SPB Resiliency for Multipoint Connections

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Outline

- Resiliency approaches
- SPB restoration
- > Protection switching based on SPB
- > Fast re-route
- Summary

Resiliency Approaches

Protection switching

- Both the working and the protection are determined and set-up a priori
- OAM for connectivity monitoring
- Fault Management switches from the working path to the protection path in case of failure
- Challenge: keep congruency

Restoration

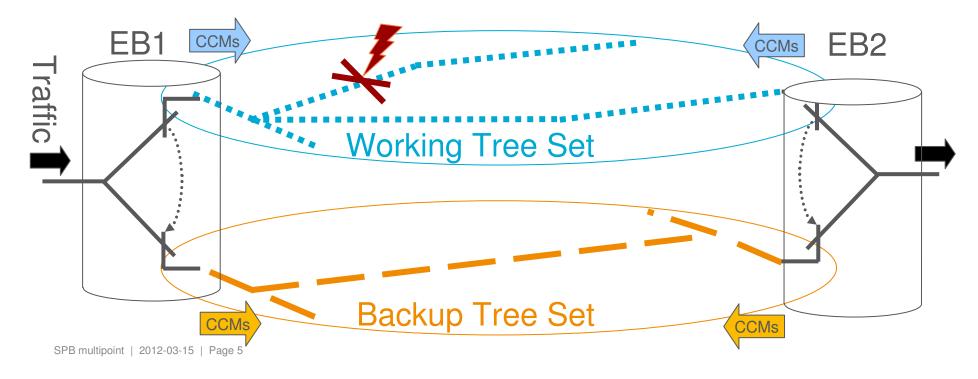
- Dynamic control protocol establishes the forwarding paths
- Failure is detected by the dynamic control protocol as a topology change
- Forwarding paths are updated according to the new topology by the dynamic control protocol

SPB Restoration

- > ISIS-SPB restores the forwarding paths after a failure
- Measured failover time
 - 34 ms for 12-node topology

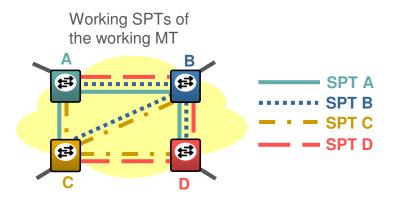
Protection Switching for Multipoint Connectivity Based on SPB

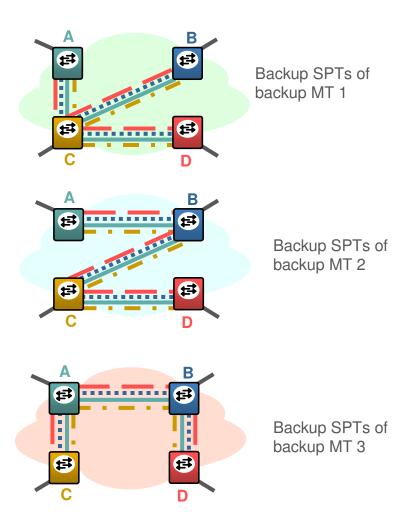
- IS-IS Multi Topology can be used set-up the working and the protection SPT Sets, which have distinct Base VIDs
- Protection switching between the Base VIDs in case of a failure



Example SPTs

- > Protection against
 - single link failure
 - single node failure





Fast Re-Route

- Local switching to safe alternate
 - Implemented by the Alternate Port of RSTP and MSTP
 - Implemented by Loop Free Alternate (LFA) in IP-FRR
- Challenge: keep congruency of SPTs

Summary

- > Failover time provided by ISIS-SPB may be satisfactory
- It is possible to implement protection switching for multipoint services based on SPB