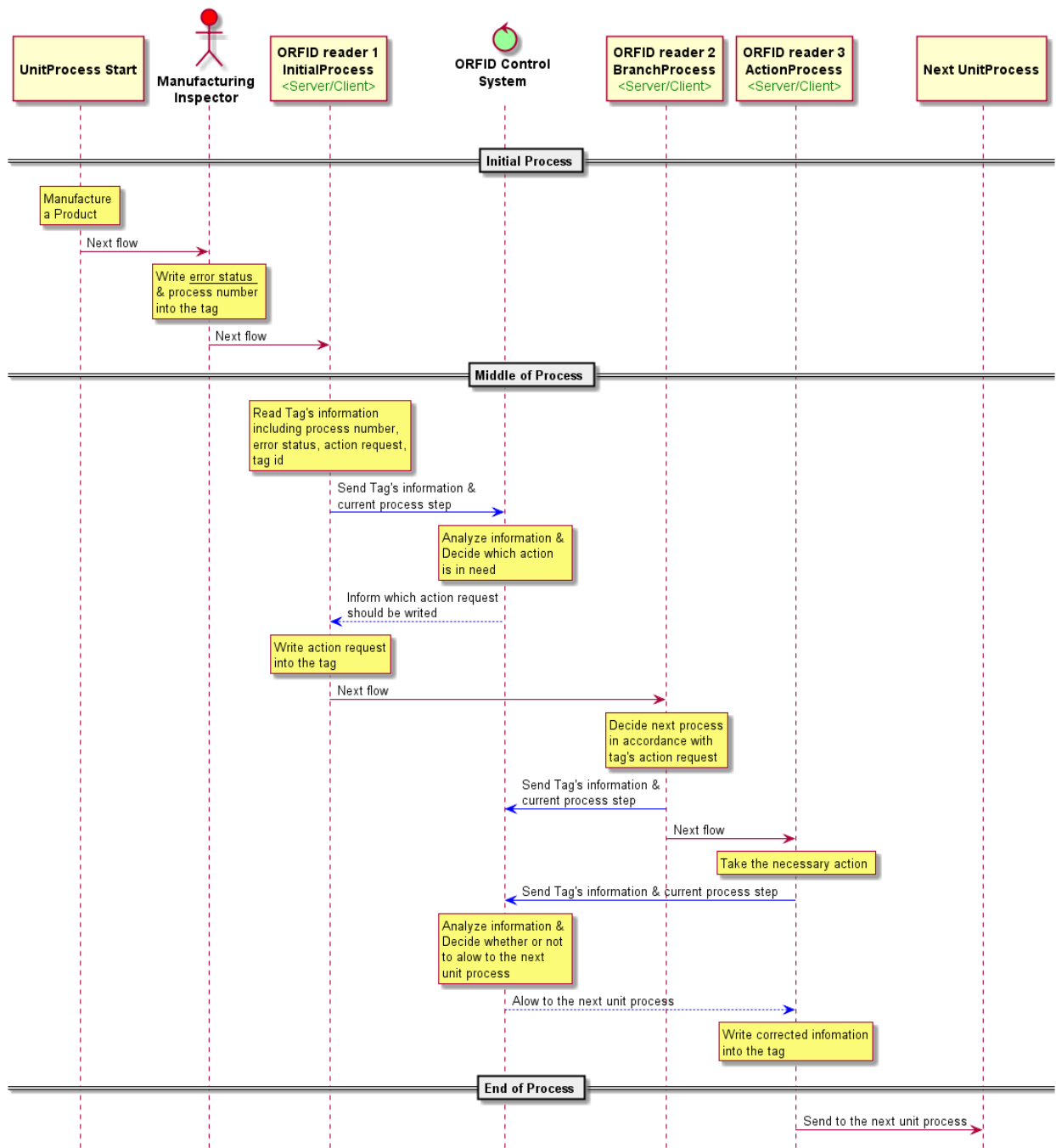
904

Figure D.1 – Normal process scheme of optical augmented RFID in smart factory environment

905

906

Figure D.2 shows product error control scheme in the smart factory. Blue arrow lines are where OCF communication exists. ORFID tag ID is only readable to maintain consistent identity.



907

908

909

Figure D.2 – Abnormal process scheme of optical augmented RFID in smart factory environment

910

911

912

913

914

Manufacturing Inspector writes "error status" and "process number" into the tag after manufacturing a product. ORFID reader1 reads Tag's information and sends the information including current process step to ORFID Control System. Then ORFID reader1 waits until ORFID Control System replies. When ORFID reader1 receives "action request" from ORFID Control System. ORFID reader1 writes "action request" into the tag.

915

916

917

ORFID reader2 located at the BranchProcess line decides next flow in accordance with tag's "action request" information then it sends Tag's information and current process step to ORFID Control System, and sends the product to the right flow.

918 If the product has an error, the product gets necessary action at ActionProcess line. Then ORFID
 919 reader3 sends repaired product's information. Then ORFID reader3 waits until ORFID Control
 920 System replies. When ORFID reader3 receives instruction from ORFID Control System for the next
 921 flow, ORFID reader3 sends the product according to instruction.

922 **D.2 Industrial required resources per device type**

923 Device Types may mandate that specific Resources be implemented. The required Resource per
 924 Device Type where mandated by the Industrial vertical is listed in Table B.1.

925 **Table D.1 – Alphabetical list of device types ("rt"), including required resources for**
 926 **Industrial**

Device Name (informative)	Device Type ("rt") (Normative)	Required Resource name	Required Resource Type
Optical augmented RFID Reader	oic.d.orfid	Optical RFID Tag	oic.r.orfid.tag
		Optical RFID Station	oic.r.orfid.station

927