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### **External Demands**

- Increased government awareness of cybersecurity issues (including DNS abuse) in the context of COVID19
- Jan 2021: Regulatory consultation on the development of a network-level blocking framework to limit botnet traffic and strengthen Canadians' online safety
- Bill C-11: Updates to Canadian privacy legislation



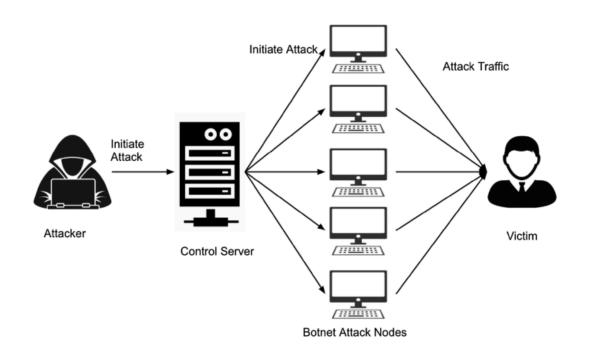
# Increased government awareness of cybersecurity issues (especially in the context of COVID19)

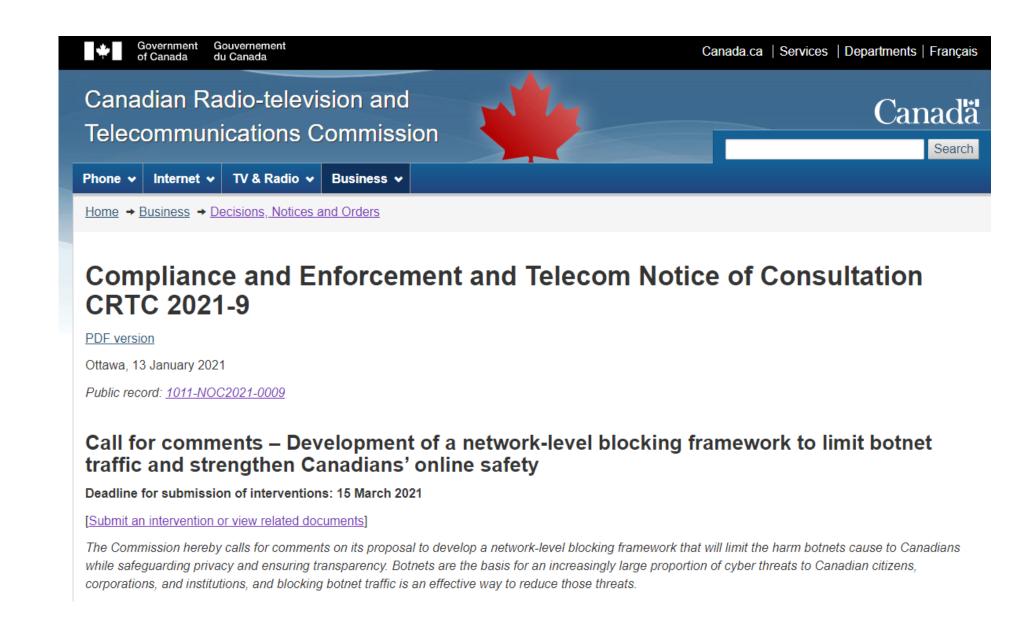
- Standing Committee on Science, Technology and Industry hearing on online fraud in May 2020
- Government announcements
  - Canadian Centre for Cyber Security created on October 1, 2018
  - National Cyber Security Strategy launched 2019
  - \$80 million dollars for cybersecurity in Budget 2021
  - Over 100,000 users of CIRA Canadian Shield since 2020 launch
- The Canadian Government's focus on cybersecurity has created opportunities for CIRA to lend its expertise through appearing at committee hearings and partnering with government agencies.



## **CRTC 2021-9: Compliance and Enforcement Telecom Notice of Consultation**

 In January 2021, the Canadian telecom and broadcasting regulator (CRTC) released a consultation on the development of a network-level blocking framework to limit botnet traffic and strengthen Canadians' online safety







# **CRTC 2021-9: Compliance and Enforcement and Telecom Notice of Consultation**

### CIRA submission

- This proceeding also isn't about whether ISPs should filter malicious traffic they already do. This is about subjecting that activity to independent oversight and a principled framework.
- CIRA submitted several proposals on how a narrowly tailored framework could permit ISPs to filter malicious traffic for network security with independent oversight and accountability.
- We argued that a blocking framework can only be implemented on a non-mandatory basis and any blocking framework must center the principles of transparency, non-discrimination, necessity and proportionality.
- A new framework needs to be laser-focused on technical threats that weaponize the network itself – like botnets or malware. It should not be used to block content or online speech.



## Bill C-11: Updates to Canadian privacy legislation

- Bill C-11, The Digital Charter Implementation Act, was introduced in Parliament in November 2020.
- It represented an overdue overhaul of Canadian privacy legislation to match the digital age.
- It still has a while to go before being ratified.



Canada's privacy bill

issues, critics say

Moira Warburton

3 minute read

inadequate to fix entrenched

