

# I C A N N | 5 3 Buenos Aires

21-25 JUNE 2015





# Registry Outreach Contractual Compliance ICANN 53 | 25 June 2015

# Agenda

### ⊙ Brief Update Since ICANN 52

- ◎ Registry Agreement Lessons Learned Summary
- ⊙ Systems Update
- ⊙ Communicating with Contractual Compliance
- ⊙ Registry Metrics Update
- ⊙ SLA Monitoring Proposed Changes
- Questions & Answers

### Additional Slides Provided in Appendix:

- ⊙ Audit Update
- ⊙ RA Lessons Learned Guidelines
- Process Guidelines & Clarifications
- ⊙ Policy Efforts
- ⊙ Contractual Obligations Guidelines



## **RA Lessons Learned Summary**



#### **Abuse Contact Data** Required elements to be published



**Zone File Access Requirements (CZDS)** Reasons for denial of access



**Controlled Interruption (CI)** Complying with Name Collision Assessment Letter(s)



**Uniform Rapid Suspension (URS)** Complying with lock and suspension requirements



List of Registered Domain Names (LORDN) Clarifications on uploading LORDN files to the Trademark Database



# Systems updates since ICANN 52

### Improvements based upon community & contracted party feedback:

- Include ticket IDs and standardize subject headings for closure notices
- Provide auto confirmation email to all responses received by ICANN between 1st Inquiry/Notice and the closure notice
- Soft launch of registrar weekly report of open (and recently closed) tickets
- Email <u>Registrar@ICANN.org</u> to sign-up for the Compliance Weekly Report
- Add closure reason for complaint being closed for "ICANN issue"
- Ensure automated closure notices are sent to the proper contacts

### Other improvements:

- Integrate <u>compliance@icann.org</u> into complaint processing system
- Automate sending anonymous complaints by masking reporter information when requested
- Clarify and simplify wording in the communication templates
- Additional speed/automation improvements



# **Communicating With Contractual Compliance**

### **Tips for communicating with ICANN Contractual Compliance**

- Whitelist emails from icann.org
- Check that your mail servers are not blocking emails from ICANN
- **Reply to compliance** notices ASAP and state what you are doing
  - But no later than notice deadline
  - Early response allows for follow up and collaboration if insufficient
- Do not change the subject lines in any way when responding to compliance notices
- Make sure response + attachments are less than 4 MB size total



### Registry Metrics Update (January – May 2015)

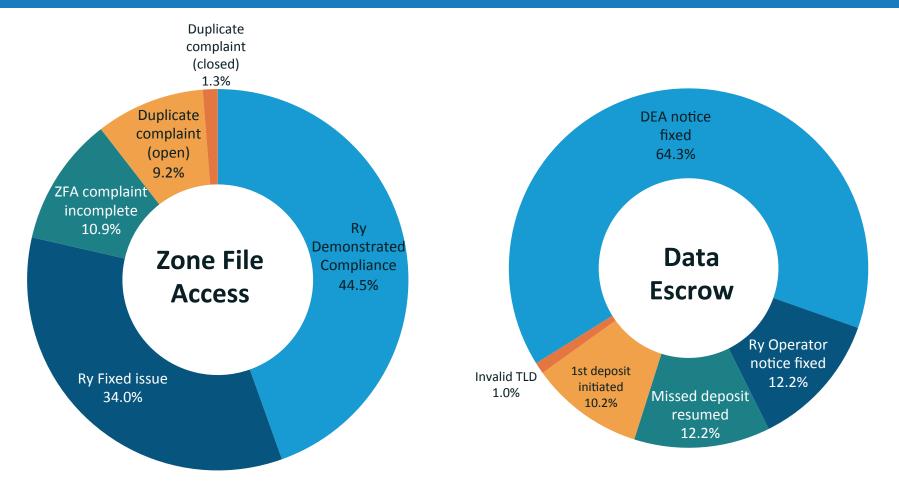
Registry Complaints	Quantity Received	Closed before 1st inquiry / notice	ICANN Issue
ZONE FILE ACCESS	312	70	0
REGISTRY DATA ESCROW	133	2	3
SLA	101	51	0
REGISTRY OTHER	73	41	1
RESERVED NAMES/CONTROLLED	61	33	0
CODE OF CONDUCT	56	8	0
REGISTRY FEES	51	1	0
MONTHLY REPORT	33	2	0
ABUSE CONTACT DATA	24	8	0
BRDA	23	1	0
URS	20	15	0
BULK ZFA	15	1	1
RR-DRP	9	10	0
РІС	7	7	0
SUNRISE	7	6	0
MISCONDUCT	1	0	0
CLAIMS SERVICES	1	1	0
BANKRUPTCY	0	2	0
Total	927	259	5

Formal Notices	Volume
Volume Breach	0
Volume Non-Renewal	0
Volume Suspension	0
Volume Termination	0

Registry Turn Around Time	
(TAT)	(in days)
Avg TAT 1st Notice	6.4
Avg TAT 2nd Notice	6.1
Avg TAT 3rd Notice	8.0

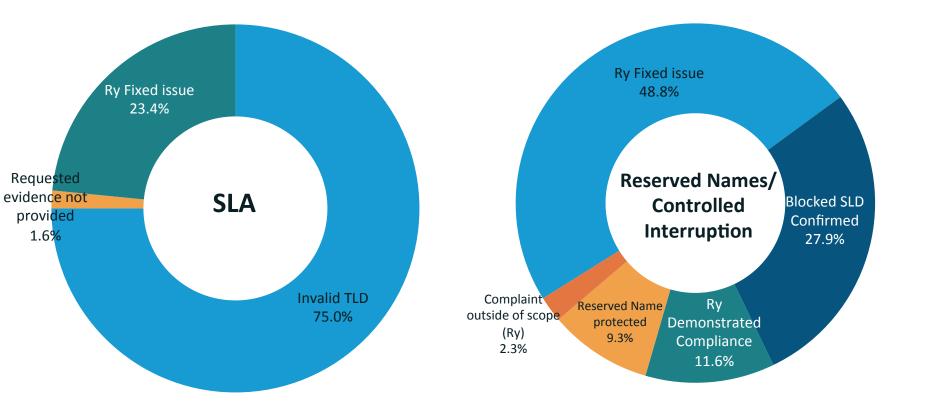


# Registry Complaint Types & Top Closure Reasons (January – May 2015)



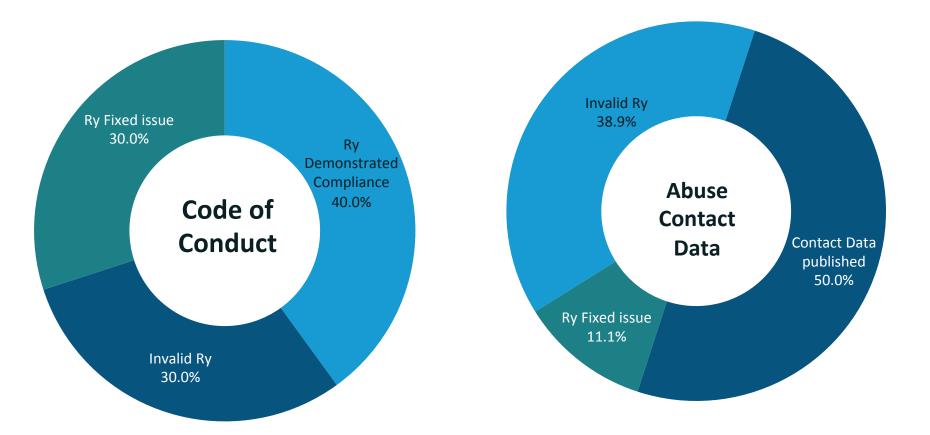


# Registry Complaint Types & Top Closure Reasons (January – May 2015)





# Registry Complaint Types & Top Closure Reasons (January – May 2015)





# **SLA Monitoring Proposed Changes**

# Updates to SLA Monitoring Communications

#### Specification 10 of the Registry Agreement – EBERO Thresholds

- <u>Currently:</u> ICANN's SLA Monitoring system sends automated alerts to Registry Operators when certain thresholds are met
  - Registry Operators have been non-responsive/slow to respond
- <u>Proposed:</u> Additional communications sent to Registry Operators and Registry Service Providers that require acknowledgement
  - O SLA Monitoring alerts: emails and calls to Registry Operators and Registry Service Providers at initial alert and 10%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100% of threshold
  - Compliance notices: escalated notice initially and breach notice at 100% of emergency threshold to Registry Operators



# SLA Monitoring Communications: DNS-DNSSEC

Trigger:	Communication type:	Means:	To RO Contacts:
Initial incident	Compliance Escalated Notice	Auto Email + Efax + Call	<u>Email</u> : Primary, Legal, Compliance, Technical, 3 Emergency contacts <u>Efax</u> : Compliance contact <u>Call</u> : Compliance contact
10%, 25%, 50% & 75%	Tech Svcs SLA Monitoring Alert	Auto Email + Auto Call	<u>Email</u> : Primary, Legal, Compliance, Technical, 3 Emergency contacts <u>Call</u> : Any of 3 Emergency contacts
100%	Tech Svcs SLA Monitoring Alert	Auto Email + Auto Call	Email: Technical, 3 Emergency contacts Call: Any of 3 Emergency contacts
100%	Compliance Breach Notice (upon validation)	Email + Efax + Courier + Web	<u>Email</u> : Primary, Legal, Compliance contacts <u>Efax</u> : Legal contact <u>Courier</u> : Legal contact <u>Web</u> : Breach published on icann.org



# SLA Monitoring Communications: RDDS

Trigger:	Communication type:	Means:	To RO Contacts:
10%	Tech Svcs SLA Monitoring Alert Compliance Inquiry Notice	Auto Email + Auto Call Auto Email	<u>SLA Email</u> : Technical, 3 Emergency contacts <u>SLA Call</u> : Any of 3 Emergency contacts <u>Compliance Email</u> : Primary, Legal, Compliance contacts
25% & 50%	Tech Svcs SLA Monitoring Alert	Auto Email + Auto Call	<u>Email</u> : Primary, Legal, Compliance, Technical, 3 Emergency contacts <u>Call</u> : Any of 3 Emergency contacts
75%	Tech Svcs SLA Monitoring Alert	Auto Email + Auto Call	Email: Technical, 3 Emergency contacts Call: Any of 3 Emergency contacts
75%	Compliance Breach Notice (upon validation)	Auto Email + Efax + Courier + Web	<u>Email</u> : Primary, Legal, Compliance contacts <u>Efax</u> : Legal contact <u>Courier</u> : Legal contact <u>Web</u> : Breach published on icann.org
100%	Tech Svcs SLA Monitoring Alert	Auto Email + Auto Call	Email: Primary, Legal, Compliance, Technical, 3 Emergency contacts <u>Call</u> : Any of 3 Emergency contacts



## **Questions & Answers**



Send compliance questions <u>To</u>: compliance@icann.org

Subject line: ICANN 53 Registry Outreach Session

#### The ICANN 53 presentations are available at:

- The outreach page at this link <u>https://www.icann.org/resources/compliance/outreach</u>
- The ICANN 53 Schedule page at this link <u>http://buenosaires53.icann.org/en/schedule-full</u> for access to meeting objective, audio and material by meeting.



# Appendix

Audit Activities Update RA Lessons Learned Guidelines Policy Update Process Guidelines & Clarifications Contractual Obligations Guidelines

## Audit Activities since ICANN 52

### New Registry Agreement Audit Program

- Launched another round in March 2015
- 11 Registries selected
- Scheduled to complete July 2015
- The audit report will be published in September 2015

### What's Next?

• Preparing for 2013 RAA and future rounds of the new RA audits

Link to the ICANN Contractual Compliance Audit Page: <u>https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/audits-2012-02-25-en</u>



## New Registry Agreement – March 2015 Audit

- Sample of 11 new gTLD Registry Operators selected for audit
- March 2015 RA Audit Outreach presentation can be found at this link: <u>https://www.icann.org/resources/compliance/outreach</u>



# New Registry Audit – Preliminary Results

Issue	Importance
Variances or missing data in Data Escrow file vs. DNS vs. BRDA vs. zone file	Correct processing and maintenance of registration data is required for restorability and to protect consumers
Monthly reports: number of domains incorrectly reported	Inaccurate domain counts may result in incorrect reporting to public and over or underpayment of fees
Abuse contact data: missing or incorrect	Abuse contact data serves the community's needs to report abuse
Orphan Glue Records: orphan glue records found in zone file	Orphan glue records are prone to be used for malicious purposes.
Registry-Registrar Agreements: required abuse provision missing	Contract language regarding abuse informs the community and promotes security



# New Registry Audit – Preliminary Results

lssue	Importance
Business Continuity Plan does not exist or is not tested	To ensure that Registry operations will continue in case of failure of the main Registry system.
Instances of trademarked domains (covered labels) not included in LORDN file	Trademark owners are not informed about their trademark being registered
Registry stated that it will use only TMCH certified Registrars; but some weren't certified	To ensure non-preferential treatment of Registrars
Security threats: technical analysis not performed	Technical analysis and threat handling procedures essential to identifying and addressing threats efficiently



	Registry Agreement Clause	Audit Objective / Community Value			
	GENERAL REPRESENTATIONS AND COMPLIANCE WITH POLICIES				
1	Article 1.3 Representations and Warranties. 1.3 (a) ii.	To confirm that Registry Operator is still in good standing since application process.			
2	Article 2.2 Compliance with Consensus Policies and Temporary Policies	To obtain an assurance that Registries are complying with applicable Consensus Policies – UDRP; Registry Services Evaluation Policy and Added Grace Period			
	DATA ESCROW SPECIFICATIONS COMPLIANCE				
3	Article 2.3 Data Escrow; Specification 2	To confirm that content of the escrow deposits are per the contract and Registries are in good standing with DEAs.			



	Registry Agreement Clause	Audit Objective / Community Value	
	COMPLIANCE WITH POLICIES & SPECIFICATIONS		
4	Article 2.4 Monthly Reporting; Specification 3	To confirm the monthly Per-Registrar Transactions Report accurately represents the number of active domains.	
5	Article 2.5 Publication of Registration Data (Whois); Specification 4	To confirm compliance with Specification 4 (specifically Sections 1.4 – 1.7).	
6	Article 2.6 Reserved Names; Specification 5	To confirm that Names that Registry Operators are obligated to reserve are actually reserved.	
7	Article 2.6 Specification 6. Name Collision Occurrence Assessment (Blocked Second Level Domain Names)	To confirm that names that Registry Operators are obligated to block are actually blocked.	



	Registry Agreement Clause	Audit objective / Community value	
	COMPLIANCE WITH POLICIES & SPECIFICATIONS		
8	Article 2.7 Registry Interoperability and Continuity; Specification 6	To confirm that Registry Operators have BCP (Business Continuity Plan) and it includes key provisions. To confirm that Registry Operator addresses orphan glue records appropriately (according to Spec 6, 4.2).	
9	Article 2.7 Specification 6, 1.5 IPv6	To confirm that Registry Operator is able to accept IPv6 addresses.	
10	0 0	To confirm that Registry Operator implemented and adhered to the rights protection mechanisms ("RPMs") specified in Specification 7.	



	Registry Agreement Clause	Audit objective / Community value	
	COMPLIANCE WITH POLICIES & SPECIFICATIONS		
11	2.14 Registry Code of Conduct; Specification 9 Parts A, B, D	To confirm compliance with Code of Conduct.	
12	Article 2.17 Additional Public Interest Commitments; Specification 11	To confirm that Registry Operator complies with its public interest commitments as incorporated into Specification 11 of the Registry Agreement.	
13	Article 2.19 Community- Based TLDs Obligations of Registry Operator to TLD Community; Specification 12	To confirm that Registry has a written Registration Policy and complied with it.	
14	Specification 13. BRAND TLD PROVISIONS; 5.1 (ii)	To confirm that only Registry Operator, its Affiliates, or Trademark Licensees register domain names and control the DNS records associated with domain names at any level in the TLD.	



# Registry Agreement Lessons Learned Guidelines

### 1. Abuse Contact Data

### Required Elements to be Published & Guidance under Specification 6

- Email address, mailing address and primary contact (may be role-based)
- On TLD's webpage referencing abuse reports: ensure valid email address, postal address and primary contact
  - Many TLDs are publishing email address, but missing postal address and primary contact for reports by postal mail
- Links to abuse reporting forms ok, but forms must be *in addition to* publishing email address
- Must be evident that abuse reports may be sent to the general postal address being displayed, if used for abuse reporting



# 2. Zone File Access Requirements (CZDS)

### Replying to Requests & Reasons for Denial under Specification 4

- Agreement is not explicit on when TLD must reply to requests for zone file access
  - Be reasonable, open and transparent
  - Establish, publish and adhere to policy that informs end-users by when they should reasonably expect a response
  - ICANN inquiry forwards user complaints about pending requests
- Three reasons for denying access under Specification 4:
  - Failure to satisfy credentialing requirements of Section 2.1.2
  - Incorrect or illegitimate credentialing requirements of Section 2.1.2



# 3. Name Collision, Controlled Interruption

### Complying with Assessment Letter(s) and Approved CI Methodologies

- Ensure compliance with Wildcarded Controlled Interruption or Wildcarded Second Level Domain (SLD) Controlled Interruption
  - ⊙ 4 Aug 2014 Assessment letter
  - ⊙ 12 Sep 2014 SLD Variations Letter
- Ensure zone files are available for ICANN review
- Ensure no SLDs on the SLD Block List are delegated
- Remove Pre-Delegation Testing (PDT) domains from zone file



# 3. Name Collision, Controlled Interruption (CI)

#### TLDs delegated on or after 18 Aug 2014

- No activation of names (other than nic.tld ) for 90 days after delegation
- The TLD chooses when to start Controlled Interruption
- Implement CI per Section 1 of Name-Collision Occurrence Assessment (the "Assessment")

# TLDs delegated before 18 Aug 2014 and names activated other than nic.tld

- The TLD chooses when to start CI; meanwhile, blocking SLDs on Alternate Path to Delegation (APD) List
- Once CI starts, implement per Section II of Assessment and 12 Sep 2014 SLD Controlled Interruption Variations
- After CI period ends, may release APD List per Section II (c) of Assessment

# TLDs delegated on or after 18 Aug 2014 and no names activated, other than nic.tld

- The TLD chooses when to start Controlled Interruption
- Choose whether to follow Section I or II of the Assessment
- Implement CI per the chosen section of the Assessment



# 4. Uniform Rapid Suspension (URS)

### Complying with lock and suspension requirements

- Within 24 hours of receiving notice of complaint from URS provider, Registry Operators must lock the domain
  - Restrict all changes to registration data including transfer and deletion
- Registry Operator must notify the URS provider immediately upon lock
- Upon receipt of determination, Registry Operator immediately suspends name and redirects nameservers to Provider' informational URS site
  - Whois shall reflect the name is not able to be transferred, deleted or modified for the life of the registration
- Lock, suspension and notification requirements must be met regardless of weekends, holidays or other absences



# 5. List of Registered Domain Names (LORDN)

#### Clarifications on submitting LORDN files to the Trademark Database (TMDB)

- TMCH Functional Specification requires LORDN files to be submitted to TMDB within 26 hours of effective allocation for Sunrise and Claims registrations
- LORDN files required for all Claims period registrations, including those occurring in Claims periods reopened by TLD a Claims period
- TMDB Claims period clock begins at 00:00 UTC and ends at 23:59 UTC
  - If TLD starts/stops Claims period at alternative times, it may receive inquiries for missing Claims notices from trademark holders



# **Policy Efforts and Updates**

# Policy and Working Group Efforts

### Actively contributing to the following Working Groups

- Public Interest Commitments Security Framework
- Registration Data Directory Service
  - Effective 31 January 2016: Advisory on Whois Clarifications & Additional Whois Information Policy (AWIP)



# **Process Guidelines and Clarifications**

# **Informal Resolution Process Guidelines**

### Notice

- Sent regarding an alleged area of noncompliance
- Proactive compliance monitoring (if above applies)
- Complaint from third party (upon validation)

<u>Note:</u> Subject line will indicate whether Notice or Inquiry

### Inquiry

- Information gathering is required
- No known compliance violation
- Proactive compliance monitoring effort (if above applies)

<u>Note:</u> Non-response to Inquiry may result in a Notice

**Escalated compliance notices** apply to compliance matters that:

- Require immediate resolution
- Are a repeat of a matter that was claimed to be previously cured
- Are grounds for termination (e.g., insolvency, conviction, stability issue)

VS



## Informal Resolution Process – Clarifications

- Deadlines are generated on UTC time
- Due dates advance at 00:00 UTC
- Staff processing across 3 global hubs
  - Notices or inquiries sent on same day may have different deadlines



### Informal Resolution Process – Clarifications

NOTE: Early response allows for follow up and collaboration

- ICANN will generally send a follow up for:
  - Insufficient response received before due date and time remains
  - Insufficient response received early and ICANN review/response past due date
  - Extension requested by contracted party by due date (with reason)
  - Clarification requested by contracted party before due date
- ICANN will advance to next phase for:
  - No response from contracted party
  - Insufficient response received near or on due date



### Informal Resolution Process – Contacts

ICANN staff uses various contacts in the informal resolution process

- <u>Registrars:</u> 1-2-3 notices sent to designated email contacts depending on complaint type; primary contact is also copied on 3rd notice and sent 3rd notice fax
- <u>Registries:</u> 1-2-3 notices and 3rd notice fax sent to compliance contact; primary contact and legal notice contact also copied on 3rd notice
- Reminder calls are made to contracted parties after 2nd and 3rd notices (if response is insufficient)
  - Primary contact for registrars and compliance contact for registries
  - Telephone numbers are encouraged to be direct lines (rather than general customer service lines), with voicemail



# **Contractual Obligations Guidelines**

### **Registry Program Scope**

- The <u>Registry Agreement</u> and applicable <u>Consensus Policies</u>
- The Dispute Resolution Procedures
  - Public Interest Commitments
  - Community Registration Restrictions
  - Trademark Post-Delegation
  - Uniform Rapid Suspension
- The Sunrise Processes
- The Claims Services Processes
- The Audit is limited to the representations and warranties in Article 1, and the covenants in Article 2



### Selected Obligations Due Upon Signing of the RA

- Comply with <u>Temporary & Consensus Policies</u>, as applicable (Spec 1)
- <u>Reserve Special Domain Names (Spec 5)</u>
- Meet Interoperability/Continuity Standards(Spec 6)
- Implement <u>Rights Protection Mechanisms</u> (Spec 7)
- Maintain <u>Continued Operations Instrument</u> (Spec 8)
- Comply with <u>Code of Conduct</u> (Spec 9)
- Comply with <u>Public Interest Commitments</u> (Spec 11)
- Implement <u>Community Registration Policies</u>, as applicable (Spec 12)
- Pay <u>Registry RPM Access Fees</u> (Article 6)
- Comply with Name-Collision Occurrence Assessment



### Selected Obligations Due Upon Delegation

• Ensure Daily Escrow Deposits are made and that

<u>Escrow Agent delivers daily verification notifications</u> (Spec 2) & Registry notifies ICANN

- Submit <u>Monthly Reports</u> (Spec 3)
- Operate a <u>WHOIS service & web-based RDDS</u> per Spec 4
- Grant access to ICANN of daily <u>Zone File</u> (Spec 4, Section 2.3)
- Grant access to ICANN of weekly <u>Thin Registration Data</u> (Spec 4, Section 3)
- Maintain <u>Registry Performance</u> (Spec 10)



### Comply with Temporary & Consensus Policies

- Consensus Policies are developed by the community and adopted by the ICANN Board
- Temporary Policies are ICANN Board-established specifications or policies necessary to maintain stability or security of Registrar Services, Registry Services, DNS or Internet



### **Reserved Names**

#### Article 2.6 & Specification 5 of the Registry Agreement

- In part for Registry Operations and Marketing
- Other Requirements
  - Two-character labels at the second level (unless otherwise approved by ICANN)
  - Names on the list of Inter-governmental organizations (IGO), at the second level
  - Names on the list of International Olympic Committee, International Red Cross & Red Crescent, at the second level
  - Country and Territory names at all levels (and IDN variants as applicable)



#### Registry Interoperability & Continuity Specifications

#### Specification 6 of the Registry Agreement

- Compliance with Standards: DNS, EPP, DNSSEC, IDN, IPv6, IDN Tables
  - Comply with relevant Request For Comments (RFC)
  - Sign the TLD zone files implementing Domain Name System Security Extensions ("DNSSEC") sign its TLD zone files implementing Domain Name System Security Extensions
  - Comply with the ICANN IDN Guidelines
  - Accept IPv6 addresses as glue records in its Registry System and publish them in the DNS
- $\odot$  Comply with Approved Registry Services & Wildcard Prohibition
- Establish a Business Continuity Plan & Conduct Annual Testing
- Publish Abuse Contact Data & Establish Process for Malicious Use of Orphan Glue Records
- Requirements about Initial & Renewal Registrations
- Comply with Name Collision Occurrence Management



### TMCH Rights Protection Mechanisms (RPM)

#### Specification 7 of the Registry Agreement

- Comply with Trademark Clearinghouse Rights Protection Mechanisms Requirements
- Comply with all dispute resolution procedures
  - Uniform Rapid Suspension
    - Lock domain within 24 hours of notice by URS provider and perform actions required upon notification of URS decision
  - <u>Registry Restriction Procedure and Trademark-Post Delegation</u> <u>Procedure</u>
    - Perform remedial actions if reporter of dispute prevails



## Improper Allocation / Earmarking

#### Trademark Clearinghouse RPM Requirements Sections 2.1.1 & 2.2.4

- Definition: to "Allocate" is to "designate, assign, or otherwise earmark" a Domain Name
- Subject to exceptions, Registry Operator cannot Allocate name to registrant that is not a Sunrise-eligible rights holder prior to Allocation or registrations of all Sunrise-Registrations
- Improper Allocation occurs regardless of sunrise preemption or whether the earmarked name was converted to a registration



### **Uniform Rapid Suspension**

#### Specification 7 of the Registry Agreement

- Registry must lock domain in dispute under URS within 24 hours of receipt of Notice of Lock from URS Provider
  - If URS Provider submits complaint to ICANN, 1-2-3 expedited notices (24 hours each) to registry operator
- Registry must perform steps in Section 10.2 of URS procedure upon receipt of URS Determination in favor of complainant
  - ICANN enforces based on report by complainant that prevailed



#### **Registration Restriction Dispute Resolution Procedure**

#### Specification 7 of the Registry Agreement

- Comply with community registration policies per Article 2.19 and Specification 12
- O ICANN conducts preliminary review of complaint to ensure it is complete, has claim of non-compliance with at least one registration restriction and that reporter is in good standing
- If report passes initial review, complaint is sent to Registry Operator; if dispute remains unsettled reporter may file complaint with approved Service Provider



### Continued Operations Instrument (COI)

#### Specification 8 of the Registry Agreement

- O COI for sufficient financial coverage of critical registry functions of Section 6 of Specification 10 (EBERO Thresholds)
  - 6 years from effective date of Registry Agreement
  - If terminated or not renewed, required to obtain replacement COI
- No amendment without ICANN approval
- Subject to review and/or audit to determine sufficiency based on number of domains under management
  - EBERO agreement fee table provides guidance



### COI Guidance – EBERO Agreement Fee Table

#### https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/ebero-2013-04-02-en

DUM	EB	ERO Fee	DUM	EBERO Fee	DUM	EBERO Fee		DUM	EBERO Fee			DUM	EE	EBERO Fee	
1	\$	18,000													
500	\$	18,000	30,500	47,826	60,500	92,016		90,500	\$	128,016		120,500	\$	154,496	
1,000	\$	18,000	31,000	48,636	61,000	92,616		91,000	\$	128,616		121,000	\$	154,864	
1,500	\$	18,000	31,500	49,446	61,500	93,216		91,500	\$	129,216		121,500	\$	155,231	
2,000	\$	18,000	32,000	50,256	62,000	93,816		92,000	\$	129,816		122,000	\$	155,599	
2,500	\$	18,000	32,500	51,066	62,500	94,416		92,500	\$	130,416		122,500	\$	155,967	
3,000	\$	18,000	33,000	51,876	63,000	95,016		93,000	\$	131,016		123,000	\$	156,335	
3,500	\$	18,000	33,500	52,686	63,500	95,616		93,500	\$	131,616		123,500	\$	156,703	
4,000	\$	18,000	34,000	53,486	64,000	96,216		94,000	\$	132,216		124,000	\$	157,070	
4,500	\$	18,000	34,500	54,306	64,500	96,816		94,500	\$	132,816		124,500	\$	157,438	
5,000	\$	18,000	35,000	55,116	65,000	97,416		95,000	\$	133,416		125,000	\$	157,806	
5,500	\$	18,000	35,500	55,926	65,500	98,016	Π	95,500	\$	134,016		125,500	\$	158,174	
6,000	\$	18,000	36,000	56,736	66,000	98,616		96,000	\$	134,616		126,000	\$	158,542	
6,500	\$	18,000	36,500	57,546	66,500	99,216		96,500	\$	135,216		126,500	\$	158,909	
7,000	\$	18,000	37,000	58,356	67,000	99,816		97,000	\$	135,816		127,000	\$	159,277	
7,500	\$	18,000	37,500	59,166	67,500	100,416		97,500	\$	136,416		127,500	\$	159,645	
8,000	\$	18,000	38,000	59,976	68,000	101,016		98,000	\$	137,016		128,000	\$	160,013	
8,500	\$	18,000	38,500	60,786	68,500	101,616		98,500	\$	137,616		128,500	\$	160,381	
9,000	\$	18,000	39,000	61,596	69,000	102,216		99,000	\$	138,216		129,000	\$	160,748	
9,500	\$	18,000	39,500	62,406	69,500	102,816	Π	99,500	\$	138,816		129,500	\$	161,116	
10,000	\$	18,000	40,000	63,216	70,000	103,416		100,000	\$	139,416		130,000	\$	161,484	
10,500	\$	18,697	40,500	64,026	70,500	104,016		100,500	\$	139,784		130,500	\$	161,852	
11,000	\$	19,394	41,000	64,836	71,000	104,616		101,000	\$	140,152		131,000	\$	162,220	
11,500	\$	20,092	41,500	65,646	71,500	105,216		101,500	\$	140,519		131,500	\$	162,587	
12,000	\$	20,789	42,000	66,456	72,000	105,816	Π	102,000	\$	140,887		132,000	\$	162,955	
12,500	\$	21,486	42,500	67,266	72,500	106,416	Π	102,500	\$	141,255		132,500	\$	163,323	
13,000	\$	22,183	43,000	67,860	73,000	107,016		103,000	\$	141,623		133,000	\$	163,691	
13,500	\$	22,880	43,500	68,886	73,500	107,616		103,500	\$	141,991		133,500	\$	164,059	
14,000	\$	23,578	44,000	69,696	74,000	108,216		104,000	\$	142,358		134,000	\$	164,426	
14,500	\$	24,275	44,500	70,506	74,500	108,816		104,500	\$	142,726		134,500	\$	164,794	
15,000	\$	24,972	45,000	71,316	75,000	109,416		105,000	\$	143,094		135,000	\$	165,162	
15,500	\$	25,669	45,500	72,126	75,500	110,016		105,500	\$	143,462		135,500	\$	165,530	
16,000	\$	26,366	46,000	72,936	76,000	110,616		106,000	\$	143,830		136,000	\$	165,898	
16,500	\$	27,064	46,500	73,746	76,500		Π	106,500	\$	144,197		136,500	\$	166,265	
17,000	¢	27 761	47 000	7/ 556	77 000	111 916		107 000	ć	144 565		137 000	ć	166 633	

#### EXHIBIT D-1 Standard Emergency Event Fee Table



### Code of Conduct

#### Specification 9 of the Registry Agreement

- Provide registrars equal access to Registry Services
- ⊙ No front-running
- Requirements for Registry Operators with cross-ownership
  - Must prevent unauthorized disclosures of Personal Data by Affiliated Registrar
  - By 20 January of each year: submit Code of Conduct Certification to ICANN signed by TLD Executive and with results of review
  - Separate legal entities and separate accounting books



### Public Interest Commitments

#### Specification 11 of the Registry Agreement

- Comply with mandatory and voluntary (as applicable) commitments
- ICANN compliance can enforce PICs regardless of whether a PIC-DRP is filed.
- PIC-DRP: ICANN conducts preliminary review of complaint to ensure it is complete, has a claim of non-compliance with at least one commitment, and that reporter is in good standing
- Registry and reporter have 30 days to resolve dispute; if unsettled ICANN investigates or defers to Standing Panel
- Standing panel has 15 days to return a decision to ICANN
- If reporter prevails ICANN sends notice of breach to Registry Operator and it has 30 days to cure



### **Annual Certifications**

#### Clarifications

- <u>Who Executes the Certification</u>
  - "an executive officer of the Registry Operator"
- What to Submit
  - Certification of Continued Compliance with Specification 13 Status
  - Certification of Continued Compliance with Exemption Status
  - Specification 9 Code of Conduct
    - If vertically integrated and no Specification 13 or Exemption Status granted



### **Community Registration Policies**

#### Specification 12 of the Registry Agreement

- Criteria for eligibility to register names
- Methods for validating Community eligibility
- Required to be member of specified Community
- Procedures for resolution of disputes concerning compliance with TLD registration policies



### Data Escrow

#### Specification 2 of the Registry Agreement

- Daily deposits by the Registry Operator
  - Sunday: full deposits to Data Escrow Agent by 23:59 UTC
    Full deposit consists of entire set of registry database objects as defined
  - Monday-Saturday: differential deposits by 23:59 UTC (or full deposit)
    Differential deposit includes all registry database objects that have been created, deleted or updated since previous full or differential deposit
- Registry Operator must ensure that Data Escrow Agent sends daily status notifications to ICANN per Section 7, Part B
- Registry Operators also sends daily notification of deposit to ICANN per Section 7, Part A



### **Monthly Reports**

#### Specification 3 of the Registry Agreement

- Two reports are required
  - Registry Functions Activity
  - Per Registrar Transaction Report
- Registry Operator must provide one set per TLD, using API described in draft–lozano-icann-registry-interfaces, see Specification 2, Part A, Section 9, reference 5
- Reports are required to be uploaded by 20th day of month for any prior month TLD is delegated
  - Even if TLD is delegated on last day of the month (e.g., TLD delegated 31 May, May reports must be uploaded by 20 June)



#### WHOIS Service & RDDS

#### Specification 4, Section 1 of the Registry Agreement

- Operate a Whois service
- Operate a web-based Registration Data Directory Service
- 31 January 2016 effective date for both Additional Whois Information Policy (AWIP) and Whois Advisory has been announced (<u>https://www.icann.org/news/announcement-2015-04-27-en</u>)



### Zone File Access

#### Specification 4, Section 2 of the Registry Agreement

- Must provide to ICANN, bulk access to the zone files by 00:00:00 UTC
- Must provide zone data to end users who request it through the Centralized Zone Data Service (CZDS)



### Weekly Access to Thin Registration Data

Specification 4, Section 3 of the Registry Agreement

 Must provide to ICANN, bulk access on the day of the week specified by ICANN during onboarding via the Onboarding Information Request (ONBIR)



### Maintain Registry Performance

#### Specification 10 of the Registry Agreement

- Meet the service level outlined in the Service Level Agreement matrix of Specification 10
- $\odot\,$  Maintain records for a period of at least one year



#### Article 6 of the Registry Agreement

- Fees payable to ICANN are outlined in Article 6 of the Registry Agreement
- Invoiced to Registry Operator by ICANN Accounting department
- When fees are 30+ days past due and ICANN Accounting has exhausted attempts to obtain payment, past due fees are referred to ICANN Compliance
- Upon receipt of an ICANN Compliance fees notice:
  - Respond to the Compliance notice by due date (whether payment has been made)
  - Make payment to ICANN Accounting

